THE COURIER-JOURNAL "OWL" TRAIN OVER SOUTHERN RAILWAY
Lv. Louisville (4th-St. Crossing) Daily .....3:30 a. m.
Ar. Jeffersontown...*3:49 a. m.
Fisherville .. ...*4:00 a. m.
Shelbyville ..... 4:25 a. m.
*Stops on flag signal.
Ar. Lawrenceburg. .. 5:05 a. m.
Tyrone ..... *5:09 a. m.
Versailles ..... 5:22 a. m.
Lexington . ..... 5:45 a. m.

The Courier-Journal.

RETURNING—THE SOUTHERN RAILWAY'S "ST. LOUIS SPECIAL"
Leaves Lexington 6:10 a. m.; Louisville 9:00 a. m., daily, arriving St. Louis 4:56 p. m.—the fastest train to St. Louis by nearly one hour. Entire train with superb dining car runs through complete.

VOL. CIII. NEW SERIES—NO. 13,082. LOUISVILLE, TUESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 25, 1904.—10 PAGES. PRICE { THREE CENTS. ON TRAINS FIVE CENTS.

Neither the Courier-Journal nor the Times has any connection whatsoever with the "book of cartoons" embodying matter regarding well-known Kentuckians about to be published in this city. A report having been brought to these offices that solicitors were representing that the Courier-Journal and Times were interested in said publication it is deemed proper to characterize these representations as being false.

The Weather.

Forecast for Tuesday and Wednesday:

Kentucky—Fair and colder Tuesday; Wednesday fair.

Indiana—Fair Tuesday; fresh northwest winds; colder Tuesday; Wednesday fair.

Tennessee—Fair Tuesday; colder in the west portion; Wednesday fair; colder in the east portion.

THE LATEST.

Judge Parker yesterday delivered an address at Esopus to a crowd of several hundred people, in which he discussed campaign practices and abuses. In the course of his remarks he charged that the Government officials are now practically chosen by a handful of corporate managers who contribute the assets of the corporations to keep the conduct of the Government in the hands they consider best for private interests. Judge Parker went to New York last night and attended a theatrical performance and later a dinner at an East Side restaurant. He was the center of the most enthusiastic demonstration that has been accorded him during his campaign for the presidency.

There has been no resumption of fighting of a general character on the Shakhe river. Both Russians and Japanese are entrenching their positions. The outposts are within 700 yards of each other, and less than four miles separates the main armies. A scarcity of fuel is causing the soldiers to suffer greatly since cold weather set in. St. Petersburg has information that the Japanese army confronting General Kuropatkin is receiving heavy reinforcements from the Port Arthur army and direct from Japan.

The House of Bishops and the House of Deputies of the Episcopal general convention at Boston reached an agreement yesterday on the divorce question which becomes effective at once. It prohibits ministers from marrying any divorced person except as to the innocent party in a divorce for adultery. It is provided that a year must elapse before application is made for remarriage in such cases, and then all records in the divorce proceedings must be laid before the ecclesiastical authority.

Great Britain has sent a long and urgent note to the Russian Government detailing the circumstances of the attack on the British fishing boats in the North sea by the Russian second Pacific squadron. The text of the note has not been made public, but it is said to contain the statement that the situation is one which does not brook delay. Russian officials at St. Petersburg freely express their regrets, but say that no formal action can be taken until the official report of Admiral Rojestomsky has been received.

An express package, believed to have contained nearly $100,000, sent from national headquarters to the Kentucky Republican State Campaign Committee for use in Kentucky, is said to have been delivered. It is known that an express charge of $118 was paid. Richard P. Ernst, chairman of the Republican committee, was recently in the East.

Senator Fairbanks closed a strenuous day of campaigning with a speech last night at Columbus, O. Gov. Herrick accompanied him on his tour of the State, and about a dozen speeches were made.

Andrew Carnegie was presented by the Iron and Steel Institute with the Bessemer gold medal in appreciation of his work in the development of the iron and steel industry of the world.

In his tour of Ohio yesterday W. J. Bryan made nineteen speeches, closing with an address last night at Hamilton. He will enter northern Indiana to-day for a two days' campaign.

Mail sent to Democratic county chairmen in Indiana has been held up and in some cases rifled. State Chairman O'Brien says that the guilty persons will be prosecuted.

The architect's plans for the new State Capitol have been completed, and the Capitol Commission will meet November 10 to receive them and call for proposals.

David B. Hill in an interview in New York yesterday confidently expressed the opinion that Maryland, West Virginia and Indiana would go Democratic.

The Tri-State Implement Dealers' Association of Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky is holding its annual convention in Cincinnati.

The United States grand jury at Huntsville, Ala., indicted several alleged members of the mob that lynched the negro, Horace Maples.

The Taft-Wright cablegrams concerning Judge Parker's Philippine speech cost the Government $570.

The Tennessee Methodist Conference at Gallatin adjourned to meet next year in Nashville.

NO DELAY

Will Be Permitted By the [illegible]sh Government.

URG[illegible] NOTE SENT TO RUSSIA

Secretary of the U. S. Senate 30JUN1906

Deep Resentment Is Manifested By the Public.

ALL EYES ON ST. PETERSBURG

KING EDWARD SENDS MESSAGE TO MAYOR OF HULL.

A MOB HOOTS BENCKENDORFF

And Efforts Are Made To Break the Windows of His Carriage.

RUSSIA WILL MAKE AMENDS.

London, Oct. 24.—Great Britain today sent a long and urgent note to the Russian Government officials detailing the circumstances of the amazing and unexplained attack by the Russian Second Pacific squadron during the night of October 21 on British fishing boats in the North sea. The text of the note has not been given out, but it is officially stated from the Foreign Office that it contains the significant announcement that "the situation is one which in the opinion of his majesty's Government does not brook delay."

Meanwhile the conservative public and press are remarkably undemonstrative. As usual the jingo element demands war, and even in official quarters some go so far as to say that it may be necessary to stop the Pacific fleet pending settlement of the whole affair, though this extreme measure, it is believed, will not be necessary. Everywhere there is evidence of the very positive opinion that this is no time for the usual diplomatic dilly-dallying, that there must be no delay and no limit set by Russia to her apology or the extent of compensation for sufferers by what King Edward himself terms "the unwararntable action" of the Baltic squadron commanders.

* * *

The King's Message.

The text of the King's message of sympathy to the Mayor of Hull was as follows:

From Francis Knolly, Buckingham Palace, Oct. 24, 1904.—To His Worship, the Mayor of Hull: The King commands me to say that he has heard with profound sorrow of the unwarrantable action which has been committed against the North sea fishing fleet, and asks you to express the deepest sympathy of the Queen and his majesty with the families of those who have suffered from this most lamentable occurrence. KNOLLYS.

Francis Knollys, Baron Faversham, is the private secretary of King Edward.

* * *

Deep Resentment.

The deep resentment of the whole British public, however, is reflected by the incident at the Victoria Station tonight on the arrival of Count Benckendorff from the continent. There is no attempt anywhere among men of responsibility to magnify the occurrence into a deliberate act of war; but in view of the present inability to find an explanation there is being poured upon the heads of the officers of the squadron a flood of invictive and insinuation, though incompetence first and thereafter complete panic is the most generally accepted explanation. Thus far no official word has been received from St. Petersburg as to the attitude of the Russian Government. The fact that it had been decided during the day to prepare a semi-official note expressing the regret of the Russian Government and its willingness to make full reparation as soon as the responsibility is fixed was communicated by the Associated Press to Lord Lansdowne, and was the first information on the subject he had received from St. Petersburg. The absence during the day of Count Benckendorff, the Russian Ambassador, necessarily caused some delay, but the Russian Charge d'Affaires who called at the Foreign Office on request by note from Lord Lansdowne, unofficially expresed deep regret, and, as far as it was possible for him to go, gave assurance of speedy action by the Russian Government. Lord Lansdowne in this interview told M. Sansonoff, the charge, that he desired to see Ambassador Benckendorff Tuesday morning. Lord Lansdowne asked M. Sansonoff if he could offer any explanation of the affair, and the latter replied that he only knew what had appeared in the papers and that he had not received any word up to that time from St. Petersburg. Lord Lansdowne gave no suggestion as to what might be done in the matter.

At the Russian Embassy it was stated that the "whole affair was so obviously a mistake, from whatever cause, that Russia's course was plainly dictated, namely, apology and ample compensation."

* * *

All Eyes On St. Petersburg.

All eyes are now turned towards St. Petersburg, awaiting word from the Russian Government.

Earl Onslow, president of the Board of Agriculture, speaking in Stirlingshire to-night, said it would be well if explanations were not sought for this "extraordinary incident" until the country had some authentic information. The whole affair, he said, seemed so unaccountable that one could not help feeling sure there would be an explanation of what must have been a gigantic blunder. Earl Onslow added that the country might rely upon one thing, namely, that the Emperor of Russia, "who is known throughout the world for his feelings of humanity, could not fail to be depressed by such an incident."

The actual casualties during the one sided bombardment off Dogger Bank can be correctly stated since the arrival at London this evening of the carrying ship Swift, reporting the safety of the missing trawlers. The Swift left the fleet at 10 a. m. on October 23. Her captain says:

* * *

No Warning Was Given.

"The Russians gave not the slightest warning prior to the commencement of the firing. The admiral of the fishing fleet sent up a rocket warning, and then the firing commenced. He again sent up four green rockets, but this only seemed to increase the ferocity of the bombardment. The poor marksmanship of the Russian gunners was the only thing that saved the entire fleet within range of the searchlights and guns."

At the inquest at Hull to-day it was stated that one vessel, the Crane, was sunk, and that four or five were more or less damaged. In the statement of the Coroner to the jury that official said it was a question of very grave and possibly international importance; but it would be their duty to find who were the murderers of the dead men. After the identification of the bodies the inquest adjourned to November 2.

King Edward has sent to the Mayor of Hull $1,000 as his donation for the families of the victims of the North sea firing. Premier Balfour has telegraphed the Mayor of Hull as follows:

"Your telegram received. You may have full confidence in the Government's action."

NO FORMAL ACTION

In the Way of Apology Until Admiral Rojestvensky Reports.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 24, midnight.—No official or unofficial Russian explanation of the unfortunate affair off Dogger Bank is forthcoming up to this time and the world must wait until to-morrow to hear Vice Admiral Rojestvensky's version of the firing upon the British fishermen. Rojestvensky has communicated direct to the Emperor, but at 11:30 o'clock to-night the Admiralty announced that it had not yet received a report. At the same hour the Foreign Office issued a statement expressing the regrets of the Government for the deplorable incident, but explaining that no formal action is possible until Admiral Rojestvensky's official report of the affair has been received.

While no formal action has been taken, the deepest regret is expressed in all quarters and the purpose of the Government to make amends if Rojestvensky shall be found to have been in fault, has been proclaimed in every Government department. Emperor Nicholas himself was greatly aggrieved when he heard the news while he was inspecting the cruiser Oleg at Cronstadt this afternoon, and Foreign Minister Lamsdorff expressed to Ambassador Hardinge his deepest personall regrets.

The Russian Embassy at London has also been directed to convey similar expressions to the Government of Great Britain. It is felt that this is all that can possibly be done pending the receipt of Admiral Rojestvensky's statement.

* * *

A Horrible Blunder.

That a horrible blunder has been committed is recognized and deplored everywhere, and nowhere has an attempt been made to justify the firing upon innocent fishermen. It is felt that Rojestvensky is too good a man and officer to be summarily condemned. It is agreed that he is entitled to a hearing, but even the Admiralty regretfully admits that it is at a loss to understand what explanation could justify such an apparently cold-blooded act as the affair is made to appear by foreign reports. It developed during the day that the Admiralty had strong reason to believe that an attempt would be made against the squadron during its passage through the great Belt, or the English channel. So specific was the information that even the present crisis has not diverted attention from the possibility of such an atack yet occurring. The failure of the steam trawlers, with their nets out, to obey the signals from the Russian warships, or the nervousness of some officer who imagined that fishermen working with their nets in the water were laying mines, may be responsible for the blunder. As soon as the facts are established it is certain that the Russian Government will voluntarily offer the fullest reparation.

* * *

May Send a Message.

It is even hinted that the Emperor to-morrow will send a formal message to King Edward conveying his profound sorrow for the incident and offering to make what reparation is possible as soon as the responsibility can be fixed. These advance assurances, it is hoped, will be met in an amicable spirit by Great Britain.

Notwithstandingg the provocation which may seem to exist for most vigorous and uncompromising demands for redress, Ambassador Hardinge had not presented any instructions from his Government up to 8 o'clock this evening, and up to midnight it had been impossible to ascertain whether instructions had actually been received.

In diplomatic circles the gravity and delicacy of the situation are recognized. Unquestionably nervousness exists, but in view of the sentiment in Government circles here, the feeling prevails that an amicable adjustment will be reached. This evening the censor passed all telegrams relating to the subject, which immediately became the all-absorbing topic in every public resort. The war in the Far East seemingly was temporarily forgotten.

Notwithstanding the latent sentiment of hostility against Great Britain which (Concluded On 2d Page, 3d Column.)

$100,000

Believed To Have Come To Louisville

FOR REPUBLICAN CAMPAIGN.

PACKAGE RECEIVED AT STATE HEADQUARTERS.

WAS SENT FROM NEW YORK.

Express Charges Were $118, Which Would Account For $94,400 At $1.25 Per Thousand.

MR. ERNST RECENTLY EAST.

One of the biggest funds ever at the disposal of any political party in Kentucky will be handled by the Republicans on election day, the immense amount of money wrung from the Federal officeholders having been augmented by a cool $100,000 just received from the national committee headquarters at New York, according to the statement of a prominent citizen who is not a politician, but who says he by chance came into possession of all the facts relating to the arrival of the money here. The money is believed to have come to Louisville a few days ago by express and was delivered at the Galt House, where the financial end of the campaign is attended to by the Kentucky Republicans. The money for use in Kentucky came after a recent visit of Richard P. Ernst to New York and when he left it was said by a prominent Republican that Mr. Ernst had gone to get some money for the campaign.

* * *

Bulky Express Package.

The greatest secrecy was maintained about the express package by the express company's employes, the clerks at the Galt House and the men in charge of the Republican headquarters, but the facts in connection with its arrival are known. The package was not of unusual size, yet the charges for bringing it from New York were $118 and that amount was paid out for the package at Republican headquarters. The rate for carrying money from New York to Louisville is $1.25 a thousand and $118 would pay for exactly $94,400.

The money is believed to have been shipped in one and two dollar bills, making it easy to handle on election day, and the shipping of the cash prevented any handling of checks which might some day or other turn up when least wanted. By shipping the money in bills of small denominations, there will be no way to trace the money on election day when it appears at the polling places.

* * *

Mr. Ernst As a Persuader.

Mr. Ernst has proved himself an able leader from a Republican standpoint during the present campaign. He has worked along "gum-shoe" lines, and it is believed he has done that which few Republicans thought he would be able to do, interested the National Committee sufficiently to induce them to give up $100,000 for the Kentucky campaign fund and to send Fairbanks and Shaw, who are badly needed in the doubtful States, to make speeches in Kentucky. Mr. Ernst has a persuasive tongue, and it means that he has convinced the National Committee that with plenty of money there is at least a chance to elect more than one Republican Congressman from Kentucky, if not carry the State for Roosevelt.

The sum secured from the National Committee, added to that which has been raised from the Federal officeholders of Kentucky, will give the Republicans over $150,000 to spend during the campaign. It is believed the workers at the polls will be plentifully supplied with cash on election day.

* * *

Republican Gum-Shoe Methods.

The Republican campaign has been carried on without ostentation with a purpose in view. Just enough speakers were kept on the stump to make it appear that the party realized that defeat was inevitable, but that the machine intended to make the appearance of doing what it could to keep down the Democratic majority. They hoped to lull the Democrats into overconfidence, and, catching them napping on election day, to win out by the liberal use of money.

When the money is divided out among the districts the Louisville Republicans are expected to get more than one-tenth.

"We can win with that money," said a prominent Republican, "providing those to whom the money is intrusted spend it for the party and do not sink it for themselves."

ANOTHER DATE FOR BECKHAM.

Will Speak At Brandenbrug On November 1.

Gov. J. C. W. Beckham spent the night in Louisville after addressing a big and enthusiastic crowd of Democrats yesterday at Elizabethtown. An additional engagement has been made for the Governor, who will speak November 1 at Brandenburg, Meade county.

The following other speaking appointments for Marion county were announced yesterday:

Saturday, October 29, at 1:30 p. m.: Chicago, S. A. Russell, W. W. Spalding and R. D. Thornbury; Raywick, H. S. McElroy and C. C. Boldrick; St. Mary's, C. S. Hill and P. K. McElroy; New Market, Lev Russell, John McChord and Herbert Walker; Bradfordsville, J. P. Thompson, Ben Spalding and B. J. Lancaster; Riley's, H. W. Rives and John Barr.

Saturday, November 5, at 1:30 p. m.: Gravel Switch, J. P. Thompson, Lev Russell and W. W. Spalding; Rush Branch, Ben Spalding and John Barr; Loretto, H. W. Rives and H. S. McElroy; Holy Cross, C. C. Boldrick, P. K. McElroy and Lev Russell; Calvary, C. S. Hill, R. D. Thornton and Herbert Walker.

Also at the courthouse, Saturday, November 5, at 7 p. m.: J. P. Thompson, H. W. Rives, H. S. McElroy, C. C. Boldrick and Lev Russell.

LOCAL SPEAKINGS.

Democrats Will Be Busy In Louisville This Week.

The following rallies were announced yesterday by the local Democratic clubs:

October 26—West End Colonial Democratic Club, Swagar Sherley and Joseph Huffaker, speakers; Dyed-in-the-wool Democratic Club, Morton K. Yonts and Thomas P. Wash, speakers; Progressive Democratic Club, at Shelby and Kentucky streets, W. W. Davies and R. E. L. Page, speakers.

October 27—Twelfth-ward Parker Club, Twenty-fifth and Market streets, Morton K. Yonts, speakers; town of Highland Park, Judge Matt O'Doherty and Eugene Atkinson, speakers.

October 28—St. Matthews, Judge Matt O'Doherty, Swagar Sherley and R. W. Bingham, speakers.

October 29—Middletown—Judge Matt O'Doherty, Herman D. Newcomb and Judge Frank Peak, of Shelbyville, speakers.

SLAYER OF HUSBAND DIES AFTER SENTENCE.

Memphis, Tenn., Oct. 24.—Mrs. Fannie E. Sternberger, who shot and killed Milton J. Sternberger, her husband, several weeks ago and who was convicted of involuntary manslaughter and sentenced to two years in the penitentiary, died to-night at the city hospital. After the verdict was rendered ten days ago the woman collapsed and has not made a coherent statement since. She was removed to the hospital under guard and has grown steadily weaker until death ended her sufferings.

"RENAULT DAY"

TO BE OBSERVED WEDNESDAY AT THE EXPOSITION.

A BIG FAMILY CELEBRATION.

Exercises Will Take Place In the "New Kentucky Home" and Will Be Interesting.

Kentucky Building, World's Fair, St. Louis, Oct. 24.—[Special.]—"Renault Day" will be celebrated at the exposition Wednesday of this week, the ceremonies taking place in the "New Kentucky Home," on account of the large number of members of the Renault Society residing in Kentucky. It will prove one of the greatest family celebrations yet held at the Fair. The movement was started by Isaac A. Renau, of Broken Bow, Neb., and Miss Eugene Renault Clark, of Paducah. The Renault-Reneau families are the descendants of Philip Francis Renault, the French nobleman who led the first expedition up the Mississippi, and whose lieutenants, Laclede and Lamotte remained to found St. Louis. There is a statue of Renault on Art Hill. Renault Day, on account of its historical significance, will rank among the first in importance. President Francis and Gov. Dockery will be among the speakers. A poem, entitled, "Louisiana," written for the occasion by Miss Eugenia Clark, will be read by her. It is in the nature of a tribute to France and all French representatives in St. Louis have been invited to be present at the ceremonies.

WITNESS

AGAINST VAN COTT ADMITS PLEADING GUILTY OF LARCENY.

Testifies, However, He Was To Get $200 From the Postmaster's Son.

New York, Oct. 24.—The examination of Richard Van Cott, son of Postmaster Van Cott, and Bankson McAvoy, a post-office employe, on charges of aiding illegal registration, was resumed late to-day before Justice Wyatt. Benjamin D. Levy, who was on the stand at the last hearing was the only witness in to-day's proceedings, and the time was taken up with his cross-examination by T. J. McManus, counsel for the defendants. Levy admitted that he had pleaded guilty to the larceny of $75 from Van Cott on April 2, 1902.

He said he was not guilty of the offense and that sentence had been suspended. He admitted that he had been sworn before the Civil Service Board, that he had never been arrested or charged with crime.

Levy said since he made the affidavit before Justice Wyatt on October 15 concerning the alleged colonization he had been living in the home of one of the employes of the attorney general's office.

The witness in answer to a question denied that "the whole game" was "fixed up" with a Democratic politician.

When asked if he did not make a remark in a billiard room that he was going to "put up a job" on Van Cott and get considerable money out of it, Levy said he "did not remember."

On re-direct examination Levy, in reply to questions put by Deputy Attorney General Collins, said:

"I told a friend of mine that I had a deal on that meant at least $200 to me and a good position after it was ended. I told my friend that he would be in for half of the $200 when it was through."

"Where would you get the money?"

"From Richard Van Cott."

"Did you mean you were going to get money for putting up a job on Van Cott?"

"No."

Adjournment was then taken until Friday.

STRONG OPPOSITION TO RENEWAL OF FRANCHISE.

Toledo, O., Oct. 24.—One thousand men marched upon the City Council to-night to protest against the passage of an ordinance granting a renewal of the franchise of the Toledo Railways and Light Company for twenty-five years upon a basis of six tickets for twenty-five cents and universal transfers. The ordinance is now pending, but was not considered in the Council to-night and is yet in the hands of the committee.

FIGURING

On the Result of the Election In New York.

THE CITY AGAINST THE STATE.

DEMOCRATS WILL CARRY FORMER, REPUBLICANS LATTER.

DEMOCRATS ARE OPTIMISTIC.

Chairman Taggart Declares That Conditions Are Ripe For a Great Victory.

BETTING ODDS IN NEW YORK.

New York, Oct. 24.—[Special.]—They are still talking here about the big registration, not only in Greater New York, but up in the State, and the claim is made that the vote to-morrow two weeks will be a record-breaker, and this claim is most likely to be verified. Greater New York will alone poll more votes than the entire State of Indiana and a third more than the State of Kentucky.

The Republicans claim that the up-State counties will give Roosevelt from 150,000 to 175,000 over Parker and the best that Greater New York can do for the Democratic presidential candidate is 100,000. If this claim should hold good, Roosevelt would carry the State by from 50,000 to 75,000. The Democrats, however, dispute these figures and claim on the other hand that the highest plurality Roosevelt can get up the State is 100,000, and that Greater New York will give Parker from 125,000 to 150,000, so the fight is between the Democratic city of New York against the Republican counties in the State.

* * *

Tammany Leader Talks.

Charles F. Murphy said to-day that he was satisfied the Democratic State ticket would be elected by a good majority, and that Judge Herrick's majority would be larger than Judge Parker's. Murphy did not say whether he thought Judge Parker would be elected. He left that to be inferred.

What he said about the Democratic State ticket, however, is significant. The Tammany leader is considered a keen political mathematician, and when he makes a prediction it is usually after much deliberation. Two years ago when he came out with a claim of 120,000 for Coler in the greater city people laughed at him. The returns gave Coler about 122,000. The prediction today is the most confident that Murphy has on the State.

* * *

Big Democratic Victory.

"After the enormous registration," he said, "I feel confident in claiming this: There really is not anything else to say. Why, the registration figures as much as tell a big victory for the Democratic ticket. New York is a Democratic city. We must not lose sight of that.

"Gov. Odell says he has reduced the Democratic vote 8,000 below Fourteenth street, does he? How? By stopping fraudulent registration. You will find, I think, that these 8,000 votes have moved uptown. I can tell him this, anyway. A certain district uptown which Republicans are claiming by 17,000 is going that much Democratic."

The optimistic views of Murphy were shared by all those who called at headquarters and his words to-day set them talking. Down in Fourteenth street it is considered very bad form to make predictions until the "chief" has made his.

* * *

Taggart Confident.

DeLancey Nicoll, of the National Democratic Committee, had a talk with Chairman Taggart to-day over the long-distance telephone to Indianapolis. Mr. Taggart told Mr. Nicoll that the conditions were ripe for a Democratic victory, and that before Bryan ended his trour through the State all the Democrats would be solid for Parker. Chairman Taggart is expected to return to New York the last of this week.

Senator Scott, of West Virginia, and head of the guessing bureau of the National Republican Committee, is out with another prediction to-day. He says that West Virginia will go for Roosevelt by 38,000, and that Roosevelt will carry Maryland by 35,000. Scott has evidently lost his head.

* * *

The Betting Odds.

For the benefit of those who care to risk their money on elections, I give the betting odds here to-day:

Four to one that Roosevelt will be elected; two to one that he carries any one of the States of New York, New Jersey, Connecticut, West Virginia or Indiana, and even money that he carries New York by 50,000.

O. O. STEALEY.

NINETEEN SPEECHES

Made By Mr. Bryan Yesterday In His Tour Through Ohio.

Hamilton, O., Oct. 24.—William J. Bryan to-night concluded his tour of Ohio for the Democratic national ticket and made a speech in this city. There were many persons present at nearly every place along the route where Mr. Bryan spoke and he was enthusiastically welcomed.

Twenty-one towns were visited, Germantown and Farmersville being added to the itinerary, and nineteen speeches were made. Mr. Bryan said he thought the tour was a record on the number of cities visited and the miles traveled in one day. The speechmaking in Ohio began early at Bridgeport, but Mr. Bryan consented to make a speech at Wheeling, W. Va., preceding his visit to the former city. It was dusk when Celina, Greensville, Farmersville, Germantown and Hamilton were reached. In this city, at which Mr. Bryan arrived after 9 o'clock, thousands of persons were present to greet him. Occupants of a special train of twelve coaches from Dayton were among the large crowd present. There were excursions also from Eaton, Middletown, Oxford and other points. Mr. Bryan was escorted to a public stand and reviewed his speeches of the day embracing the national issues which he spoke for or against. After his address here the Nebraskan left over the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton road. He will reach Toledo, O. to-morrow at 6:30 and leave for Kendallville, Ind., on the Lake Shore and spend two days in Indiana. He will make one speech in Kansas City, Mo. Thursday night and then return to Nebraska for a number of addresses in his own State.

FAIRBANKS AND HERRICK

Undergo a Day of Strenuous Campaigning In Ohio.

Columbus, O., Oct. 24.—Senator C. W. Fairbanks, of Indiana, Republican nominee for Vice President, concluded a strenuous day of campaigning with a speech to-night in the Columbus Auditorium before an audience which packed the floors and galleries of that building. Throughout his tour of Ohio to-day which began across the Ohio river from Wheeling and ended in the capital city to-night, the Senator was accompanied by Gov. Myron T. Herrick, of Ohio, who also made several addresses. Between Wheeling and Columbus stops were made at Quaker City, Salesville, Lore City, Seneca, Pleasant City, Byesville, Cambridge, New Concord, Zanesville, Coshocton, Newark and Pataskala.

Michigan will be traversed by Senator Fairbanks to-morrow. The first speech is expected to be made at Monroe, very early in the morning. The stops in Michigan include Monroe, Adrian, Tecumseh, Manchester, Ypsilanti, Ann Arbor, Chelsea, Jackson, Lansing and Grand Rapids, where the evening meeting will be held.

BEVERIDGE DECLINES

To Make a Swing Around the Circle With Fairbanks.

Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 24.—[Special.]—United States Senator Beveridge announced that he will not make a tour of the cities of the State with Senator Fairbanks, as arranged for him by the Republican State Central Committee, and it is understood that the reason for his refusal to follow on the trail of Bryan through the labor centers and mining districts is that he believes it will react upon the Republicans and be construed into a confession that Bryan has made votes for Judge Parker. Many Republicans have opposed the trip laid out by the committee for the two Senators and J. Frank Hanley, candidate for Governor, but the party managers are surprised that Beveridge has kicked over the traces and refused to go.

The Senator gives as his reason for refusing that the close legislative districts demand attention rather than the State, which is safe for Roosevelt and the State ticket, and he proposes to give the remaining days to the close legislative districts.

COUNTING ON ILLINOIS.

Democratic Leaders Believe It Will Go For Parker and Davis.

Chicago, Oct. 24.—[Special.]—A New York special to the Tribune says: "We expect Illinois to give a good Democratic majority, and we expect the city of Chicago to give us a majority that will assure the State for Parker and Davis." So said a leading member of the Democratic National Committee to-day. "We have put Illinois in our doubtful column advisedly. Our best information is that it is doubtful, and we honestly believe we have a chance of carrying the State."

Illinois in the doubtful column was one of the shocks sprung on the managers of the Republican campaign in the statement issued at Democratic national headquarters yesterday in which Vice Chairman Delancy Nicoll, with the advice and consent of his colleagues, gave Parker and Davis 250 electoral votes and put Illinois and Wisconsin, with forty more, in the doubtful list.

SECRETARY TAYLOR DENIES

There Has Been Any Effort To Suppress Department Information.

Washington, Oct. 24.—H. A. Taylor, acting Secretary of the Treasury, today issued the following statement:

"The attention of the department has been called to the statement twice made by Judge Parker that there have been Administration orders forbidding the publication of information concerning governmental expenditures. This is a mistake. Mr. Parker seems to have unfortunately acquired from untrustworthy sources considerable misinformation. The only order issued concerning estimated expenses was that no subordinate should make any estimates public until the heads of the departments had gone over them with the President and they had been approved. The practice of the departments in this respect has not been in any manner departed from this year."

DECREASE OF CONFIDENCE

Among Republicans As To Result In Indiana and Illinois.

Chicago, Oct. 24.—[Special.]—There is a marked decrease of confidence at Republican headquarters, particularly in regard to Illinois and Indiana. Concerning the latter State Chairman Cortelyou has esnt out a warning against over-confidence, and a member of the national committee to-day said, "As the situation in Indiana now stands, I should say it is very doubtful if the State will go for Roosevelt. Bryan has had a serious effect on the voters, and it all now depends on Tom Watson. Unless he can carry off enough votes to deprive Parker of his strength, I fear the State will be lost."

DEMOCRATS CONFIDENT.

Hill Says Maryland, West Virginia and Indiana Are Democratic.

New York, Oct. 24.—The Democratic State Executive Committee met to-day. It was stated that a very satisfactory condition of the State campaign was reported and confidence in the result was expressed.

In an interview, David B. Hill to-day confidently expressed the opinion that the Democrats would carry Maryland, West Virginia and Indiana, the States where he has been campaigning for the last two weeks. He also expressed satisfaction with the situation in New York.

La Follette Wins Again.

Madison, Wis., Oct. 24.—A third opinion came down in the Republican factional case in the Supreme Court today, Judge Winslow filing a long concurring opinion in effect holding the (Concluded On 2d Page, 6th Column.)

MENACE

To Every Patriotic and Law-abiding Man

IS THE PURCHASE OF VOTES.

JUDGE PARKER DISCUSSES CORRUPTION IN POLITICS.

ATTITUDE OF THE TRUSTS.

Political Contributions By Large Corporations Cannot Be Honest.

THE GROWTH OF FAVORITISM.

Esopus, N. Y., Oct. 24.—Judge Parker to-day laid aside the issues usually discussed in national political contests and addressed a crowd of several hundred persons on the general topic of campaign practices and abuses. He rebuked the present Administration for the part the Government officials are alleged to be taking in the campaign.

He charged that the Government officials are now practically chosen by a handful of corporate managers who contribute the assets of the corporations to keep the conduct of the Government in the hands they consider best for private interests.

In a comparison of modern and early methods of raising money for the conduct of political contests Judge Parker said:

It is but a little while since the body of the people at large provided the legitimate expenses of a campaign. Then farmer and lawyer, doctor and mechanic, day laborer and banker each contributed something toward the erection of banners, the circulation of literature and the expenses of public meetings, and each contributor was a better citizen for it. It stimulated his patriotism and the contributions were devoted to the legitimate advancement of the cause, not made for the deliberate corruption of masses of electors.

* * *

Things Have Changed.

Gradually and alas, effectively, but surely not permanently, has all this been changed. Some of the enterprises which have unduly thrived through favoritism, and which have been permitted by statute to indirectly levy tribute on the people, have in the course of time become so rich and strong that they can and do contribute vast sums when it is made clear that it will advantage them, and they contribute on the promise, direct or implied, that they shall be permitted to continue to tax the people for their own benefit. On such promises contributions have been not infrequently made in such large measure as to induce and procure colonization, repeating and bribery in doubtful States.

This has built up a class of voters known to local leaders as "floaters," a case so numerous that party canvassers allot to them in their campaign books a separate column headed with that name. This condition is recognized by party workers, local, State and national. They are no longer shocked by it. It has become so prevalent that they are becoming hardened to it. They sometimes wonder where it is to end, but under the stress of a campaign they postpone consideration until the next election. I am persuaded the time to begin the fight against those who would control the results of election contests for their private corporate interests, as distinguished from the public interest, should begin now, and whatever the result of the election may be it should be continued until the evil is checked.

The excessively protected interests which formerly poured out their treasure in order to continue existing and procure the passage of new laws permitting its further accumulation, have been joined by the combinations popularly called trusts. Their plan is to perpetuate the present administration. Such of the combinations or trusts as do not profit by the aid of the tariff secure their profits by the exercise of monopolies. Hence their officers are opposed to the enforcement of law as against them.

* * *

Their Purpose Apparent.

When such forces unite to furnish the money which they are promised will control the election, their purpose is as clear as noonday. It is to buy the election, to purchase four years more of profit by tariff taxation, or four years more of extortion from the public by means of monopoly.

Political contributions by corporations and trusts mean corruption. They cannot be honest. Merely business interests are moved by merely business considerations. A corporation will subscribe to a political party only because the corporation expects that party, through its control of public officers, executive or legislative, to do something for the benefit of the corporation or to refrain from doing something to its injury. No other motive can be imagined. In the nature of things no other motive can exist. The relations established mean the expectation, if not agreement, actual or implied, that governmental action is to be influenced by and for corporation interests. No sophistry can give any other aspect to the transaction in the minds of reasonable men. Let the defender of the practice, if it has defenders, answer these questions: Why do corporations and trusts subscribe to political campaigns? What would a trust think of a party which, after accepting from the trust a campaign contribution of $500,000, should permit the party's representatives in office to take action inimical to the trusts? Would the public interests be safe in the hands of a party, the greater part of whose campaign fund had been contributed by corporations and trusts? If the public welfare and the interests of subscribing corporations or trusts should conflict, which would likely be protected?

* * *

Growth of Favoritism.

The scheme of our Government opposes favoritism, but in its administration there has been much of it. Indeed, it has been growing with such rapidity in recent years that those few who have enjoyed favors, contributed either directly by statute or indirectly by the nonprosecution of violations of law, represent, control and are possessed of many hundreds of millions of dollars. These interests have decided to attempt to continue the present Administration in power. Their representatives scolded about the President for some months, and thus contributed their part toward the effort which was assiduously made to satisfy the country that the trusts were opposed to the present Administration. Whether there were real difficulties between these great powers and the Administration, difficulties which have since been settled to the satisfaction of all parties concerned, or whether there were no difficulties to be compromised and adjusted, their action being but a play to deceive the voters, the fact remains that the trusts are not now opposed to the continuance of the present Administration. On the contrary, it is common knowledge that they have determined to furnish such a sum of money to the Republican National Committee as it is hoped will secure the "floaters" in the doubtful States for the Republican ticket.

* * *

A Menace and Challenge.

Such an attempt constitutes both a menace and a challenge to every patriotic and law-abiding person in the country, a challenge which ought to be accepted

The question ought to be settled now whether the "floaters" and illegal combinations can together control an election in this country. Such a contest means on one side vast sums of money and every man with an itching palm. It ought to array every honest, independent and patriotic citizen on the other side.

FEDERAL GRAND JURY INDICTS ALLEGED LYNCHERS.

Says Something Must Be Done To Stop Mob Violence In the South.

Huntsville, Ala., Oct. 24.—The United States grand jury has made a report to Judge Jones covering the lynching of Horace Maples, and expressed the opinion that had Maples not been a negro he would not have been taken from jail and hanged. The grand jury indicted several alleged members of the mob. The report says that something must be done to put a stop to lynching in the South and that all good citizens should welcome anything that may have that effect whether from the State or Federal Court. Judge Jones thanked the jury and said he is willing to have $5,000,000 of people pass on the righteousness of the grand jury's action.

TAKES WATCH,

USING RUSE TO ENTER JOHN HALLIGAN'S HOUSE.

Negro Claims He Was Sent To Take Measurements For Improvements.

John Halligan, driver of the big white fire engine of the No. 2 company, is mourning the loss of a gold watch which was given to him by his father and is saying soft things about a negro, who, by a ruse, gained admission to his house and carried away the valued timepiece.

The negro was several inches more than six feet tall and was well dressed. He called at Halligan's residence, 622 Nineteenth street, in the afternoon and told Mrs. Halligan that he had been sent by the owners of the property to take measurements. The house is in the charge of Rothenburg & Turner.

"Mr. Turner sent me to take measurements. He is going to paint the house inside and out," said the negro, as he exhibited a yard stick.

Mrs. Halligan was surprised because the house was painted only last spring, but she did not suspect anything wrong and she allowed the negro to enter. He began in the front hall and measured the woodwork all over the house, taking notes and pretending to be very industrious about the work. When he reached Halligan's bedroom, however, Mrs. Halligan left him alone and he decided to measure the inside of the bureau drawers. Having got in the habit of measuring things, he decided that it would be a good thing to have an instrument for measuring time and appropriated the watch. He left the house, thanking Mrs. Halligan and saying that the painters would come the next day.

When Halligan got home he was told of the intention of his landlord to repaint the house, but was not as pleased as Mrs. Halligan had been. He went to a telephone and called up Mr. Turner, who told him he had sent no one to measure the house. Upon returning home the driver of the big white engine made an examination of the contents of his bureau and found that his watch was missing.

The police have a complete description of the negro, but no trace of either him or the watch has yet been found.

MUSICAL POWERS

TRULY WONDERFUL POSSESSED BY MISS RICE.

Began Her Career Before She Was Three Years Old—Now In Louisville.

Little Miss Minta Lee Rice, of Oberlin, O., who is visiting her uncle, the Rev. J. B. Rice, of 1431 Cherokee Road, is one of the most remarkable natural musicians ever born in this country.

Miss Rice, who is a quiet little schoolgirl of sixteen, is now enrolled as a pupil of Oberlin College, where she is finishing her English education, preparatory to devoting all her time to her music. When only two and one-half years old Miss Minta Lee suddenly developed the wonderful ear for music that has made her famous throughout the Middle West. She went to a concert with some "grown ups," and when taken home asked to be put at the piano stool. She then played parts from each composition played at the concert. Among those there was a piece called "Lauterburg," which at that time had great vogue, and which she repeated almost perfectly. At the age of three she began to compose, and at all times was able to play after hearing an ordinarily difficult composition played once.

When Miss Rice was four years old she began to play in concert, and played in nearly every city of importance in the West during the year that followed. At the age of five Miss Rice played before an audience of 8,000 people at the Chicago World's Fair. Miss Rice is a prolific composer, and frequently gives entire concerts from her own compositions.

After a visit of a few days to her uncle, Miss Rice will return to Oberlin to resume her studies there.

"GREEK LETTER SOCIETIES" WIN THE FIGHT.

Chicago Board of Education Enjoined From Barring Members From Certain Advantages.

Chicago, Oct. 24.—The Board of Education of Chicago has no power to prohibit pupils of the High Schools of the city who are members of secret societies from participating in athletic or literary contests of the school, or in any other manner enjoying equal rights with other pupils. This decision was made to-day by Judge Elbridge Hanecy in issuing a temporary injunction restraining the enforcement of a recent rule of the Board of Education against "Greek letter" societies. Judge Hanecy held that the attempted regulation by the school authorities deprived certain pupils of advantages given to other pupils and exceeded the discretionary powers of the board.

NAME DAY GREETINGS FOR MERRY DEL VAL.

Rome, Oct. 24.—This being the feast of St. Raphael and the Name day of Cardinal Merry del Val, Papal Secretary of State, he received greetings from everywhere, all the cardinals and other high prelates being especially cordial. The greetings of Cardinal Rampolla, former Secretary of State, were appreciated more than all. Among the American callers was Archbishop Chapelle, of New Orleans, the Apostolic Delegate for Cuba and Porto Rico, who took his farewell.

One attractive thing about a want ad, is that it may be read and considered in ONE MINUTE.

DENIES

Story of Col. Colson's Mad Midnight Drive

WIDOW SAYS HE WAS EXCITED

AFTER A RUNAWAY AND ADMITS HE SHOT THE HORSE.

CONTEST OVER THE ESTATE.

Relatives Will Try To Prevent Mrs. Colson Qualifying As the Administratrix.

PROPERTY VALUED AT $100,000

Lexington, Ky., Oct. 24.—[Special.]—Reliable information from Middlesboro is to the effect that there is a fight being made by relatives of Col. Colson, and especially by James Colson, of Pineville, a brother of the late Congressman, to prevent the young widow qualifying as administratrix of the estate. Under the law she is entitled to one-half of the personal property and to one-third of the realty during her lifetime. Immediately after the death of Col. Colson the tongues of the gossips became active in discussing a probable legal warfare over the $100,000 estate he left. The story of the mad midnight ride, as published shortly after his death, is denied by the young widow.

Mrs. Colson said to the Courier-Journal correspondent over the long-distance telephone to-day: "Col. Colson drove out to his farm on the Monday morning prior to his death on Tuesday about 10 o'clock. His horse in some way became frightened and ran away. This upset him somewhat, and after driving the horse back to town he secured his revolver and shot the horse through the head, killing it. He was greatly excited and was unable to go upstairs without assistance. After reaching his room he sank into unconsciousness and never recovered. The story of the midnight drive is untrue."

Mrs. Colson was Miss Ethel Elliott, of Paris, Tex. She was educated at Hamilton College here and was married while still in school to Ernest Helm, of this city. They separated after some three or four years and she returned to Texas, securing a divorce. She had met Col. Colston while he was here as commander of the Fourth Kentucky volunteer regiment during the war with Spain, and after her divorce again met him in Louisville. Later Col. Colson visited her at her home in Paris and they were married. Her father is a well-known promoter and capitalist of Texas, who has also large interests in Mexico, where he spends a great deal of his time. An uncle is a wealthy druggist of Paris and a sister recently married a young minister, who is now a missionary in China. Mrs. Colson made many warm friends in Lexington, but has not visited here since parting from her first husband.

That Col. Colson was poisoned no one here believes for a moment. Reports from Middlesboro have all along been to the effect that his nervous condition was constantly growing worse. He had many close personal friends in this city, and they were constantly in touch with him, although no one foresaw for him the sudden turn causing him to lose control of his strong will power. It was in this city that he and Ethelbert Scott, whom he killed in the Capital Hotel in Frankfort in the deadly pistol fight, which also cost the lives of three other men, first became enemies. Scott was a Lieutenant in one of the companies of Colson's regiment, and Col. Colson disciplined him for alleged neglect of duty. Later, at Anniston, Ala., Scott influenced many of the men in the regiment to dislike Col. Colston, and in a restaurant he and Scott exchanged shots, the Colonel receiving a wound in his right arm.

Fifth Fatality Results.

St. Louis, Oct. 24.—The fifth fatality as a result of the battle last Friday between detectives and suspected felons occurred to-night, when William Morris, alias C. C. Blair, a confessed train robber, died at the City Hospital. The other victims of the shooting are John J. Shea, Thomas Dwyer and James McClusky, city detectives, and A. Rosenauer, whom the officers were trying to arrest.

Fire At Boonville, Ind.

Boonville, Ind., Oct. 24.—[Special.]—Fire to-day destroyed the drug store of G. O. Wilde on Main street. The fire was caused by a defective flue. The loss is $4,000, with insurance amounting to $2,500.

Why the Russian is Hardy

The New York Press

New York, Thursday, October 13, 1904.

Russian and Jap.

In the excessively cold climate of northern Russia all classes of people wear linen underclothes instead of woolens, and such a malady as a cold is unknown. The Russian of those latitudes does not understand the meaning of rheumatism, bronchitis, catarrh or consumption. Japan is a coun-

KNEIPP Linen-Mesh Underwear Is 100% Pure Linen

All Others Are Adulterated.

Insist on KNEIPP

ROCHE & ROCHE, 220 Fourth Ave.
JNO. C. LEWIS CO., 558 Fourth Ave.
Send for samples and instruction booklet.

NO DELAY

(Continued from First Page.)

smolders in almost every Russian breast, the reports of the blunder of the Baltic fleet have aroused only expressions of sincere regret, coupled with hopes that when Rojestvensky's report arrives it will place a different complexion on the incident.

NO CHANGE IN THE WAR SITUATION.

Gen. Kuropatkin Expects To Be Ready For a Forward Movement Soon.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 25, 2:30 a. m.—There is no news of immediate importance from the Far East to-night. The indications are that both sides are heavily entrenching, though it is believed that Gen. Kuropatkin will be ready for a forward move at an early moment unless heavy Japanese re-enforcements compel him to remain on the defensive. Reports that Japanese re-enforcements are arriving, taken in connection with the enforced inactivity of the Russian forces on account of the weather, are felt to be a grave factor in the situation. There is reason to believe that the Japanese are drawing heavily upon the Port Arthur army as well as on Japan, in hopes of securing a numerical superiority that will enable Field Marshal Oyama to inflict a crushing blow on Gen. Kuropatkin when hostilities are resumed.

The official returns of the Russian losses received up to date do not exceed thirty thousand. Gen. Sakharoff telegraphs that there was no fighting during the nights of October 23-24.

The Russian buried 1,500 Japanese at Lone Tree Hill.

LESS THAN FOUR MILES

Is the Distance Between the Russian and Jap Armies.

Mukden, Oct. 24, via Pekin.—The Russian forces on the left again crossed the Shakhe river on October 21, and are now pushing forward towards the Japanese positions, entrenching as they advance. At the same time, Russian batteries are continually bombarding the Japanese who can be plainly seen busily engaged in the making of trenches.

This plan of the Russians to entrench as they advance was adopted because it was found in the recent big battle that it was impossible to advance without some protection in the face of the Japanese shrapnel fire.

The Russian batteries are now better screened than they were in former engagements, but the troops on both sides apparently make no great efforts to conceal themselves.

The Russian and Japanese armies are now separated by less than four miles and the whode field of operations of both armies can be plainly seen.

HOSTILE DEMONSTRATION.

Angry Crowd Tries To Break Windows of Benckendorff's Carriage.

London, Oct. 24.—There was a hostile demonstration at Victoria station today on the arrival of Count Benckendorff, the Russian Ambassador to Great Britain. A crowd gathered and hooted him and attempted to break the windows of his carriage.

A Supply Ship Scuttled.

London, Oct. 24.—The steamship Esperanza, which is due to sail from Barry with provisions for the Russian Baltic fleet, was found to-day to be in a sinking condition, her hull having been pierced below the water line. The injury is not stated, but it must have been done to-day, and it is suggested locally that it is the wanton act of some man employed about the ship in resentment of the North Sea incident.

The Japanese Fortifying.

Harbin, Oct. 24.—A number of Japanese prisoners have been brought to this place. The Japanese are heavily fortifying the village of Lamuting. It is reported that the Russians have buried 700 Japanese who were killed defending Lone Tree Hill.

Excitement At St. John's.

St. Johns, N. F., Oct. 24.—The British cruiser Charbydis, Commodore Paget, received orders this evening to be in readiness to proceed to England on a moment's notice. The training ship Calypso has been ordered to arrange for the mobilization of 500 men of Newfoundland naval reserve. There is much excitement in naval circles here.

Russian Vessels Depart.

Cherbourg, Oct. 24.—Four Russian torpedo boats and a Russian transport sailed this evening. There is no longer any Russian vessels in this port.

CHOCOLATE AND COCOA.

Grand Prize At St. Louis Fair Goes To Walter Baker & Co., Ltd.

St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 24.—[Special.]—The grand prize for superiority of cocoa and chocolate preparation goes to the famous house of Walter Baker & Co., Dorchester, Mass. This is the highest award ever given in this country. The company was established in 1780 and has received forty-three awards from the great expositions in Europe and America.

MORMONS ARE TO INVADE MEXICO.

Mexico City, Oct. 24.—Mormon Bishop Cluff, of Salt Lake City, has closed a deal in the State of Tabasco for the purchase of nearly 340,000 acres of land. There is ample room for a thousand families, and 500 are ready to take up homesteads on the property.

BIG FIRE IN A SEWING MACHINE PLANT.

Orange, Mass., Oct. 24.—Spontaneous combustion is believed to have caused a fire which did $100,000 damages to-day at the plant of the New Home Sewing Machine Company. Ten thousand new machines were ruined.

Killed By Electric Wire.

Pittsburg, Oct. 24.—George Wiegel, manager of the Marine Ways at Elizabeth, Pa., was killed, and his assistant, George Williams, perhaps fatally injured as the result of coming in contact with a live electric wire on the Elizabeth bridge to-day.

Fire In a Charleston Hotel.

Charleston, W. Va., Oct. 24.—The new Kanawha Hotel was damaged by a fire starting from electric sign wiring on the roof. The hotel was full of guests. The damage, $50,000, caused mostly by water, was well covered by insurance.

Gilbert At Lancaster.

Lancaster, Ky., Oct. 24.—Congressman G. G. Gilbert, of Shelbyville, spoke at the courthouse this afternoon in the interest of his candidacy and the national ticket. He predicted Parker's election and spoke of him in the highest terms. He said Kentucky would do for Parker what it did for the gallant Beckham one year ago. Local speakers followed Mr. Gilbert.

WOGGLE BUG COUPON.

OCT. 25. Use this Coupon only. **No. 25**

To the WOGGLE BUG EDITOR SUNDAY COURIER-JOURNAL, Louisville, Ky.

The answer to the question asked of the Woggle Bug in the Comic Section of the paper of SUNDAY, OCTOBER 23, is—

_____

_____

_____

_____

Name .....

Street and Number.....

Town or City.....

State .....

Trim Your Coupons Close To the Black Line.

This coupon can be used only for the answer to the question asked Sunday, October 23.

Employes of the Courier-Journal not permitted to compete.

See prize list ($250) and rules in Sunday and Wednesday Courier-Journal.

HAVANA STUDENTS STONE STREET CARS.

Havana, Oct. 24.—Riotous students this afternoon stoned some street cars here, whereupon the company operating the system suspended service on the two university lines, claiming that the street railway was not afforded proper protection. This claim is based on the fact that thirty students arrested for a previous attack on cars had been subsequently released.

ALBRIGHT GETS A CHANGE OF VENUE.

St. Louis, Oct. 24.—Judge Taylor of the St. Louis circuit court to-day granted an application for a change of venue made two weeks ago by T. Edward Albright, former member of the St. Louis Municipal Assembly, under indictment on a charge of bribery.

CANDY DULLS BRAINS OF SCHOOL CHILDREN.

[Plainfield, N. J., Telegram to the Philadelphia North American.]

Younger pupils in one of the public schools having shown an uncommon distaste for studies and a most amazing dullness, the Board of Education asked Borough Physician J. H. Buchanan to make an examination as to the cause.

Dr. Buchanan says in his report that the trouble comes from eating cheap candy. He found the candy habit as firmly fixed among them as a taste for drink with a drinker. Inside the mouths of the pupils he found a peculiar color, different from the natural, and similar in all instances that he examined.

He found that the pupils are in the habit of buying candy on the way to school and eating it almost constantly. He noted that it was invariably colored candy, and that it had stained their mouths and throats, even to the stomach, acting as a slow poison.

The Board of Education will adopt some measures to check the custom of buying colored candy.

SMALLEST SHE HAD.

[Philadelphia Record.]

Two women boarded a car at Sixteenth and Chestnut streets yesterday afternoon, and it was very evident from their conversation, which was pitched in an exceedingly high key, that they were not used by birth to the good things which Providence had seen fit to shower upon them. One wore eyeglasses, which she constantly took off and then replaced.

"I can't see right through 'em," she explained to her companion. Then she produced her purse and extracted a $20 bill, with which she proceeded to wipe the offending glasses. "I find," she explained, glancing around the car to note the effect, "that the best way to clean 'em is with paper money. A handkerchief don't seem to do no good."

"You don't have to use a twenty, do you?" asked the other woman. "Don't a one do as well?"

"Oh, yes," replied the other, languidly, "but ones have more germs, they tell me, because they're so common. I'm usin' a twenty because it's the smallest I've got."

OLDEST BUILDING IN INDIAN TERRITORY.

[Kansas City Journal.]

The oldest building in the Indian Territory is in Fort Gibson, where the fort was first located, occupied continuously since 1823. It is of hewn logs, which have been covered with boards and is still in a fair state of preservation. The Ross girls have lived there about thirty years.

Before its spacious fireplace, still in use, many notables have sat—Gen. Scott, Gen. Taylor, Jeff Davis, Gen. Robert E. Lee, Gen. McClellan, Gen. Bragg and others. Gen. Taylor once lived here with his family, including his daughter Bettie, who married Jeff Davis. It might be mentioned also that Gen. Bragg, who won fame in the Mexican War and the rebellion, sojourned here for a time, and that Albert Sidney Johnston, while on his way to Salt Lake City after the Mountain Meadow massacre, in 1858, rested his army here.

Higgins Trial Postponed.

Peoria, Ill., Oct. 24.—The preliminary hearing of Richard Higgins, charged with the murder of Mrs. Nellie Thomasson has been postponed until 2 o'clock Wednesday afternoon. This action was taken at the request of both the State and the defense.

COSTLY

Campaign Document from the Philippines.

TAFT-WRIGHT CABLEGRAMS

TAKE $570 OUT OF THE NATIONAL TREASURY.

KNOTT, ET. AL. LOSE CASE.

Washington, Oct. 24.—[Special.]—Judge Parker's strong speeches on imperialism and extravagance are evidently drawing the fire of his opponents. The forceful and true statements made by him cannot be ignored, hence the partisan machinery of the Administration is turned loose to manufacture denials, and statements are issued having for their object the discredit of the Democratic nominee.

What Judge Parker said about the Philippines has been common gossip for months and the facts stated by him are borne out by hundreds of private letters which have reached this country as well as statements made by persons who have recently visited the Philippines. Of course, the information is not derived from Government reports, so the Administration at once responds that Judge Parker does not know what he is talking about, and to prove it, Luke Wright, Roosevelt's Governor of the Philippiens, is called upon to give to the people the true state of affairs. This Wright does to the satisfaction and gratification of the Administration.

Incidentally, the thought naturally arises among many Democrats that if affairs in the Philippines are in as good shape as Wright pictures them, the inhabitants of the islands are certainly not as unfit for self-government as the Administration has been claiming.

Acting Secretary of the Treasury Taylor was also called upon to-day to contribute to the Republican campaign, and from an Administration standpoint answered Judge Parker's speech on extravagance as thoroughly as Wright handled the Philippines speech, the only difference being that Taylor did not touch upon the indefensible extravagance displayed by the Administration.

* * *

A Costly Campaign Document.

He might have also referred to the latest waste of the people's money—the Wright-Taft cablegrams—for while Secretary Taylor was preparing his statement, Gov. Wright's reply was coming over the wire. It made, with the Taft cablegram, about eleven hundred code words, and cost the Government just $570 for this particular campaign document.

* * *

Democratic Mail Lost.

The dispatches from Indianapolis to the effect that the Democratic Committee mail is being delayed and lost appealed strongly to Chairman Cowherd, of the Democratic Congressional Committee. He learned to-day that thirty-five large sacks of campaign literature has been found in the basement of the Boston post-office. The literature was sent out several weeks ago, destined for Massachusetts districts, and failing to reach the Democratic district chairmen, tracers were sent out with the above result.

* * *

Knott Et Al Lose.

In the United States Supreme Court to-day, a petition for a writ of certiorari to the Circuit Court of Appeals, Sixth district, was denied in the case of Stuart R. Knott, et al., vs. the Louisville Trust Company.

* * *

Additional rural free delivery service was ordered established December 1 at Pendleton, Henry county, Ky., with one carrier; area covered, twelve square miles; population served, 382. Rural free delivery carriers appointed: Kentucky—Burlington, regular William C. Hughes, substitute George G. Hughes, Tennessee—Braxton, regular Ricy Mingle, substitute Bill Hayes; Hickory Point, regulars James W. Cross and Thomas L. King, substitutes John A. McCool and George W. Burton; Taft, regular Andrew Hentz, substitute Charlie B. McDonald.

* * *

Abraham L. Wax has been appointed Postmaster at Day, Harlan county, vice A. J. Howard, resigned.



The NEW BOOKLOVERS MAGAZINE

The Booklovers Magazine is **new** every month. It has no made-in-advance program; no traditions to live up to; no example to model after. The November number **out to-day** is the very newest magazine in the field. It isn't like any other and it isn't meant to be. Even the advertising pages are a little more attractive than in most magazines. On all news stands. Price: 25 cents.

FIGURING

(Continued from First Page.)

La Follette ticket regular. Judge Winslow holds the party committee in the State superior to the National Committee, because recognized and regulated by law, while the National Committee is merely a "voluntary" body.

A Busy Day For Mr. Taggart.

Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 24.—Democratic National Chairman Taggart was busy to-day with State party leaders at headquarters. Mr. Taggart said today he would probably know to-morrow when he will return to New York. He may go with the Bryan train, which will make a two-days' tour of Northern Indiana, the first speech being at Kendallville to-morrow morning.

Head Going To Indiana.

Nashville, Tenn., Oct. 24.—[Special.]—At the earnest solicitation of the Democratic leaders, the Hon. James M. Head has cancelled all his Tennessee appointments, and will leave at once to speak in Indiana, Wisconsin and Illinois. Ex-Congressman Joseph E. Washington will fill Mr. Head's Tennessee appointments.

Senator Clark To Speak.

Butte, Mont., Oct. 24.—Concerning a rumor in New York that Senator W. A. Clark intends retiring from politics, Judge William Byckford, counsel for Senator Clark, said to-day that there was no truth in it. He said Senator Clark would begin at once a speaking tour of the State in the interest of the Democratic ticket.

Called On the President.

Washington, Oct. 24.—Gen. Felix Agnus, editor of the Baltimore American, and Representative Frank Wachter, of Maryland, were callers to-day on the President. Both of them gave the President assurances that the situation in Maryland from a Republican viewpoint was improving.

Money For Campaign Fund.

Nashville, Tenn., Oct. 24.—[Special.]—A committeee of Democrats to-day sent $711 to the National committee for use where it is most needed. Over $1,000 was subscribed, and the balance will be collected and sent in a day or so.

Spooner To Speak In Indiana.

New York, Oct. 24.—Senator Spooner, of Wisconsin, expects to speak in Indiana next week.

COMMON TALK

THAT MARROQUIN WAS PAID TO AID THE REVOLUTION.

Smythe's Mission There Was To Endeavor To Secure Proof, Says Brooklyn Paper.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Oct. 24.—[Special.]—In answer to the charge that the Democratic National Committee tried to foment a revolution in Panama to embarrass the Roosevelt Administration, the Brooklyn Eagle to-day made the following statement:

"Clarence Smythe, as an agent of the Democratic National Committee, did not go to Panama to foment a second insurrection, as alleged by the State Department.

"That he did go as an agent of the Democratic Committee is undeniably true, but he was charged with a mission of far greater importance to the American people than that of attempting to forward one of those papier mache revolutions characteristic of the South American Republics.

"He went to Colombia to secure documentary evidence of the fact that the present Republican Administration had not only fomented the Panama revolution, but had secured the aid of the Marroquin Government of Colombia to that end.

"It was common talk there at that time that the sum that induced Marroquin to this act of treachery to his own Government was $250,000 and that that money came from the secret service fund of the United States."

DEMURRER TO CANAL BOND INJUNCTION SUIT.

Washington, Oct. 24.—District Attorney Beach to-day filed in the District Supreme Court a demurrer to the suit brought by Warren S. Wilson, of Hinsdale, Ill., for a permanent injunction to prevent the Secretary of the Treasury from disbursing any money or issuing any bonds on account of the Panama canal. The suit attacked the constitutionality of the Spooner Law authorizing the expenditures on the canal, and the hearing will be had in court to-morrow.

TAFT TO SAIL FROM PENSACOLA.

Washington, Oct. 24.—The Navy Department has determined that Secretary Taft's visit to Panama will start from Pensacola instead of Tampa, as was originally projected, the reason being that the Columbia, which is to carry the party, cannot enter Tampa harbor safely because of her great draft. The party expects to start from Pensacola on the 14th, and the Columbia will be speeded with her triple screws to make the trip to Colon within four days.

Dr. Landrith Resigns Position.

Nashville, Tenn., Oct. 24.—Dr. Ira Landrith, one of the best known Cumberland Presbyterian ministers in the country, has tendered his resignation as secretary of the Religious Education Association, with headquarters in Chicago. Dr. Landrith will return to Nashville and accept the regency of the Belmont Female College, this city

Award For Standard Dictionary.

St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 24.—[Special.]—World's Fair judges to-day gave grand prize (highest award) to Funk & Wagnalls for their Standard Dictionary, and gold medal for their Literary Digest and reference works.

All Conditions Fulfilled.

Cleveland, O., Oct. 24.—The Cleveland Young Women's Christian Association to-day finished a two-years' task of raising the sum of $150,000 in order to secure an additional $100,000 promised by John D. Rockefeller. The money which will be used to erect a central building here was required to be subscribed by November 1.

Draws Line On Bull Fight.

New Orleans, Oct. 24.—Representatives of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, called on Acting Mayor McRacken to-day, asking him to refuse a permit to Felix Robert, the French matador, to give a bull fight in New Orleans. The acting Mayor said he would not permit the performance here.

Death of Lady Dilke.

London, Oct. 24.—Lady Dilke, wife of the Rt. Hon. Sir Charles Wentworth Dilke, died suddenly to-day at her residence, in Woking. She was born September 2, 1840. Lady Dilke died as the result of the rupture of a blood vessel.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.



BRASS BEDS —AND— MAHOGANY SUITES

MAKE THE MOST STYLISH FURNISHINGS FOR UP-TO-DATE HOMES, AND FOR THIS REASON WE HAVE THE BEST LINE EVER OFFERED OUR CUSTOMERS.

FURNITURE

SUITABLE FOR ANY HOME, FROM THE LABORER'S COTTAGE TO THE PALACE OF THE RICH.

PRICES ALWAYS RIGHT.

"Schupp & Schmidt"

BOTH PHONES 438. 421-3 WEST MARKET.



Radiators and Boilers FOR STEAM AND HOT WATER.

COMPLETE LINE OF HEATING SUPPLIES. ESTIMATES SUBMITTED THROUGH STEAMFITTERS.

General Line of Supplies for Mills, Mines and Factories.

The Ahrens & Ott Mfg. Co.

Branch House, New Orleans, La. LOUISVILLE, Ky.

GEHER & SON 217 Market, Near Second

We have the largest, best and most varied assortment of **Stoves and Ranges**

We make a specialty of stoves made in Louisville, and in after years when your stove begins to need repairs you will appreciate such a stove.

AS SOUVENIRS

FURNISHINGS OF KENTUCKY BUILDING ARE TO BE SOLD.

Carpet and Furniture Are Going First and Intending Purchasers Should Make Haste.

Kentucky Building, World's Fair, St. Louis, Oct. 24.—[Special.]—The Kentucky Building at the Louisiana Purchase Exposition is conceded to be the most popular State edifice on the grounds and the thousands who have visited this "New Kentucky Home" have shown so much interest in its furnishings, and have brought such pressure to bear to obtain pieces of it for souvenirs that the Kentucky World's Fair Commission has determined to sell all the furniture, carpets, draperies and curtains in the building. These furnishings were secured at less than wholesale price, thanks to the interest of Louisville furnishing houses, who donated their profit. During the past week large cards, making the following announcement, were posted all over the Kentucky Building:

BUY
A USEFUL SOUVENIR!
Of Course You Want Something Suggestive of Kentucky.
All the Furnishings, Carpets, Curtains, Draperies and Show Cases
In the Kentucky Building Are
—FOR SALE CHEAP.—
Buy Something.
Inquire at Secretary's Office
For Prices.

Since the cards were put up several hundred yards of the carpet and about fifty pieces of the furniture have been sold. Those in Kentucky wishing to get a piece of the furniture or some of the curtains should write at once to the Secretary of the Commission, care Kentucky Building, World's Fair Grounds.

Beat His Wife and Killed Himself.

Columbia, S. C., Oct. 24.—Dr. Van Telburni Hoffman, surgeon of the Atlantic Coast Line Railway, at Sumter, beat his wife this morning and then blew off the top of his head with a shotgun. The dead man was very prominent professionally and socially in this part of the State, and the act has caused a great sensation.



ECONOMIST STAR, The Wonderful Double **HOT BLAST, Air-Tight SMOKE CONSUMING STOVE.**

18 Sizes and Styles.

Sold by all dealers.

Made only by Bridgeford & Co. 501 W. Main.

RAILROAD EMPLOYE FINDS $25,000 WORTH OF JEWELS.

Left On a Seat At the Grand Central Station In New York.

New Haven, Conn., Oct. 24.—The $25,000 worth of jewels which were left on a seat at the Grand Central Station, New York, by Mrs. E. P. Gavit, of Albany, have been recovered here. They were picked up by John F. Zedrick Hocking, of this city, a New Haven road employe. The jewels were taken to a trust company for safekeeping, and Anthony Brady, the father of Mrs. Gavit was informed of their recovery.

Only Seven Pigeons Survive.

St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 24.—[Special.]—Of 200 carrier pigeons entered in the World's Fair races only seven survive. One belonging to Dr. B. C. Frazier, of Louisville, won a race Saturday.

A Guaranteed Cure For Piles.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure you in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

TO GATHER

In Mental Arena "To See Sparks Fly."

BAPTIST CONGRESS TO MEET

IN LOUISVILLE WITHOUT OTHER DESIGN.

THINKERS AMONG MEMBERS.

One of the most unique of all national gatherings will be held in Louisville early in November—the Baptist Congress—termed by its own members a "company of gentlemen whose only purpose in gathering is to see the sparks fly in the mental arena." The members of the congress come from the highest walks of life, some of them college professors, lawyers, ministers, doctors, but all of them—when they are called to order in their annual meeting—intellectual free-lances. All that is required of a candidate is that he be equipped with faith and membership in the Baptist church and a mind.

For twenty-two years the members of this organization have been meeting annually in various cities throughout the United States, but seldom have they visited the South. During all of these years a motion has never been put by the congress, never has a resolution been passed and never have the yeas and nays echoed through their places of meeting. The congress is no one's mouthpiece, and what is said and done there is a matter of concern to the individuals alone. The organization has not authority to speak for any one, does not seek it and merely lives for art's sake, the art of oratory, debate and the clash of master minds upon subjects of general interest.

* * *

Not a Church Organization.

Although it is primarily a Baptist organization, it is not supported nor authorized by the church. It is, however, one common ground upon which baptists can get together, and to again use their own term "speak out in meeting" without censure. Indeed, this "speaking out" is the life of the body. Each man is accountable to himself alone for what opinion he advances, and if he back them up with sufficient argument, they may become the opinions of his hearers also.

* * *

At Dr. Jones' Invitation.

The congress comes to Louisville at the invitation of the Rev. Dr. Carter Helm Jones, of the Broadway Baptist church, in which all of the sessions will be held. Prominent men, powerful thinkers and scholars of fame, have accepted places upon the programme and will be heard during the three days of the meeting. Following the programmed addresses each day any member of the congress can obtain recognition for a ten-minute talk by sending his card to the chairman.

Other churches of the Baptist denomination will assist in the entertainment of the members of the congress, of whom from fifty to one hundred will be in attendance. Plans have not been fully completed, but it is intended if possible to give the visitors a banquet before their departure. Invitations will be sent out to Baptists throughout Kentucky, Tennessee, Indiana and Ohio, and with a representative attendance from these States a large number of visitors is expected.

The dates for the meeting, November 8, 9 and 10, were set one year ago, and at that time the coming election did not enter into their plans. However, as the time approached the members of the congress objected to being away from home on election day, and as a result a meeting was held in New York last night for the purpose of making the convention come the following week, if possible.

* * *

Three Days' Programme.

The programme for the three days is as follows:

TUESDAY.

1. "What Should the Churches Demand of the Theological Schools?" Writers: Prof. E. D. Burton, D. D., Chicago; President E. Y. Mullins, D. D., Louisville. Speakers: Rev. O. P. Gifford, D. D., Buffalo; Rev. J. S. Sowers, Th. D., Norwood, O. 2. "Are Christian Principles a Hindrance to Financial Success?" Writers: Rev. M. Ashby Jones, Richmond, Va.; Mr. J. S. Dickerson, Chicago. Speakers: Prof. Arthur Yeager, Ph. D., Georgetown, Ky.; E. B. Pollard, Ph. D., Georgetown.

WEDNESDAY.

1. "The Relation of Theology to Religion." Writers: Rev. C. H. Dodd, Newark, N. J.; Prof. W. J. McGlothlin, D. D., Louisville. Speakers: Rev. H. A. Sumrell, D. D., Shreveport, La.; Rev. D. B. Cheney, Terre Haute, Ind. 2. "Does the New Testament Provide a Definite and Permanent Church Policy?" Writers: Rev. E. Gill, Th. D., Louisville; Prof. Walter Rauschenbusch, D. D., Rochester. Speakers: Rev. Lansing Burrows, D. D., Nashville; President E. W. Hunt, D. D., Granville, O.

THURSDAY.

1. "How Far May One Differ From Accepted Standards and Remain a Baptist?" Writers: Rev. G. H. Ferris, New Haven; Rev. G. B. Eager, D. D., Louisville. Speakers: Rev. J. L. Jackson, Chicago; Rev. D. L. Denman, Milwaukee. 2. "Oneness in Christ." Rev. J. F. Herget, Cincinnati; Rev. J. N. Prestridge, D. D., Louisville.

DOWIE FOLLOWER ENDS HIS LIFE AT KOKOMO.

Verne Krall Was Arrested On the Charge of Embezzling Zion City Funds.

Kokomo, Ind., Oct. 24.—Police authorities have identified the well-dressed young man who took arsenic in the Lake Erie and Western railroad station and afterward died, as Verne Krall, until recently of Zion City, Ill. His father lives at Hoopeston, Ill.

He had a position of trust in one of the Dowie industries, and the handling of considerable money. He had trouble on account of an alleged irregularity, and had been arrested and was to have been tried this month on a charge of embezzlement.

Family Almost Suffocated.

Evansville, Ind., Oct. 24.—[Special.]—The house occupied by John Quenser in Posey county Ind., was destroyed by fire early this morning and the occupants were almost suffocated. Loss $3,000.

Elopers Wed In Indiana.

Evansville, Ind., Oct. 24.—[Special.]—Fred David, twenty-two, and Miss Della Cox, nineteen, of Wheatcroft, Ky., eloped here to-day and were married by Magistrate H. P. Schrader.

SOCIALIST CANDIDATE FOR VICE PRESIDENT SPEAKS.

William Wesley Cox, of Illinois, candidate for Vice President on the Socialist Labor Party ticket, made the first of a series of three speeches last night to a crowd of about fifty people on a vacant lot at Twenty-sixth and Eleven streets. His speech was along the lines usually followed by labor extremists, and a scathing denunciation of all forms of democratic government. Cox will speak at Logan and Merritt streets to-night and at Seventeenth and Gallagher streets to-morrow night. He was introduced last night by Albert Schmutz, leader in the ranks of the local Socialist Labor party.

EVANSVILLE FLOATER MAY BE TONY HEISING.

Body Taken From River Awaiting Identification—Louisville Man Left Wednesday.

A telegram to the police received last night, which stated that the body of an unknown man had been taken from the river at Evansville, has led the authorities and the family to believe that the body is that of Tony Heising. A description of the missing man was telegraphed to Evansville last night, but no answer was received.

Heising disappeared from the City Hospital last Wednesday morning. He was taken to that institution the previous Monday to be treated for arsenic poisoning, as he had been found in his room at 628 Clay street suffering intensely and the friends who found him were informed that he had attempted suicide because Miss Hattie Hilker, who lived in the same house, had refused his offer of marriage. Heising was not seriously ill, and was discharged from the hospital two days after his admission. When he left the hospital he announced that he was going home, but nothing has been seen of him by any relatives and his disappearance was reported to the police last week.

TENNESEE CONFERENCE CONCLUDES ITS LABORS.

Adjourns To Meet Next Year In Nashville—Whisky Traffic Is Condemned.

Gallatin, Tenn., Oct. 24.—[Special.]—The Tennessee Conference concluded its annual session late this afternoon, and will meet next year at McKendree Church, Nashville. The last day's session was devoted to the reading and discussion of the reports of the standing committees. Some of these reports, notably that from the Committee on Education, provoked lively debate. This report admitted that coeducation was a failure, and urged that steps be taken to establish a female college.

The report of the Committee on Temperance favored the extension of the Adams law to all towns and cities in the State, and severely condemned the jug trade in dry towns, and the cigarette habit.

The Mission Board report favored a 10 per cent. increase in collections for missions. There was some grumbling over this. Sabbath desecration was deplored in another report.

Easter Sunday was set apart for taking a public collection in each church for the superannuate endowment fund. The sum of $7,527.57 was distributed to beneficiaries of the fund in the shape of checks.

The Committee on Church Property reported an increase in churches and parsonages, with an increase in valuation.

* * *

Appointments Made.

Among the appointments were the following:

Clarksville district, A. E. Chenault, presiding elder. Clarksville, Madison-street, A. P. McFerrin; Forest-street, T. H. Gilbert; New Providence and Bethel, E. L. Gregory; Montgomery circuit, J. A. Allison; Indian Mound and Hopewell, T. A. Covington, supernumerary; Big Rock circuit, P. N. Johnson; St. Bethlehem and Sadlersville, J. W. Hensley; Asbury circuit, J. W. Faires; Cedar Hill and Adams, W. H. Doss; Cross Plains circuit, Jerome Winford; Springfield, W. Weakley; Red River circuit, J. L. Chenault; Pleasant-view and Mallory, J. G. Hooper; Ashland City and Clifton, B. T. Lanmon; Bethlehem and Hickory Point, G. M. Sanders; Southside, J. L. Teague; Antioch, J. T. Thornton; Palmyra, J. A. Patterson.

J. J. Stowe is assigned to Gallatin; R. E. Travis to Fountain Head; O. R. Hill to Sumner circuit.

AMERICANS TO EXPLOIT HAYTIAN TIMBER LANDS.

Port Au Prince, Hayti, Oct. 24.—Two Americans, Schiess and Tommins, who represent American capitalists, have received a concession from the Government for the exploitation of Haytian timber lands, which amounts to a practical monopoly of the industry in this republic.

POSTSCRIPT.

[Answers.]

Tess—But her name, with the date of her birth, is in their family Bible, is it not?

Jess—Yes; but the entry is in her handwriting.



By this signature you shall know the O'Sullivan Rubber Heel; you'll find it on each box. It is a guarantee that you are getting heels of brand new rubber as it comes from the banks of the Amazon.

AT the present time crude rubber costs $1.15 per pound, but it is the only rubber giving resiliency, comfort, dependability and wear.

These are the features that have caused our rubber heel to be recognized by physicians, adopted by hospitals and used by hustlers. They are a relief to the world; are a panacea to women and the greatest boon ever offered to the public. Remove jar in walking, give a silent easy tread, outwear the shoes, but, like all other good things, have substitutes. Substituting means cheapening. All other makes claim to be as good as O'SULLIVAN'S, but where they demand the same price for substitutes, is it not a reason you should demand O'SULLIVAN'S—the only kind made of new rubber?

35 Cents at all dealers and a trifle for attaching. If dealers cannot supply, send 35 cents to

O'Sullivan Rubber Co.,
LOWELL, MASS.

CAMPAIGN

In Harrison Is Opened By Senator McCreary.

SPEECH CAUSES ENTHUSIASM.

GOV. BECKHAM AND MR. CARUTH AT ELIZABETHTOWN.

MR. JAMES SPEAKS AT MURRAY

Cynthiana, Ky., Oct. 24.—[Special.]—United States Senator McCreary opened the Democratic campaign in Harrison county this afternoon at the Opera-house before an immense crowd.

Mr. McCreary came from Indiana, where he has been speaking for the past ten days. He began his speech by delivering the message sent by Chairman Thomas Taggart to the Democrats of Kentucky, telling them that they would carry the States of New York, Connecticut, Indiana, West Virginia and the Western States. This message created a great deal of enthusiasm. Mr. McCreary said the Republicans were making a boastful campaign and not sticking to the issues of the day. He spoke at length upon the race question and militarism.

The Democrats of Harrison county are making preparations for a big rally at Cynthiana on Saturday, November 5, when John Sharp Williams, of Mississippi, will be the principal speaker.

CARROLL IN GRAYSON.

Large Crowd At Leitchfield Hears the Issues Discussed.

Leitchfield, Ky., Oct. 24.—[Special.]—Hon. A. J. Carroll opened the Democratic campaign here this afternoon and made one of the best speeches ever made in Leitchfield.

Hon. C. W. Buck was billed to speak on the same day by the Republicans. His speech was received without enthusiasm. It seemed to be a preconcerted plan of the Republicans to have Buck consume the whole afternoon. He spoke more than two and one-half hours, leaving Mr. Carroll hardly an hour to speak and reach the 5 o'clock train for Louisville.

Mr. Carroll spoke for fifty-five minutes and dwelt briefly upon the various issues between the two parties. His speech was received with the heartiest applause. He said all trusts were the outgrowth of a high protective tariff, and stated that under the fostering care of the Republican party the people of the United States paid 20 per cent. more for machinery and many necessary articles used for home consumption than the people of foreign countries paid. He sounded a note of warning when he spoke of Roosevelt and his repeated violations of the Constitution. He said a large standing army was always a menace to free government.

Mr. Carroll arraigned President Roosevelt for his attitude on the race question, and said if he was re-elected President, Senator Lodge, his right-hand bower, would formulate a force bill more far-reaching and injurious to the South than the measure he introduced before. He closed by paying a glowing tribute to Judge Parker.

BLACKBURN WELL RECEIVED.

The Senator's Speech At Madisonville Arouses Enthusiasm.

Madisonville, Ky., Oct. 24.—[Special.]—It fell to the share of Senator J. C. S. Blackburn to awaken the interest in the campaign which has been so noticeably dull in Hopkins county this fall, when he addressed two large audiences in this county this afternoon and evening. This evening he spoke to 2,000 people in the Tabernacle, the largest public hall in the town, and was given a most enthusiastic greeting. The Senator's effort was an able one. The issues of the campaign were treated in a manner that brought out the latent enthusiasm and caused the first wild cheering of the campaign in this section. The greatest applause greeted the speaker when he touched upon the negro question, an issue which is especially close to the people of Hopkins county, where so many negroes live and vote solidly for the Republican party.

The Senator pleaded with the people to support the Democratic ticket and save the South from the misrule of the opposition. He took time to touch upon local politics and urge the people to support the Hon. R. B. Bradley, who is up at a special election for County Judge. He paid an eloquent tribute to Congressman Stanley and a glowing eulogy to former Congressman Polk Laffoon, who sat on the stage. His discussion of imperialism and his arraignment of the President will have lasting effect upon the voters in Hopkins.

BECKHAM AND CARUTH

Are Heard By a Large Crowd At Elizabethtown.

Elizabethtown, Ky., Oct. 24.—[Special.]—Gov. Beckham and Hon. A. G. Caruth spoke here to-day to the largest crowd assembled here at a political meeting for years. The crowd was estimated at between 1,500 and 2,000. Enthusiasm for the Democratic ticket, which has been heretofore reported as lethargic, was strongly evinced by the voters in loud and emphatic demonstrations.

The speeches were warmly applauded by the people.

County Clerk F. G. Corley, chairman of the Democratic County Committee, will bill the county with local speakers, and speakings will be held in every town in the county from now on until the election. A Democratic majority of 1,000 or 1,200 is expected to be polled in the county for Parker and Davis.

SPEAKING AT OWENTON.

Large Crowd Hears Col. Young and Congressman Trimble.

Owenton, Ky., Oct. 24.—[Special.]—Col. Bennett H. Young and Congressman South Trimble spoke here this afternoon. The courthouse was packed with enthusiastic Democrats, and not more than half the crowd could get in the building. Col. Young spoke for an hour and fifteen minutes, and delivered some telling blows against Roosevelt and the Republican party. Congressman Trimble made a forcible speech of one hour. Both speakers were roundly applauded and the general feeling was that they had rendered the party a splendid service.

John F. Locket spoke in the forenoon in the interest of the Republican ticket. He was given respectful attention, but there was no enthusiasm.

OLLIE JAMES AT MURRAY.

His Republican Opponent Failed To Show Up At Speaking.

Murray, Ky., Oct. 24.—[Special.]—To-day was the banner day for Calloway county Democrats. Hon. Ollie M. James, Democratic nominee for Congress, spoke to a crowd of 3,000 at the courthouse in behalf of the Democratic national ticket.

His Republican opponent, J. C. Speight, who was billed to meet him, failed to show up, having declined to meet him on the stump. James' speech was often drowned with applause as he delivered blow after blow at Roosevelt and the Republican Administration.

DEBATE AT SPRINGFIELD.

Dr. Bruner and Morton K. Yonts Lock Horns.

Springfield, Ky., Oct. 24.—[Special.]—Dr. Bruner and Morton K. Yontz met this afternoon at Springfield in joint debate. A big crowd was in town. Dr. Bruner led off and spoke for one hour. Mr. Yonts spoke for an hour and fifteen minutes, and made one of the finest speeches that have been made here for a long time. He devoted his entire speech to national issues, and urged the Democrats to support the national ticket and the Hon. D. H. Smith for Congress. Dr. Bruner insisted that he should succeed Mr. Smith in Congress.

Magoffin Withdraws.

Harrodsburg, Ky., Oct. 24.—[Special.]—Hon. E. B. Magoffin to-day withdrew from the race for Senator from this, the Twentieth senatorial district, leaving the race between S. C. Black and J. P. Chinn.

Mr. Black to-night authorized the Courier-Journal correspondent to say that in case he is elected he will support J. B. McCreary and J. C. S. Blackburn for United States Senators.

Porter Heard At Elkton.

Elkton, Ky., Oct. 24.—[Special.]—Hon. N. A. Porter, of Warren county, addressed a splendid audience here to-night in the interest of the National and Congressional nominees. No more intelligent discussion of great Governmental questions has been heard here during the campaign.

Stanley Speaks At Central City.

Central City, Ky., Oct. 24.—[Special.]—Hon. A. O. Stanley addressed a mixed audience of about 200 people here to-night. The main points of his argument were opposition to government by injunction and advocacy of national approval of an eight-hour day for labor. His speech was well received.

McChesney Flays Jones.

Edmonton, Ky., Oct. 24.—[Special.]—Hon. H. S. McChesney, in joint debate with W. H. Jones here to-day, literally flayed him alive. Hon. J. Morgan Chinn spoke at 12 o'clock to a large and enthusiastic crowd, and made a fine impression. Democrats are alive in Metcalfe county.

Populist Speaks At Owensboro.

Owensboro, Ky., Oct. 24.—[Special.]—Hon. W. P. Howard, a former Congressman from Alabama, spoke to sixty-four people at the courthouse to-night in the interest of the Populist ticket. The majority were Republican office-holders of the city.

Speaking At Versailles.

Versailles, Ky., Oct. 24.—[Special.]—Hon. James S. Morris, of Lagrange, was unable to fill his speaking appointment here this afternoon. Capt. James Blackburn spoke instead and made a strong speech for Democrats. A large crowd heard him.

Speaking At Bedford.

Bedford, Ky., Oct. 24.—[Special.]—J. L. Ellison, of Covington, and James J. Fitzgerald, of Louisville, spoke here to-day to a large crowd in behalf of the Democratic national ticket. Both made good speeches which were enthusiastically received.

Blackburn and Laffoon Speak.

Dawson, Ky., Oct. 24.—[Special.]—Hon. J. C. S. Blackburn and Hon. Polk Laffon spoke this afternoon to a large and enthusiastic audience. Immediately after the speaking they drove to Madisonville, where Senator Blackburn spoke at 7 o'clock.

ANOTHER GRAFTING SCHEME IS EXPOSED.

New York Firemen Promised Immediate Promotion For Sum of One Thousand Dollars.

New York, Oct. 24.—Fire Commissioner Hayes has announced the discovery of a plot to obtain from firemen on the eligible list for promotion to higher grades large sums of money. The Commissioner was informed of the matter through knowledge which came to a priest in the performance of his church duties.

One of the firemen on the eligible list, on the advice of the priest, called upon the Commissioner and stated that a man who is known to make a business of lending money to city employes had offered to secure the firemen immediate promotion by the use of $1,000.

According to the fireman, the money lender used the name of Commissioner Hayes, who was to figure in the transaction. News of the plot aroused the Commissioner's ire and he made a rigid investigation during which, he says, it was learned at least two firemen had been imposed upon by being led to believe they would at once be chosen from the eligible list for promotion by the use of money. It is likely the whole matter will be placed before the District Attorney for further investigation.

WOMAN CHARGED WITH REGISTRATION FRAUDS.

Her Lodging-House Alleged To Have Been Packed With Illegal Voters.

New York, Oct. 24.—The unusual spectacle of a woman arraigned in a police court, charged with registration frauds, was witnessed here to-day. The prisoner was Katie Hicks, thirty-eight years old, who is the lessee of three lodging houses on the lower west side. From these three houses, according to the complaint, 125 men are registered, and it is alleged that between sixty and seventy of the registrations are fraudlent. According to the story told in court to-day the prisoner has been active in politics for many years. The prisoner was held in $500 bail.

Big Fire In An Ohio Town.

Troy, O., Oct. 24.—A fire was started in the livery stable of W. H. Gillis in the heart of the business district to-day and spread from the starting point to Main and Walnut streets, east to Mulberry street, destroying in all a dozen or more business and dwelling houses. The aggregate loss will be at least $75,000, with no statement of insurance.

CAUTION!

The LIEBIG Company give all their energies to Extract of Beef, from raising cattle to potting the extract. That is why theirs has been for "forty years the first," and why it is the only one limitated by infringers, who copy jars and labels, call their stuff "Liebig's"; and even counterfeit the blue signature.

The *contents* of the jars however, cannot be limitated *for quality*; be sure you get the real "Liebig Company's."

ASK FOR LIEBIG COMPANY'S EXTRACT OF BEEF

LOOK FOR THIS SIGNATURE Liebig IN BLUE

WOMAN'S HOME COMPANION

The Thanksgiving and Election number is on sale to-day. A magazine that goes into half a million homes, and is welcome in every one. Entertaining, companionable, helpful to all its readers—men, women and children—between two and three million of them—who regard this periodical as their ideal. In contents, illustrations and execution the WOMAN'S HOME COMPANION stands first and highest in their estimation.

The November Number

is exceptionally timely in its articles and artistic in its illustrations. You will be glad of a copy—indeed, must have one. There are many things in it for you.



Thoughtful readers will find in this number not only an absorbingly interesting story of the spectacular career of Sully, "King of Cotton," but a most startling revelation of the planters' "Crime Against the Cotton-Seed." But for Sully's marvelous warning the cotton supply of the world might have deteriorated more than it actually did—*and may yet* if the lesson passes unheeded.

Busy housekeepers, upon whose shoulders rests the responsibility for preparing the great feast of the year, will give joyful welcome to the ten prize recipes for old-fashioned Thanksgiving dinners. From these recipes, many of them handed down through generations of New England or Southern families, many a famous dinner of olden times, toothsome and abundant, may be duplicated.

"In Sod-House Land" is a sympathetic picture of the shaggy sod house as it used to stand "on the edge of things" in the rich-grassed leagues of the vast, dull-toned, clear-skied prairie.

Old Ireland's strangest shrine, "Saint Patrick's Purgatory," a quaint account of which has been written by Seumas MacManus, will delight all lovers and followers of Saint Patrick.

Our short stories are *capital*. "The Rising Up of Ezzie Wygelia"—"when she did rise up she just rose up all over"—is a story that will do every one good to read. And "The Girl and the Game" tells in a charming way how "the girl" married the man she "could beat 3-up" at golf.

The second instalment of "The King of Diamonds," a tale by Louis Tracy, author of "The Wings of the Morning," depicts the troubles of a boy made fabulously rich by a meteorite of diamonds. It is a story of such dramatic interest as to make it hard to wait for succeeding chapters.

Election articles and pictures are of course a marked feature of this number, one of the most stirring of which is an account of "Election-Night in a Newspaper Office." "An Election-Day Dinner" is an odd recipe well worked out.

For college girls, in this period of hazing and secret-society initiation, extracts from Martha Cobb Sanford's "Memory-Book" will be a bonanza. Richly illustrated with scenes of college pranks.

Our regular departments, as always, full of good features. Mrs. Sangster's Thanksgiving talk will help to find new causes for thanksgiving; "Fads and Frills of Fashion" treats of "adjustable things," and is particularly for the girl who has to depend upon her own ingenuity; "Children's Fashions;" "Photo Contest;" "Home Training of Children"—practical doings of the mothers themselves; while the "Children's Pages," under the conduct of Aunt Janet, will be hailed as joyfully as ever by the youngsters.

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TEN PAGES.

TUESDAY........OCTOBER 25, 1904

"Business."

Monday Evening, Oct. 24.—The North Sea blunder of the Russian Baltic squadron caused heavy selling of foreign stocks in London, which resulted in a lower opening of the New York stock market. The selling was quickly absorbed here, giving a demonstration of confidence, and the recovery was sharp. The list as a whole closed fractionally below Saturday's closing figures, but the market was active and strong at the end. Some of the leading issues closed higher, and the Eries, Ontario and Western, Rock Island, Pennsylvania and the several Pacifics were the features of the market.

Call money was steady and closed at 1¾@2. Time loans were easy, with sixty day bills at 3 per cent. and prime mercantile paper at 4@5 per cent. Sterling exchange was strong with posted rates at $4.84½@4.87. Bonds were irregular.

The wheat market was strong and active. December closed ⅜@¾c up and May ⅞c up. Corn was firm and closed ⅜@½c up. Oats were steady and unchanged.

Cotton was active and closed 20 points higher for spot, but with futures practically unchanged.

Cattle were steady in Chicago.

The Baltic Blunderers.

The Russian fleet has at last won a victory, but not over that of its adversary. Starting out upon its 13,000-mile voyage to Vladivostock, while still in the North Sea, and not yet having reached the open ocean, it encountered a fleet of British fishing smacks and opened fire upon them, as if they were Japanese torpedo boats threatening their destruction. Of course it was a mistake, possibly from misinterpreted orders from the Admiral, with no hostile purpose, or to be credited to a nervous sensitiveness of danger from an enemy vigilant and, as has been found, ever ready to attack a Russian fleet or vessel, whenever it presents itself. The incident, which is another illustration of the Russian aptitude to create international friction on the sea, will no doubt be satisfactorily settled by prompt apology and reparation to the families of the fishermen killed and to the owners of fishing vessels for the property destroyed. It is not conceivable that there was a wanton purpose in the attack, and, this conceded, there will be little less than the delays of formal diplomacy to silence the alarm and indignation it has aroused, not alone in England, but in every nation which has unarmed vessels afloat.

No apology or other reparation to Great Britain can, however, relieve the maritime nations of the fresh danger which such an event, from whatever cause to which it may be attributed, forebodes to the neutral marine which the fleet may encounter in the long voyage traversing the routes of the world's commerce. The exploits of the volunteer fleet in the Red Sea and other waters in searching neutral vessels, looting and sinking others, under conditions which closely allied their acts to piracy, may well excite alarm as to what may be done by the Baltic blunderers on the high seas under color of belligerent rights. While in some particulars Russia has modified her claim as to what constitutes contraband of war in the cargo of neutral vessels, there is every reason to apprehend a repetition of such incidents from a powerful fleet commanded by an Admiral who, at the onset, has committed such a blunder. A single cruiser or a smaller fleet might be deterred from questionable seizures by the fear of possible retribution inflicted before the end of the voyage, while immunity of this fleet from punishment, except from an intercepting Japanese fleet in Asiatic waters, will tend to greater indifference in the observance of the rights of neutrals. With this danger pending, it is not improbable that the squadrons of all nations cruising in proximity to the route to be followed by the Baltic fleet will be put upon the alert for the protection of their respective merchant marine. Whatever course may be pursued by the neutrals there is one Power from which he may expect a warm reception. Upon a reasonable calculation it will take three months to make the voyage. By that time Japan will have captured Port Arthur and its combined naval force will be on the alert. Apart from the liability to accidents from breakage of machinery and other casualties liable to occur in a fleet with little experience in the open sea, Rojentsvinsky will be incumbered with his slow-sailing transports, while all his vessels, from having to cross the equator twice, whether he goes by way of the Cape of Good Hope or Cape Horn, will be sluggish from the seaweed and barnacles accumulated in passing through the warm waters, and will be at great disadvantage against the fresher, more alert and faster sailing war vessels of the Japanese. The closing of the harbor of Vladivostock by ice will prevent succor or re-enforcement from that source, and the voyage which has so inauspiciously begun bids fair to have a much more tragic end.

The Closing Two Weeks.

Within a fortnight of the election upon which hangs so much of good or evil for the country, it is well to take a glance at the situation. Notwithstanding the boastful attitude assumed by the Republican leaders, who base their chief reliance for success upon the large corruption fund contributed by the Trusts and wrung from the vast army of Federal appointees, the Democrats have every reason to encourage them in a sustained effort to rescue the country from the calamity which would follow defeat. In no political contest of modern days has there been such harmonious accord and unity of purpose, to give cheer for the victory which will crown their work if it is prosecuted with the same zeal to the finish as has marked the campaign in every quarter of the field. In the East the skies are bright and everything points to victory. New York, once looked to as the bulwark of Republican success, seems now as securely Democratic as Kentucky, while the group of States in the East whose political position has always been in alignment with that of the Empire State, hold out every prospect of being true to their traditions. Maryland and West Virginia have long been taken out of the doubtful column, and Judge Parker will cross the Alleghanies with an assurance of strength which should stimulate the Democracy on this side of the divide to their best efforts.

In the Mississippi valley our alignment is strong and daily growing stronger. Indiana, which it was once hoped could be relied on as the home of one of the Republican candidates, has responded to the call of the Democratic leaders and gives them promise of victory. Under the influence of such cheering prospects the Democracy of the other States of the Middle West, torn by Republican faction, are encouraged by the brightening outlook and are growing daily in strength by their more thorough organization and increased activity. As we proceed further westward similar encouragement is found, not only in States which have heretofore been held as secure, but in others which but a short time ago were conceded to our adversaries. The farmers and working classes of the Great West are becoming alive to the bondage under which they have been held by the grasping policies of the Republican party, shaped for the enrichment of the corporations and trusts. Along the base of the Rockies and upon the waters of the Pacific there is similar awakening, and all signs are full of encouragement and hope.

But energy must not be relaxed and the common error of too great hopefulness must not dull the edge of our endeavor. From now until the polls close it must be work, work, work. Campaign speeches are good in their way and have their necessary place, but it is on the vigilance and organiation of the party, and above all on the sure casting of every vote, that success depends. Our party committees are alive to their duty and it only remains for the army of voters to be fully aligned and deliver their ballots on the day of battle to secure a great victory.

The Superlative Teddy.

In McClure's for November there are character sketches of the Democratic and the Republican candidates for the presidency—the former by Grover Cleveland, the latter by Senator Henry Cabot Lodge. The tone of these two articles is notable as showing the tendency of the two parties rather than the personal characteristics of the writers.

Of Judge Parker, Mr. Cleveland says that he has known him for twenty years. "He impressed me on our first acquaintance as a sincere, honest and able man, and this impression has with time and observation grown to clear and undoubting conviction." This is high praise, no doubt, but it is praise of a man and not of a demi-god; it is restrained praise, such as becomes one who feels that he is writing words that he may be called upon to defend and to verify.

Mr. Lodge, in discussing Mr. Roosevelt, among other things, writes: "No man has lived the life of his time so amply as he; no one has shown humanity in so many phases." Note the tone in which this is pitched—a high C to begin with. There is no evidence here of a disposition to measure words or to restrain the excesses of eulogy. Quite the contrary. Looking back over the wide extended plains of the past, noting its sages, poets, statesmen, orators, prophets and heroes, Mr. Lodge remands them all to just obscurity and mediocrity when compared with the commanding figure of Teddy, bestriding the narrow world like a Colossus, with warriors, Senators, priests and other petty men walking under his huge legs and peeping about to find dishonorable graves.

We see what this comes to. Solomon may have done for his time, but he was not able to live its life as Teddy has lived the life of the period which began with the murderous shot of Czolgosz. Solomon gave his heart to know wisdom, and also madness and folly, but he was unable to show humanity in so many phases as Teddy. The genius of Shakespeare pales before that of the modern wonder; his knowledge of humanity was not to be compared to that of this latest prodigy. Washington may have done well enough for the Eighteenth century, but he could not live the life of his time as Teddy has lived the life of his, nor show humanity in so many phases. All the other notables of ancient or modern times are to be set aside in the same way. There has never been a man since the birth of time at all comparable to the present candidate of the Republican party for the presidency of the United States.

Senator Lodge is a man of scholarly attainments. He is not ignorant of the history of the world. He knows, presumably, the danger that lurks in broad generalities and in undiscriminating praise in superlatives. Why then does he adopt this tone in speaking of a mere mortal, raised by accident to an eminence? It is known that he desires to stand well with the President. In selecting his words he must have felt that nothing but the highest praise which words can convey would meet the expectations of his subject. He knew what was expected of him, and he tried to measure up to the standard so prescribed. Apprehending that only the highest place among all the sons of men, past and present, would be satisfactory to the subject of his eulogy, he readily accorded to him that eminence. Nobody in all the past of humanity has equaled the new aspirant for imperial honors, and the imperialists of the past have not scrupled to lay claim to the honors of divinity. If Alexander and Caesar, Caligula and Nero, were accorded divine honors, who shall deny them to our Teddy, who has lived the life of his time more amply than any other man that ever lived?

The difference in the tone of these eulogies marks the difference between the parties. The Democratic party describes its candidate in words that can be verified, as sincere, honest and able. The Republican party describes its candidate as the greatest among the sons of men, thereby showing its disposition to claim everything with the most complete contempt for the actual truth. Nothing short of this will satisfy the man whom it hopes to elect to the presidency, and unless he is "cracked up" as "the flower of moral force," he is liable to take vengeance on him who damns him with faint praise.

The people have to select between an actual man, who is sincere, honest and able, and the factitious creation of court favorites and flatterers whom they have convinced that he is the greatest man that ever lived, and who aspires to reign as such over eighty millions of subjects.

Panama's Expectations.

It was rather ungrateful for the Panaman revolutionary leaders to raise a row just as Mr. Roosevelt, who had been so liberal to them, was intent on getting elected as a man irrevocably devoted to peace. But they were shrewd enough to guess that this peaceful disposition would not last beyond November 8, and were anxious that something be done before the election.

The Panaman authorities are entertaining great expectations of the result of Secretary Taft's mission. Mr. Obaldia, the Panaman Minister at Washington, is quoted as believing that there will be essential modifications made in the Hay-Bunau-Varilla treaty, and that a supplemental commercial treaty will be agreed to granting Panama important concessions. The troubles about customs duties and postage are expected to be settled by Secretary Taft, and the interpretation put upon the treaty by the United States modified. But, to make all these and other matters clear, a new treaty is to be proposed.

All these great expectations may be realized, but it is also possible that when the elections are over there will no longer be a man of peace to direct the negotiations on the part of the United States. The agreeable fiction of the independence of Panama may be respected for a time as a concession to public opinion abroad, but respect for public opinion at home will not be very robust in the event that the people set their seal of approval on what has already been done in the creation of this fly-by-night republic. As soon as the exigencies of canal-building seem to require it, the mask will be dropped and Panama will be added to the colonial system of the United States. If the people decide in favor of colonies they are likely to get all they want.

Professor Willard C. Fisher, of Wesleyan University, in Middletown, Conn., a life-long Republican, has announced his intention to vote for Judge Parker. He occupies the chair of Economics and Social Science, and in an interview gives his reasons that under Republican administration conditions of life are too hard and industrial managers too heartless. Referring to President Roosevelt's recent course, he said: "He struck hands with some of the dirtiest spoilsmen in his party and made of himself a politician of the long-familiar type. A comparison of his earlier statements with regard to the tariff with his comments on the present extreme protectionism in his letter of acceptance shows a political shiftiness that is discreditable." The moral courage and political independence which lead a professor, living in a section of country profiting so largely by the Dingley tariff, to utter such pronounced opposition to it in behalf of the working classes for whom the Republican party profess to feel so much concern, should not fail to impress them with the wrongs they suffer at the hands of those who derive benefit from the unjust law, their masters the trusts. If they would show equal independence and disregard for their own interest the end of such misrule and oppression would be near at hand.

A Missouri bandit says it is easy to get money after chloroforming his victims. Campaigner Roosevelt knows an easier way than that.

"ON DIT."

Tuesday, Oct. 25.

"The only new thing in our town," said R. J. McLinn, of Hazel Green, Ky., at the Willard Hotel last night, "is a gas well, and that's brand new. No, there's not much excitement over it, but we've got the gas just the same, and there seems to be plenty of it.

"There has been but little drilling for oil in the neighborhood for some time, most if it being done at and near Campton, about ten miles from Hazel Green. Four or five men of Hazel Green recently formed a company to drill for oil, and leased a tract of land about three miles out. Instead of oil they got gas, a good substantial flow of about 300 pounds pressure. Although this is the first time gas has ever been struck in the county, the citizens took the news very calmly. I don't know of any new wells that are to be drilled, but if this one proves to be more than just a "pocket" others may be tempted to enter the field.

"The company owning the well purchased the necessary pipe in Louisville, and a line is being laid into town. The citizens will profit by it this winter, for natural gas is surely a luxury and will not be as expensive as other fuel."

* * *

"Texas is an empire within itself," said W. J. Ready, of Beaumont, Tex., who was in Louisville yesterday. "But few people—just the small percentage of the residents of other States who have been there—realize what a mighty State it is in point of size. You talk about distances in other States, but when you take them to Texas an ordinary "distance" would be swallowed up and be unnoticed in the great stretches which go to make up our State. Farms, estates and tracts of lands of all descriptions are laid out upon a scale which almost staggers belief. I remember one instance of a woman, who, possessing a great deal of property, and being tired of living in the city, bought another estate adjoining the city for her country home. When she erected her residence there, she thought it would be more pleasant and less public if it were built in the center of the grounds. This was done, and when the building was completed it was just forty-two miles from her front door to the front gate.

"Fifty and sixty miles mean nothing to the average Texan, not even to the cowpunchers, who pay no more attention to railroads than if a line had never crossed the State. A ride of that distance is not at all uncommon.

"You probably don't realize it, but the State of Texas would make 144 States the size of Rhode Island; if one corner of it were touching the Great Lakes the opposite corner would reach into the Gulf of Mexico; the State is large enough to support every man, woman and child in the United States, and still have territory left for those who would emigrate to this country for several years to come.

"Texas is rapidly forging to the front in a business way and her many new industries are becoming recognized throughout the whole country. The mercantile business is becoming thoroughly established, and cattle raising is, as it has been, a profitable industry. New people are coming to our State every day, and there's room for everybody."

* * *

"The cloak business of the United States is chiefly done in three cities," said L. H. Morgan, of New York, at the Galt House last night, "New York, Chicago and Cleveland. There was a time when it was divided up among several other cities, but the competition resulted in 'concentration,' and now these three cities have the bulk of the business. Conditions have changed greatly during the twenty years I have been in this business, and I have seen enough of fashions come and go to make a man dizzy when he stops to think of them.

"In the old days we hardly dreamed that women's garments would ever be sold so generally on the 'ready-made' plan. From a very small beginning the business has gradually progressed until a woman can now buy every garment she wears, ready made, and in the height of fashion."

* * *

Jefferson county is the second largest potato raising county in the United States and the largest shipping point for this crop is Stein's Station, on the Louisville Southern. On account of the unfavorable season not much over one-half the quantity shipped last season were moved this. The second crop, which is largely used for planting and home consumption, was materially injured by the protracted drouth.

GO SOUTH AND LEARN OF THE NEGRO PROBLEM.

[Chicago Tribune.]

There are some Northerners who know more about Germany and about Italy, and perhaps about "the romantic and picturesque Balkan peninsula," than they do about Georgia and South Carolina and Texas. Consequently they show more sense when they are talking about lese majesty, or about the temporal power of the Pope, or about Turkish oppression than they do when they are talking about the right of the negro to vote.

It is so easy to think that just because you live in a country you must understand it. The Southerner and the Northerner are fellow-citizens. They owe allegiance to the same flag. Therefore the Northerner is perfectly competent to tell the Southerner how to settle the negro question.

The fallacy in this logic is that because of the presence of the negro the social condition of Charleston, S. C., differs from that of Boston, Mass., more than that of Boston, Mass., differs from that of London, England. And a citizen of Boston gets on better in London than he does in Charleston.

The negro question is greater than any other question in America. And it is not only greater, but more delicate. It is a matter of social as well of political and industrial life. So, more than almost any other question that could be imagined, it needs personal experience. The occasional negro of the North is not an adequate basis for studying the negro of the South. In the South the negro in many communities outnumbers the white, and there is a possibility of negro rule.

Therefore, Northerner, if you have time and money to visit new scenes, visit the South. Some of your fellows have gone to the South and have lived there for a few years. They don't feel now quite as you do. See if you can find out what it was that modified their opinions.

Go South and watch the descendants of Washington, Madison, Jefferson, Marshall, Jackson, Clay, Calhoun, Polk and Lee while they, bone of our bone and flesh of our flesh, are working out, with errors of mind and with errors of heart, but with American pluck and hope, the greatest domestic problem that ever ate into the heart of a civilized people. Then come back, and if you still think that they are wrong you will say so in a different tone.

HYMN.

[New Orleans Picayune.]

Po' lil Moses in de basket lay—
Come, Pharaoh's daughter, come in dis way,
Tek dis heap po' lil chile home terday.
Po' lil fellow, he ain't 'lowed ter play.
Po' lil Moses in de basket lay!

Po' lil Moses wuz er lakly chile,
Smoove uv dispursition, meek an' mild.
He led his race through de woods so wild,
Nuvah los' his temper nur got riled.
Po' lil Moses wuz a lakly chile.

HONORS CARNEGIE.

IRON AND STEEL INSTITUTE PRESENTS HIM A MEDAL.

PRESIDENT OF ASSOCIATION.

First American Chosen For the Position Formerly Held By Englishmen.

New York, Oct. 24.—The opening exercises f the American meeting of the Iron and Steel Institute, the second meeting which this international organization has ever held on American soil, was held to-night. The session was marked by the presentation to Andrew Carnegie of the highest honors that the institute can bestow—the Bessemer gold medal. Andrew Carnegie is the first American to become president of the organization, its membership being chiefly made up of Englishmen. The award to-night was made because of his life-work in the development of the iron and steel industry of the world.

Sir James Kitson, former president of the institute, delivered the speech of presentation. After saying that the Bessemer medal had been given in years past to such prominent Americans as Abram S. Hewitt and Peter Cooper, he paid a tribute to the ability of Mr. Carnegie in the development of iron products into marketable products.

"In return for this," said Sir James, "we, as a representative body of the iron and steel workers of the world, present this medal."

In replying to Sir James' speech, Mr. Carnegie said:

"I owe my success to getting around me men better than myself. There are three classes of men in the world—men who go through the world and do not receive the recognition they deserve, men who do receive what they deserve, and men who receive more than they deserve. I feel that I am in the latter class.

"Better than title, rank or wealth are the patents of a true nobility. This medal I hope to hold and pass down to my descendants as I received it from you, pure gold, untarnished in its setting."

RAPID DESCENT

OF LEE KERTIN FROM STAGE TO BURGLARY.

Claims To Be From Kentucky and Admits Stealing Jewelry By the Wholesale.

Chicago, Oct. 24.—[Special.]—From actor to burglar has been the descent of Lee Kertin, who arrived in Chicago from his home in Lexington, Ky., three months ago. Now he is a prisoner at the Central Police Station, and according to the police has made a complete confession of his crimes. Since his arrest several thousand dollars worth of diamonds and jewelry, which have been stolen from guests of the Grand Pacific, Sherman and Palmer House hotels in the past few months have been recovered.

Some of the stolen property was found in the possession of the prisoner, but the bulk of the loot was recovered in pawnshops. Following is a list of the guests whose property has been found by the police:

S. S. Shubert, Sherman House, jewelry and diamonds, valued at $1,000; C. J. Webb, Sherman House, clothing and jewelry, valued at $400; T. J. Cohen, Grand Pacific Hotel, overcoat and suit valued at $75; Mrs. Mattie Summers, Grand Pacific Hotel, sealskin sacque, jacket and jewelry, valued at $500; T. J. Burns, Grand Pacific Hotel, diamonds, valued at $200; C. A. McMillen, Palmer House, diamonds and jewelry, valued at $600; R. A. Boyer, Palmer House, jewelry and clothing, valued at $500; R. M. Steele, Palmer House, jewelry, valued at $300; C. M. Meyer, Palmer House, clothing and jewelry, valued at $200.

Kertin, when questioned by Lieut. Roban, said that he came from Kentucky to Chicago three months ago.

RECENT DECISIONS.

The death of a husband, who, with his wife, had occupied a tract of land belonging to him as a homestead, is held, in Cross vs. Benson (Kan.) 64 L. R. A., 560, not to deprive the wife of the right to maintain the homestead, and to continue to occupy it, free from forced sale under process of law for the payment of the husband's debts.

•

The power of courts, at common law, to order an examination of the person of one alleged to have been injured by the negligence of another, for the purpose of ascertaining the extent of the injuries, is denied in Austin and N. W. R. Co. vs. Cluck (Tex.) 64 L. R. A., 494.

•

Prohibiting the use of a room in a tenement or dwelling house for the manufacture of men's clothing, except by the immediate members of the family living there, and then only under permit from a public official, is held, in State vs. Hyman (Md.) 64 L. R. A., 637, to be within the police power.

•

A railroad car sent loaded with freight from one State into another, and to be returned loaded to the former State in the transaction of interstate commerce, is held, in Wall vs. Norfolk and W. R. Co. (W. Va.) 64 L. R. A., 501, not to be subject to attachment in the latter State.

MOTHER OF VICE PRESIDENTS.

[National Magazine.]

Indianapolis seems likely to retain her political fame; she still continues to furnish candidates for the presidential ticket. Perhaps no city outside the capital is more closely interwoven with the history of American political life. I recalled the fact that for many years, with scarcely a break in the record, this city has furnished at least one representative on one of the national tickets. First it was Schuyler Colfax, who was on the ticket with Abraham Lincoln. Next came Hendricks, who made the run with Samuel J. Tilden; then came William H. English, who appeared in conjunction with Gen. Hancock. Indianapolis continued to supply material for each successive campaign until Benjamin Harrison came upon the scene, being successful in his first contest and unsuccessful in his second. Now, in 1904, this city comes again to the front, giving a representative to the Republican national ticket in the person of Senator Charles Warren Fairbanks.

SHE TOOK IT BACK.

(Cleveland Leader.)

I.

She went to the store
And bought a little sack;
The thing didn't suit,
And so she took it back.

II.

The next one was blue,
She thought she wanted black;
She really thought she did,
And so she took it back.

III.

And so she took it back.

IV.

And so she took it back.

V.

And so she took it back.

VI.

And so she took it back.

Points About People.

Miss Louise Patterson and Miss Martha Marvin will be the guests of honor at a luncheon to be given at the Pendennis Club by Miss Nannine Irwin, of Anchorage.

Covers will be laid for fourteen and the party will include the following:

MISSES.

Martha Marvin.	Lettie Vance, of Memphis.
Louise Patterson.	Standiford Danforth.
Virginia Bayless.	May Young.
Myra Bullitt.	Bonnie Robinson.
Nellie McDonald.	Allene Marshall
Anna Wood.	Herr.
Eva Lee Smith.	Nannine Irwin.
Kathleen Hussey.	

* * *

Miss Lettie Vance, of Memphis, is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Charles W. De Pauw, in New Albany.

* * *

Mrs. J. M. Dyer will be the hostess at a euchre party to be given this afternoon in honor of Mrs. A. Fuller Fox, of West Point, Miss. The guests will include the following:

MESDAMES.

Herschel Porter, of Pembroke.	J. W. McCarty.
James Moreland Johnson.	Charles Trueheart.
William A. Hughes.	Edward Clark.
W. P. Lincoln.	Frank L. McKernan.
B. C. Milner.	Robert Locke.
Shackelford Miller.	Horace Grant.
J. L. Staib.	Charles Nield.
Owen Tyler.	Thomas Timberlake.
Neville Bullitt.	A. H. McAtee.
	Newton Crawford.

* * *

Mrs. Saunders P. Jones, Miss Lucy Jones and Master Barnett Jones have returned from Columbus, Ga., where they went to attend the marriage of Miss Mary Illges and Dr. John S. Hurt, of Atlanta, Ga.

* * *

Mrs. Rawson Waller, of Chicago, who spent last week in St. Louis attending the Exposition, has returned to Louisville and is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Hunter. She will return home the last of this week.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Russell Clarkson, of St. Louis, Mo., and Mrs. Lawrence Parker Funk, of Bloomington, Ill., are in the city visiting their sister, Mrs. A. E. McBee. They were guests of honor at an informal reception given last night by Mr. and Mrs. McBee.

Mrs. Walter McBee, one of the fall brides, assisted in receiving.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarkson were married last week in Memphis, Mrs. McBee having been Miss Fontaine. They are now on their wedding trip and will leave to-day for Chicago.

* * *

Misses Grace and Lily Hunter, who spent last week in St. Louis attending the Exposition, have returned home.

* * *

Mrs. Sterling B. Toney, of Denver, who has been spending the past ten days at French Lick, has returned to Louisville and is the guest of Mrs. James M. Fetter.

* * *

Miss Julia M. Mengel is spending this week at Pewee with Misses Annie May and Mary Tyler Wooldridge at Locust Lodge.

* * *

Mr. Charlton Rogers and daughter, Miss Margaret Rogers, left last night for St. Louis, where they will spend a week at the Exposition.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph M. Rogers, of Chicago, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Charlton Rogers, have gone to Asheville, N. C.

* * *

Mrs. J. B. Spradling, who has been in St. Louis for some time, has returned to Louisville and is with her daughter, Mrs. Hiram Snyder.

* * *

Miss Elizabeth Thompson, of West Virginia, who has been visiting Miss Myrtle Baker, returned home yesterday.

* * *

Miss Eugenia Fetter has gone to Lexington to spend a few days with Miss Leila Forman. She went to attend the cotillion to-night.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Henry B. Spencer, who have been spending the past week in St. Louis, are expected home to-day.

* * *

Gov. and Mrs. J. C. W. Beckham, of Frankfort, and Mrs. Julia Beckham, of Bardstown, who have been spending several days in Louisville, will return home to-day.

* * *

Miss Jane Helm will leave to-day for Lexington, where she will be the guest of Mrs. Samuel Hampton Halley. She is going to attend the cotillion to-night.

* * *

Miss Harriet McAfee, of Waynesville, N. C., is in the city to spend several weeks with Miss Florence McGonigale.

* * *

Miss Anna Hamilton, Miss Elise Nichols, Miss Margaret McChord, of Springfield, and Miss Pauline Browning have returned from St. Louis, where they attended the Exposition last week.

* * *

Miss Louise Barbour, of Pendleton, who is attending school in Shelbyville, spent several days in Louisville last week.

* * *

Miss Annie Bullitt will leave to-day for Danville, where she will visit Miss Mary Hays Letcher and Miss Angela Chestnut.

* * *

Miss Susanne Werne, who has been spending the past three weeks in St. Louis visiting her sister, Mrs. Miles Turpin, has returned home.

* * *

Mrs. Charles Fox Harvey and daughters, Misses Katherine and Elsie Harvey, and Misses Grace and Ethel Griffiths have returned from St. Louis after a visit of a week at the Exposition.

* * *

Miss Jane Helm will leave Monday for St. Louis, where she will visit Mrs. W. G. McRea.

* * *

The marriage of Miss Elizabeth Lindsey and Mr. John Reed Williams, of Chicago, will be solemnized this afternoon at 4 o'clock at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Lindsey.

The out-of-town guests to the wedding will be entertained informally at breakfast this morning by Mrs. R. A. Peter, and Mr. Williams will give a breakfast at the Pendennis Club for the groomsmen.

* * *

Miss Susie Downes, who is attending school in Lexington, is at home for a few days.

* * *

Miss Mary Harris Ballard was the hostess at the second of her cotillions given at Landsdowne last night.

* * *

Mr. Dan Beddoe, of Pittsburg, reached the city yesterday to sing in "The Pet Dove" at the Woman's Club this evening and is the guest of Mr. S. M. Frankel.

* * *

Mr. L. M. Ide, of Detroit, will arrive to-day with a party from Detroit to attend "The Pet Dove" performance to-night at the Woman's Club.

* * *

Miss Mary Hounsfield, of Seymour, Ind., who has been visiting Miss Margaret Wright, will return home to-day.

* * *

Mr. M. J. Seebolt has gone to New York for a week or ten days on business.

* * *

William M. Walker, formerly of Louisville, but for several years past in the United States Quartermaster's Department at Chicago, has received orders to proceed to Portland, Ore., where work will be assigned him in the same branch of the service.

FIFTEEN HUNDRED TERRAPIN LOST IN STORM.

[Onancock Correspondence Baltimore Sun.]

The large terrapin ponds of Frank C. Lewis at Hunting Creek were destroyed by the great storm Wednesday night. Mr. Lewis is the largest terrapin raiser on the Chesapeake Bay and annually ships hundreds of the finest diamond back terrapins in the world to the large hotels in New York, to the United States Senate's restaurant at Washington and to his customers scattered over the entire country.

The terrapins are put in still ponds, boarded and wired in, and lay their eggs in the sand. Many young terrapins are raised in this way, and altogether the industry has been a most profitable one. The terrific wind brought in the huge tide and completely flooded the ponds and drowned nearly all the terrapin. The animals were driven from the ponds and killed by the tossing of the choppy sea. Some were driven ashore and turned on their backs, and when the waves would beat over them finally died from exhaustion. The number of terrapin killed is about 1,500, valued at $4,000.

ON THE FUNNY BONE.

A Hard-Luck Humorist.

While Billings was a funny chap,
And Nye was, too, I trow,
And "Dooley" is the best, mayhap,
Before the public now,
Their fame would suddenly take wings
And disappear in flight,
If I could recollect the things
I think of in the night.

I think of lots of funny stuff,
When I have gone to bed;
But when I wake—'tis rather rough—
I find it all has fled.
Oh, Twain, of whom the public sings,
Would be forgotten quite,
If I could recollect the things
I think of in the night!

Didn't Know Hymen.

Nordy—Lots of people are getting married nowadays.

Butts—Yes; Hymen is doing a flourishing business.

Nordy—What's he sell? Carpets and housefurnishings?

* * *

The War of the Foods.

Mrs. McFlub—Does your family eat "Jolts?" You get a complete set of real china with every 10-cent package of "Jolts."

Mrs. Sleeth—No; we eat "Wow-Wow." You get an upright mahogany piano with every package of it.

* * *

Maryland.

It is a State of culture rare,
As visitors will find;
The oyster's cultivated there,
And whisky is refined.

* * *

Where the Trouble Was.

The time had come when women voted and were in the majority.

Still, no woman seemed to want the nomination for the presidency.

For a long time the lady bosses were unable to understand this.

Finally it dawned upon them what the trouble was.

At the very next session of Congress they caused the presidential age limit to be changed from thirty-five to twenty-nine years.

After that all was well. Numbers of lady candidates came forward.

Plenty of ladies attain the age of twenty-nine, but thirty-five—never!

* * *

Only As a Last Resort.

"That must have been turrible whisky," observed Dusty Rhodes, "that killed fifteen men in Noo York."

"Well, I should snort," responded Tired Tiffins. "Why, I wouldn't tech that whisky—that is, unless it wuz absolutely impossible to git hold of any other."

* * *

Wouldn't You?

If I, through any glad mischance,
Should get of scads a few,
I'd cease to wear my summer pants
In winter, wouldn't you?

* * *

The Practice of Medicine.

Doctor—Mr. Bullion, my wealthy patient, asked me to-day how much he owed me.

Wife—Well, did you tell him?

Doctor—How could I? I haven't found out yet how much he has.

* * *

Of Course They Are.

Giffle—I don't see why they call the fair girls dizzy blondes.

Spinks—Why, they're all light-headed, ain't they?

TOUCH-THE-BUTTON BATHTUB.

[New York Press.]

It would seem that the Harlem flat architect has at least reached the limit of space economy.

On their return from the country, two women of moderate means set out in quest of an apartment which should combine the maximum of respectability and the minimum of rent. They found this a discouraging business. They were frowned upon by janitors and snubbed by bellboys. They traveled up and down miles of stairway. They inspected six-room-and-bath suites by the dozen, but found nothing to suit both their tastes and their pocketbook. All the apartments they saw were either cheap and nasty or desirable and dear.

But when finally they reached an imposing yellow brick edifice with plate-glass doors and marble halls, and a rent that made them raise their eyebrows in surprise, they seemed to have found at last the combination they sought.

"You'll find there's a reason," said the younger woman.

But there didn't seem to be. The rooms were light and pleasant; there was a gas range and hot water supply.

"But where is the bath?" they asked.

For answer the janitor turned to a panel in the back parlor and pressed a button. The panel slid back and disclosed—a bathtub!

The women looked at each other.

"Would you?" asked one.

"But a caller might inadvertently touch the button," said the other.

This suggestion settled it, and they are still flat hunting.

JUDGE PARKER ON RED HAIR.

[Success.]

Judge Alton Brooks Parker, the Democratic candidate for President, was recently chatting with an auburn-haired visitor on his veranda at Rosemount, N. Y. Naturally, the conversation turned to the subject of red hair, which is a characteristic of the Parker family.

"When I was your age," said the Judge to his guest, "my hair was redder than yours—it was fiery red, in fact, and in consequence my fighting instincts were overdeveloped while I was in school. In the country district where I learned my 'three R's' it happened that I was the only red-haired youth. When I first attended school the boys had a good deal of fun shouting 'sorrel' and 'red-top.' It never failed to rouse my fighting blood, and I lived a strenuous life."

"But you wouldn't have changed the color of your hair, would you?" asked the visitor, blandly.

"No, indeed," said the Judge; "red hair is all right. My daughter has it, and my little grandson there is as red as he can be. They say it is a sign of high temper, but it is also a sign of numerous excellent qualities."

"We've had two red-haired Presidents," said the visitor—"Jefferson and Jackson—and they were both Democrats."

"That's true," said the Judge; "and don't you think it's about time we had a third?"

MEN MODEL HOUSEMAIDS.

[Chicago Telegram to the Philadelphia Press.]

Men for general housework is the latest development of the domestic service problem.

Six men actually have been placed in general housework positions by the Women's Domestic Guild within the last two weeks, and in every case the housekeeper has reported herself satisfied with the result of the experiment.

"The men cook, wash dishes, set and wait on the table, scrub, wash windows, everything that the general houseworking girl does, except wash clothes and make beds," said Mrs. A. M. Wadsworth, manager of the guild

AT THE THEATERS.

WARD AND VOKES RETURN IN "A PAIR OF PINKS."

Appear As Wardens of Jail That Attracts Prisoners Instead of Repelling Them.

WOMAN'S CLUB — Gounod's "The Pet Dove;" evening.
MASONIC—Ward and Vokes, in "A Pair of Pinks;" evening.
HOPKINS — Vaudeville; matinee and evening.
AVENUE — "The Queen of the White Slaves;" matinee and evening.

"A Pair of Pinks"—Masonic.

In a medley of dances, hobo dialect and Hebrew patter known as "A Pair of Pinks," the Messrs. Ward and Vokes—to say nothing of Charles Howard—returned to the Masonic Theater last evening for a week's engagement. There has been practically no alteration of the piece since its presentation here last season. In their familiar characters of Percy and Harold the two comedians, as before, appear as wardens of a jail that is run on such a novel and luxurious scale that people desire to break into instead of out of it. They introduce, as usual, a "conversation" dance, play tricks on the gullible Hebrew of the piece, and ever and anon get off a passage of rapid-fire idiocy.

Some musical farces make a pretense at a story, but here is one without a real vestige of plot or even an imitation of a vestige. It is just an incoherent mass of noisy romps and jests in the familiar Ward-and-Vokes style. A group of fairly good-looking chorus girls, arrayed sometimes in homely rural garb and sometimes in glittering, showy costumes, go through various evolutions and dances and add to the gayety of the pictures and amusement of the audience.

The cast includes a number of entertainers who long ago won wide popularity among the followers of the Ward and Vokes company. Charles Howard in a broadly drawn Hebrew character part provokes many laughs as usual, and Margaret Daly Vokes and Lucy Daly sing and dance with the liveliness that has made them strong favorites. Will West, while an old hand in the business, is a recent recruit. He sings capitally a group of "coster" songs. The acrobatic dancing of Eddie Judge is a feature.

Louis Mann has never appeared in Louisville, although he has been seen in a majority of the larger cities of the United States. He has had a varied career. His stage experience dates back to the time of McCullough and Barrett, with both of whom he filled engagements. Recently he has been in musical comedy and with "The Telephone Girl," "The Girl from Paris" and other attractions of that kind and he was distinctly successful as a German dialect comedian. "The Second Fiddle," in which he is to be seen at Macauley's Friday and Saturday, is a story of the love of a poor but talented Viennese composer for a chorus girl. The scenes are laid in the Bohemian quarter in Paris.

Frederick Warde and Kathryn Kidder in "Salambo" will appear at Macauley's Wednesday and Thursday, November 2 and 3. The play is a spectacular drama, taken by Stanislaus Stange from Flaubert's novel of the same name. The period is about 3,000 years ago and the aim of the playwright has been to portray the strenuous passions of a strong semi-barbarous race in the picturesque environment of ancient Carthage. Salambo is a pagan priestess in love with Matho, a barbarian chieftain.

Persons who visit the Hopkins regularly have grown to look forward from week to week to the biograph as one of the features of the performance certain to please. The moving pictures which have been presented this season are perfect specimens of mechanical genius. "The Moonshiner" is the title of the piece de resistance in the series this week, and it tells as thrilling a story as was ever offered in a melodrama. The ten scenes in which the picture is made are moving picture reproductions from the mountains of Kentucky. A fight between revenue officers and 'shiners is pictured. It might be of interest to those who have witnessed the production to know that 17,500 distinct photographs are contained in the long film which passes before the lense of the biograph in making the picture.

Billy Clifford, who is well-known to local theatergoers as a vaudeville monologuist, is appearing this season in a new musical drama called "How He Won Her." Several well-known vaudeville teams appear in the cast, and mirth and music form the production. "How He Won Her" will be next week's attraction at the Avenue Theater.

A marked departure from former productions will be noticed in Hanlon's "Superba," which comes to the Masonic Theater next week. An "all-American" chorus has supplanted the pony ballet which was a feature of "Superba" for several seasons, and a number of well-known vaudeville people have been engaged to interpolate specialties during the performance. The sale of seats began yesterday.

"Queen of the White Slaves" has started off the week at the Avenue Theater as no other melodrama has done so far this season.

An Ovation To "Granny."

New York, Oct. 24.—With the audience on its feet cheering Mrs. Gilbert and singing as one the chorus of "Auld Lang Syne," the curtain went down at the Lyceum Theater to-night on the first performance of "Granny," the new play written for Mrs. Gilbert by Clyde Fitch. In every act the play was frequently interrupted by cheers and applause. The ovation accorded Mrs. Gilbert upon her first entrance was almost overwhelming, and the venerable old lady was so affected that it was several minutes before she recovered sufficiently to go on with her lines. At the end of the performance Mrs. Gilbert recited an epilogue written for her, and this was the signal for the noisy tribute, the like of which is rarely witnessed. "Granny" is the last play in which Mrs. Gilbert is to appear. It will run for three weeks, after which Mrs. Gilbert, who is now eighty-three years of age, will retire, having been in the theatrical profession for sixty years.

Injunction Denied.

New York, Oct. 24.—A motion for an injunction to restrain David Warfield from continuing to play the title role in the "Music Master" for the David Belasco company, pending the trial of a suit, was denied to-day by Justice Leventritt in the Supreme Court. The action was brought by Joseph Brooks, who claimed to have an option on Warfield's services.

New Theater Opened.

Henderson, Ky., Oct. 24.—[Special.]—The new English Theater was opened to-night with the brilliant musical comedy, "Liberty Bells." The playhouse was crowded to its capacity, and the play was well received.

Mellody Defeats O'Keefe.

Chicago, Oct. 24.—"Honey" Mellody, of Boston, was given the decision to-night over Jack O'Keefe, of Chicago, at the end of ten rounds, the fight taking place in the suburb of Blue Island, twenty miles from the city.

The bout went the scheduled limit of ten rounds, and was in favor of Mellody from the start until the end. He had the better of every round, and punished O'Keefe terribly. Several times the bell was all that saved the Chicago man from a knockout, but he managed to last until the end, although he was badly beaten up. Mellody scored but one clean knockdown during the fight, which was in the fourth round, when he put O'Keefe to the floor for the count of nine.

Found Dr. Redman's Watch.

Ike Smith was arrested by Detectives Maher and Sexton at Second and Jefferson streets at 9 o'clock last night, and charged with robbery. Last Wednesday night, Dr. E. M. Redman was knocked down and robbed of a watch. The watch was found yesterday at Ben Levine's, 149 East Market street. It was sold for $15 and Ike Smith is accused of being the man who sold it. Smith is forty-seven years of age and would say nothing about his trouble last night

INSANITY

Plea Made In Jacob Bischoff's Defense.

ON TRIAL FOR KILLING WIFE.

HAD SUED HIM FOR DIVORCE, CHARGING CRUELTY.

DIFFICULT TO SECURE JURY.

Trial of Jacob Bischoff, charged with the murder of his wife, Julia Bischoff, November 3 last on Clay street, between Chestnut and Madison, was begun yesterday in the Criminal Court. Insanity is the plea upon which the defense rests its claim that Bischoff should be acquitted, while the Commonwealth holds that the killing is one of the most horrible and cold-blooded murders that ever occurred in the State.

Only a month before the tragedy Mrs. Bischoff brought suit against her husband for divorce on the charge of cruelty, and for this action, it is charged by the prosecution, Bischoff became so enraged that he determined to shoot her down. On the other hand it is contended by the defense that the defendant was a peaceable and industrious man until he was struck by a street car in December, 1902, and injured about he head. This, they hold, rendered him in a way demented and he became worse from that time. The defendant's appearance in court did not indicate that he was suffering from mental trouble. However, he did not seem to take much interest in the proceedings, and sat picking at his clothes and the ends of his fingers.

The Commonwealth's representatives say that he is merely making a clumsy effort to pretend insanity. After introducing testimony bearing directly on the circumstances of the killing and Bischoff's alleged cruelty to his wife beforehand, the Commonwealth rested its case and the defense will take up presentation of proof this morning.

The jury, which was selected only after the regular panel and some seventy special veniremen had all been called, is as follows:

* * *

The Jury Selected.

Fred Gans, Charles Wigginton, Charles Pound, Levi Tyler, Pius Metcalf, Ed Duerr, Robert A. Craft, B. Malone, James McCarty, Frank Delph, J. B. Lewis, T. V. Pemberton.

Edwards and Ogden represent the defendant. Both J. M. Huffaker, Commonwealth's Attorney, and his assistant, N. L. Goldsmith, are for the State.

Mr. Goldsmith made the opening statement for the prosecution. He briefly and forcefully described the circumstances of the killing. Mrs. Julia Bischoff, the dead woman, married the defendant in Jeffersonville in 1898. She had a short time before the killing sued her husband for divorce on the charge of cruelty. Bischoff had been a truck-gardener for a number of years, his place being located about six miles from the city on the Bardstown road. On the evening of election day Bischoff came to the house of his wife's sister, on Clay street, between Chestnut and Madison, and Mrs. Bischoff was engaged in carrying coal into the house from the pavement. He walked up to the woman and with an oath said, "If you want a divorce, I will give it to you." He then fired five shots into her body, from which she died immediately. Mr. Goldsmith pointed out how often the case had been continued. He declared that the people of Jefferson county had waited patiently for the trial and would watch anxiously for the verdict.

* * *

The Defense's Claims.

Charles Ogden made the statement for the defense. He said that Bischoff had always been a quiet and industrious citizen; that he and his wife had always gotten along on the most amicable terms until in December, 1902. At that time, said Mr. Ogden, Bischoff met with a severe accident. While crossing a street, he declared, a car ran him down, and his head was hurt. He was struck on the forehead. About this time, continued the speaker, a great change came over Bischoff. "He began acting very peculiarly around the place, for hours at a time he would sit down out in the fields for no apparent reason," he said. "We will show you that once he tried to kill his two infant children while at his home. That was before his wife left them. Later she left him and sued him for divorce."

Coroner Harris Kelly, the first witness, told of the wound which produced death. Three of Bischoff's bullets passed through his wife's heart. The other two caused flesh wounds. Mrs. Mary Yearns, who lived at the same house with Mrs. Bischoff and was helping her carry in coal when Bischoff appeared. Witness had known Mrs. Bischoff since she left her husband September 19. She described the circumstance of the shooting.

"Eleven days before," she said, "he had come to the house and tried to choke her and draw a knife. A lady upstairs stopped him. After he shot his wife he said to me: 'I'll kill you, too, when I get out.' He broke two ribs of his sister when she was out at his place." This last statement was ruled out by the court.

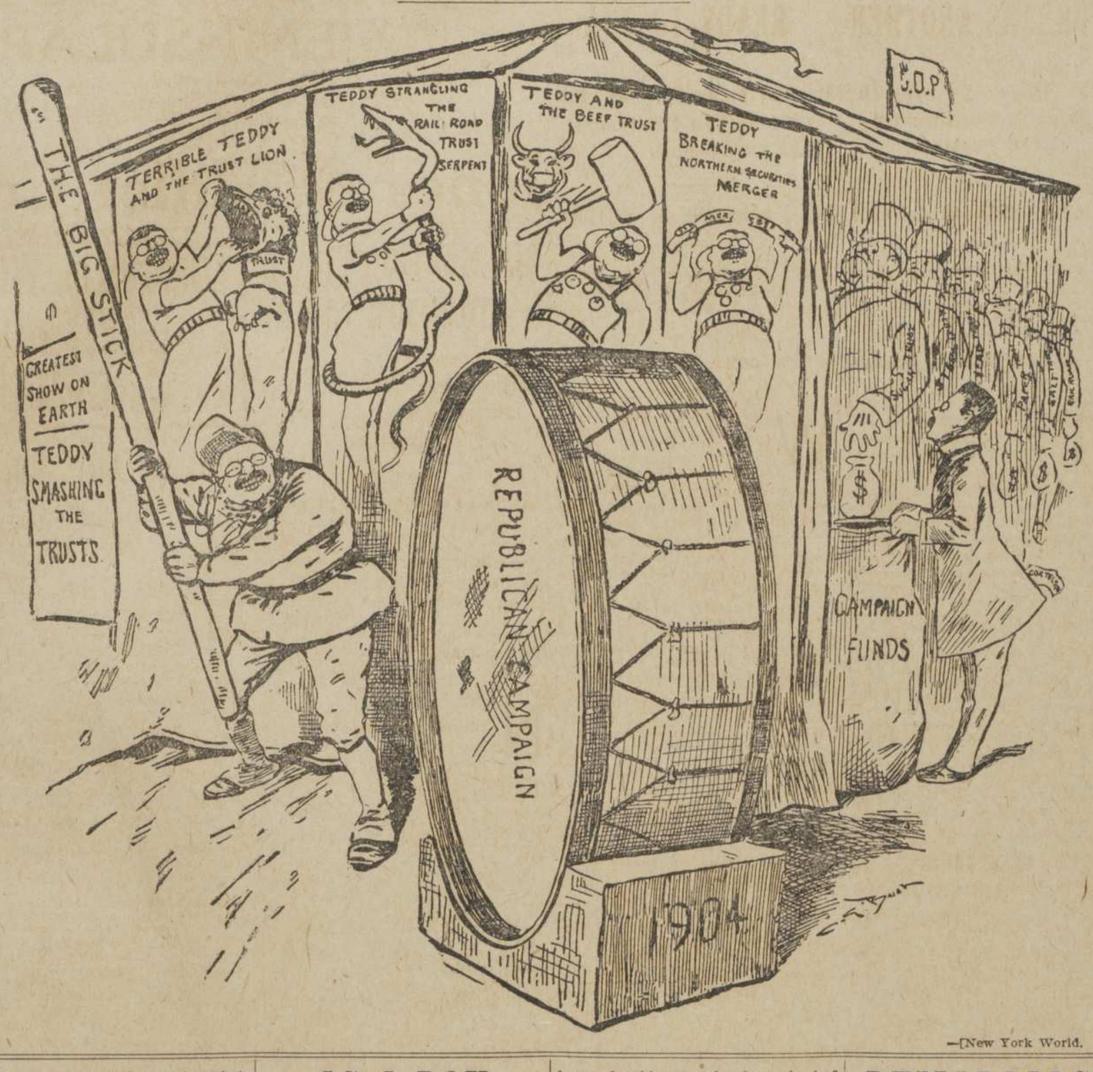
Mrs. Mary Lockman, a neighbor, substantiated the circumstances of the killing as related. She saw Bischoff looking into a little book and then at the number of the houses. She supposed that he was merely doing this as a ruse, so that he might approach as near his wife as possible without being suspected. J. P. Lockman, Mrs. Lockman's husband, also saw the shooting. He testified that he noticed Bischoff coming along the street looking at the houses, and as soon as he reached his wife he immediately fired. Mrs. Mary Delcom, sister of the dead woman, swore that it was but eight months after their marriage that the defendant gave her the first beating. "I have heard him threaten to kill her time and again," she declared. "I'll do it and I'll get as clear as a whistle," he would say. After she left him in September and came to live with me he came to the house two or three times. He threatened to kill her. Once he threw her across a table and started to draw a knife. I yelled 'murder' and some people rushed in and stopped him. He did the same thing another time soon afterward."

* * *

Spectator of Shooting.

John Seibert, who was on the street nearby, was a spectator of the shooting. His evidence covered about the same facts as had already been brought out. Patrolmen Olgus and Allgeier described how they had arrested Bischoff. Olgus pursued him up the alley, when Bischoff turned and shot back at the officer twice. Olgus returned the fire, shooting five times. Allgeier also shot once. "When he got him," said Allgeier, "he said he was satisfied he had killed the ————, and asked us to send for Judge Hoke and Mr. Gale to come and get him out." Ida Beurkley, who had lived at the same house with Mrs. Bischoff, told of the attempt to do his wife violence on several occasions. Patrolman Thomas J. Higgings said he had been called in once by the neighbors when Bischoff had beaten his wife. He saw several bruises upon her. Lieut. James Kinnarney had also been called in for the same reason. He had seen bruises on Mrs. Bischoff. L. D. Bax, undertaker, testified that he saw the last two shots fired. Mrs. Bischoff was at that moment in a sitting posture on the pavement, he said. It was agreed that the record should show a divorce suit was pending between Bischoff and his wife at the time of the shooting. At this point the Commonwealth rested and the court adjourned for the day.

THE SIDE SHOW.



—[New York World.

CHORUS TO BE FORMED FROM BIG CLASS.

Mrs. J. Morgan Bruce, the coach for "The Daughter of the Regiment," requests those who were members of the choruses of "Princess Zaza" and "Powhatan" to meet at 2 o'clock this afternoon in her studio in the Gaulbert building, when a chorus for "The Daughter of the Regiment" will be formed.

A rehearsal of the full cast was held at Macauley's Theater yesterday afternoon. The play is progressing most satisfactorily, and each situation is brought to an impressive climax. The character of the Marchioness is especially well taken by Miss Ethel Moxley, who won the medal offered in the State College tournament held in Lancaster several months ago.

Appointed Letter Carriers.

George H. Gould and Tillman Wilson were yesterday appointed letter carriers by Dr. T. H. Baker, postmaster, to fill the vacancies occasioned by the resignation of S. E. Michot and the dismissal of John T. Weaver.

Last Week For Returning Schedules.

This is the last week for returning schedules of personal property to the City Assessor, Daniel F. Murphy, and all who fail to fill out and return the blank papers furnished will be arbitrarily assessed by Mr. Murphy.

SORE HANDS

Itching, Burning Palms, Painful Finger Ends, Shapeless Nails.

SORE FEET

Inflamed, Itching, Burning, Sore, Tender and Perspiring.

ONE NIGHT TREATMENT.

Soak the hands on retiring in a strong, hot, creamy lather of Cuticura Soap. Dry and anoint freely with Cuticura Ointment, the great skin cure and purest of emollients. Wear, during the night, old, loose kid gloves, or bandage lightly in old, soft cotton or linen. For red, rough and chapped hands, dry, fissured, itching, feverish palms, with brittle, shapeless nails and painful finger ends, this treatment is simply wonderful, frequently curing in a single application.

Complete local and constitutional treatment for every humour of the skin, scalp and blood, with loss of hair, may now be had for one dollar. Bathe with hot water and Cuticura Soap, to cleanse the surface of crusts and scales, and soften the thickened cuticle. Dry, without hard rubbing, and apply Cuticura Ointment freely, to allay itching, irritation and inflammation, and soothe and heal, and lastly, take the Cuticura Resolvent Pills to cool and cleanse the blood. This treatment affords instant relief, permits rest and sleep in the severest forms of Eczema and other itching, burning and scaly humours, and points to a speedy, permanent and economical cure of torturing, disfiguring humours, from pimples to scrofula, from infancy to age, when all other remedies and the best physicians fail.

Sold throughout the world. Cuticura Resolvent, 50c. (in form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 25c per vial of 60). Ointment, 50c. Soap, 25c. Depots: London, 27 Charterhouse Sq.; Paris, 5 Rue de la Paix; Boston, 137 Columbus Ave. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Proprietors.

Send for "How to Cure Every Humour."

AS A BOY

Bertie Helm Has Lived For Months.

FOUND IN JEFFERSONVILLE.

SHE RECEIVES NOTICE TO LEAVE TOWN.

HAD CALLED ON HER UNCLE.

"You can have just twenty minutes in which to limp to the ferryboat to get back to Louisville," said Capt. M. E. Clegg, of Jeffersonville, to Bertie Helm yesterday morning, when she appeared before him after being arrested by Officer Peter D. Madden Sunday night for impersonating a boy. She was clad from head to foot in male attire and one not acquainted with her could not have told she was not a good-looking boy of about sixteen. Her trousers were held up by a belt around her waist and her hair was closely cut. A slouch hat covered her head and the only shoe she wore was made for a man. She made no attempt to deny she was a female, but said she had not worn the attire of her sex for a single minute since last May.

"I never expect to put on a dress again if I can help it," she said while talking to Capt. Clegg, "and I do not want any one to think I am a woman of twenty-one instead of a boy of sixteen. If I did not have a crippled foot I would not be here, but would be making my living honestly as a laborer, or at any work I could find." At this point she held out her hands and opening them pointed to the palms. They were full of blisters and callous spots.

* * *

Worked In Railroad Tunnel.

"Those blisters I got in a railroad tunnel near Vassman, Tenn., where I worked for $1 a day, and did my work as well as any boy of my size. Those callous places partly came from my work in the tunnel and from working in a coal mine. Do they look like I am trying to deceive any one as to my sex? I found I could not make an honest and upright living as a girl and did what seemed the next best thing for me, took the first job I could find as a boy. If I own any female attire I do not know where it is and do not want to find it. I have done nothing I am ashamed of, and if I have violated any law it was through ignorance." Capt. Clegg told her that he knew of no charge to place against her and she left.

With one foot almost in a condition to be amputated from blood poisoning, Bertie Helm limped into Jeffersonville Sunday night in company with John Middleton, whose home is in the rear of 2313 Third avenue, Louisville, where his grandmother, Sarah Middleton, and two uncles, Lee and Jim Middleton, live. While tramping from Vassman to Louisville in company with Middleton, who had been her companion and was passed off for her brother for some time, she being known as Albert Middleton, a tack in her right shoe began to bother her and finally she contracted blood poison. At last they reached Louisville and the girl begged Middleton to go to Jeffersonville with her to see her uncle, George Bown, who reared her. They carried a large telescope full of clothes and a basket containing a variety of plunder that belonged to the girl in male attire.

It was the story of both that they wanted to see Bown, and if he would not let the girl return she would go to the Louisville City Hospital. Middleton denied any knowledge of his companion being a female. They went to Jeffersonville and out to Bown's, who lives at 718 Mechanic street, which is next door to the home of Officer P. D. Madden. The latter learned the girl had been to her old home, but failed to find her uncle and he watched for her, arresting her just before she reached the ferryboat

* * *

Would Discard Attire.

The girl said she intended to have a talk with her uncle and tell him that if he would allow her to return home and nurse her injured foot until it became well she would discard her male attire and become a woman and keep house for him, as she formerly had done, his wife being dead. In case he would not consent to this it was her intention to go to the hospital, conceal her sex if possible and make an explanation if she was found out. All of these plans were cut short by Officer Madden arresting her and with her companion placing her in jail. When searched she had a pipe, sack of tobacco, a package of cigarette paper and a large knife. There were a number of trinkets found in her pockets that a boy might carry, but not so much as a powder rag or a hair pin to denote she was a female.

BORROWS $30,000 TO PAY CITY'S DEBT.

The Mayor yesterday borrowed $30,000 additional from the German Bank to pay off the outstanding September warrants. This makes a total of $130,000 borrowed by the city, and it is expected that all of the $400,000 authorized by the General Council will have to be borrowed for the city before the tax collections begin in January.

HOMEOPATHS

FROM SOUTH ARRIVING FOR LOUISVILLE MEETING.

Election of Officers To-morrow and Preliminary Business To-day.

The twenty-first annual session of the Southern Homeopathic Medical Association will be held at the Galt House to-day and Wednesday, many members having arrived in Louisville last night. The present officers of the association are Dr. Willis Young, of St. Louis, president; Dr. J. H. Baldwin, of Jeffersonville, vice president; Dr. J. F. Bryan, of Louisville, treasurer, and Dr. J. E. Mann, of Louisville, recording secretary.

The election of officers will be held Wednesday, to-day's programme, which will begin at 10 o'clock, being as follows:

Prayer.
Address of welcome.
Response.
Reading of minutes of twentieth session.
Appointment of Committee on Credentials.
Report of Treasurer.
Appointment of Committee to Audit Treasurer's Account.
Report of Committee on Credentials.
Application for membership and report of Censors.
Report of Public Institutions.
Address of President, Willis Young, M. D.
Appointment of Committee on President's Address.
Appointment of Committee on Publication.
Report of Neurologist.
Bureaux—Reading of Papers—Discussion.



SOME TROUSERS ARE MANUFACTURED—OTHERS ARE *CREATED*. THE LATTER KIND BEAR MY MARK.

"the Clothes-clogist"

MY MARK

COST JUST ENOUGH TO BE RIGHT— — ASK THE BETTER DEALERS.

I request the honor, gentlemen, of sending you my booklet. Address me personally, care of

ROSENWALD & WEIL, CHICAGO.

REMARRIAGE

Of Divorced Persons Prohibited By Episcopalians

EXCEPT TO THE INNOCENT

PARTY IN SUIT FOR SEPARATION FOR ADULTERY.

THEN A YEAR MUST ELAPSE.

Boston, Oct. 24.—An agreement on the divorce question was reached to-day by the House of Bishops and the House of Deputies of the Episcopal General Convention, after many days of discussion. That section of the canon bearing directly on the remarriage of divorced persons which was amended by the bishops Saturday was assented to by the deputies to-day and becomes effective at once, is as follows:

"No minister, knowingly after due inquiry, shall solemnize the marriage of any person who has been or is the husband or the wife of any other person living from whom he or she has been divorced for any cause arising after marriage. But this canon shall not be held to apply to the innocent party in a divorce for adultery; provided, that before the application for such remarriage a period of not less than one year shall have elapsed after the granting of such divorce, and that satisfactory evidence touching the facts in the case, including a copy of the court's decree and record if practicable, with such proof that the defendant was personally served or appeared in the action, be laid before the ecclesiastical authority, and such ecclesiastical authority, having taken legal advice thereon, shall have declared in writing that in his judgment the case of the applicant conforms to the requirements of this canon, and provided further that it shall be within the discretion of any minister to decline to solemnize any marriage.

* * *

Divorce and Sacrament.

The bishops adopted an amendment to a section referring to the administration of sacraments providing that if a clergyman shall have reasonable cause to doubt whether a person has been married, "otherwise as the word of God and discipline of this church allow" such clergyman shall refer the matter to the bishop before administering the sacraments. The deputies had made an exception in favor of "the innocent party divorced" on the ground of adultery, who had remarried, but the bishops struck out the exception. Their action was accepted by the House of Deputies to-day.

* * *

Will Attempt To Go Further.

Leading churchmen expressed the opinion that the restrictions placed upon the remarriage of an innocent party to a divorce are so stringent that the remarriage of divorced persons will be rare in the church hereafter. It is understood, however, that an attempt will be made to have the next convention specifically declare against remarriage under any conditions.

The House of Deputies to-day rejected, after a long debate, a resolution introduced by the Rev. B. Talbot Rogers, of Fond du Lac, Wis., to strike out the words "Protestant Episcopalian" from the title page of the book of common prayer.

Both houses have appointed a joint commission to consider the advisability of electing a presiding bishop of the church. As president the senior bishop occupies this position and it is claimed that the duties are too heavy for an aged diocesan.

The commission will report to the next convention.

BURNED TO DEATH WHILE AT PRAYER IN A CHURCH.

Opelousas, La., Oct. 24.—While engaged at prayer in the Catholic church here, Mrs. Donal Guillory, aged 100 years, has been burned to death in a horrible manner.

She was bowing before the altar, near which a number of candles were burning. Her devotions concluded, she rose to leave the church, when her dress came in contact with a candle and in an instant she was ablaze.

TWO CHECKS,

Worthless, Cashed By Mrs. Pendleberry.

BEING TAKEN INTO CUSTODY

SHE IMPLICATES TWO OTHER PEOPLE.

SAYS PAPERS WERE GIVEN HER

The arrest of Mrs. Fannie Pendleberry yesterday on the charge of passing two worthless checks, will, it is believed, result in the implication of other persons. A check for $85 was cashed by the John C. Lewis Co., and one for $200 was cashed by C. E. Overstreet & Co. Both were drawn on the First National Bank, of Somerset, Ky., and both were returned marked "no funds." The first check was made payable to "bearer," signed: "Ed W. Hicks" and indorsed: "Eugenia Blair." The second, which was for $200, was also made payable to "bearer," was signed: "John Golden" and indorsed by Mrs. Pendleberry, as "Mrs. C. Stigall."

John Golden, who lives at Burnside, Ky., denied ever having signed such a check, and when Clarence Stigall, his grandson, who is attending the University of Louisville, was seen by the officers he denied any knowledge of the check and said that no woman had a right to sign her name as his wife.

"They were given to me," is the only explanation that is made by Mrs. Pendleberry. "The first was given to me by Eugenia Blair, a married woman, whom I have known for a year. She knew that I was well known and asked me to cash it for her. I gave her the money. She said she was staying at the Fifth-avenue Hotel.

"The other was handed to me on the street by Will Parish, and he asked me to cash it for him. I did so as a favor to him. I knew him a long time ago, but don't know anything now about his whereabouts. I just met him on the street."

"Don't you know that both checks were written by the same person?" was asked.

* * *

Says She Got No Money.

"I didn't know it then, but now that I have seen them together, I realize it," she said, "and my only solution is that Eugenia Blair and Will Parish were working together and used me as their tool. I did not get a cent of the money, and I am innocent of any wrong intention. I met Mrs. Blair in St. Louis a year and a half ago. Her husband was a clerk in Barr's department store."

"Why did you sign the name of Mrs. C. Stigall?" was asked.

"I only wrote the 'Mrs.;' the rest of it was written when I got it.

"I don't know why I did it. I made a mistake. I know Clarence Stigall very well, but am not intimate with him. I had no right to sign his name and do not know why I did it."

Mrs. Pendleberry is charged with obtaining money by false pretense in two cases. She was arrested by Detectives Walker and McCorkhill. She is the widow of Henry C. Pendleberry, formerly connected with the office of the City Engineer. He committed suicide by throwing himself from a train in the West three years ago. Mrs. Pendleberry had been sent ahead and did not learn of her husband's death until she arrived in Louisville.

* * *

Stigall Had No Knowledge.

"I knew nothing about the checks until I heard the woman was going to be arrested," said Clarence Stigall, at his apartment, 535 Second street, last night. "John Golden is my grandfather and the woman spent last summer at his hotel in Burnside. I was there and knew her, but had nothing to do with her. She knew my grandfather and I suppose she thought he had an account in the bank at Somerset. I never had any blank checks in my possession, like those which were passed. I never heard of Eugenia Blair or of Will Parish. I know this thing makes it look bad for me, but I will freely go into court and tell all I know about it. I am entirely innocent and will have no trouble in convincing everybody to that effect. My grandfathtr owns the Seven Gables hotel at Burnside and Mrs. Pendleberry was there last summer."

PIANO IN THE KENTUCKY BUILDING TO BE SOLD.

Kentucky Commission Will Receive Bids On It From Any and All Sources.

Kentucky Building, World's Fair, St. Louis, Oct. 24.—[Special.]—One of the things in the Kentucky Building at the World's Fair that makes it attractive to all visitors is the very fine upright piano occupying a place on the first floor. This piano was a gift from D. H. Baldwin & Co., of Louisville. It has a splendid tone and was valued by the piano company at $600. The front panel is painted to represent a Kentucky scene, as are the side panels. These painted panels are considered veritable works of art by Exposition visitors and have attracted as much attention as anything of this character on the World's Fair grounds. No better description of the piano has been written than that by Miss Wilhelmine Loos, of Lexington, in a letter to a friend while she was on a trip to Cincinnati last May to attend the musical festivities, during which she had the privilege of a private view of the annual American artists' exhibition. Miss Loos writes as follows:

"I have been greatly interested in the piano Mr. Meakin has decorated for the Kentucky Building at the Louisiana Purchase Exposition and am altogether delighted with it in its completion. The piano was prepared by one of the Baldwin companies here at the request of our commissioners, and is of native Kentucky walnut, of beautiful color and quality, with carvings representing the leaves and seed pods of our honey locust. Mr. Meakin was asked to decorate the panels, and he has put upon them some typical Kentucky scenes, making a short trip particularly to study them. I could not think, when I first heard of the intention, that a painted piano might be beautiful, but seeing it in the studio, was thoroughly charmed. So well has the artist carried the tones of the rich dark wood into his landscapes that the effect is absolutely harmonious, and one feels that the two arts are linked together to a perfect pleasing.

"In the large front panel is the principal scene, a little town with hills beyond and low meadows in front. The roofs of the houses peep through the trees, one can guess at shady streets pleasant to walk through—smoke is rising from hearths where friend and stranger are welcome, and late twilight seems to blend with the early moonlight that is reflected on the quiet stream in the foreground. Precisely what time it is, one might not say; its identity is rather hinted at than plainly told, but the coloring of the trees, hills and meadow is familiar, the aspect of the scene is homelike, so that in a far land a Kentuckian might gaze at it with misty eyes and a homesick heart. Altogether it is a picture to dream over and one could feel intensified the charm of all the dearest remembered melodies with this before his eyes.

"On the small narrow panels at either end of the keyboard are bits of trees and roadway, and something of the same motive on the ends also; all of the same thought and harmonious, telling one story, but varying, like the parts of a song-cycle. There was some thought of putting below the painting a motto from Judge Mulligan's now famous verses—possibly the first line—

"'The moonlight falls the softest,
In Kentucky,'

but I do not know the outcome of that. I may seem overenthusiastic, but truly it is delightful to see so fine a thing accomplished, and I am hoping that in the multitude of beautiful things at the Exposition our people may not fail to see this one that is so expressive of the State we love, and that seeing it some one of them may be moved to carry it away to his old Kentucky home, where he, and we, may enjoy it forever."

The piano firm paid Mr. Meakin, the New York artist, $485 for the decorative work alone on this piano, so this brings its value to more than $1,000. The Kentucky commission will receive bids on the piano from any and all sources.

EXPLOSIVES USED IN ATTEMPT AT BLACKMAIL.

New York Hotel Proprietor Threatened With Death Unless He Produces $5,000.

New York, Oct. 24.—Three letters, each containing a demand for $5,000 under penalty of death or injury to himself and family for refusal are reported to have been received by the proprietor of a new hotel in upper Fifth avenue.

Guests of the hostelry, one of the richest in the country, were startled last Wednesday morning by an explosion. Inquirers were told that the noise was caused by the bursting of an electric light globe, but it now develops, according to the Herald, that the would-be blackmailers, having failed to carry out their plan, set off a light charge of some explosive outside the proprietor's apartments on the fourteenth floor of the hotel

The present police theory points to the attempt as the work of some employe or helper of the hotel.

Half a dozen city detectives have been at work on the case for some days. When the second letter was received they disguised a man to appear like the proprietor and had him follow the letter writers' instructions, dropping a package supposed to contain $5,000 at a given place. The detectives were secreted for several hours where they could observe the neighborhood, but no one appeared to take the letter and the next day a fresh threat was received stating that the ruse was known to the writer.

OFFICIAL TRIAL OF CRUISER COLORADO.

Makes Hourly Average Speed of 22.26 Knots, and Gives Perfect Satisfaction.

Boston, Oct. 24.—The armored cruiser Colorado, built for the United States navy by William Cramp & Sons, of Philadelphia, to-day on her official trial trip covered eighty-eight nautical miles in 3 hours 57 minutes and 7 seconds, maintaining an hourly average speed of 22.26 knots throughout the run, exceeding the speed of 22 knots called for in the builders' contract by more than a quarter of a knot. It is thought that time corrections may increase her average slightly. The highest speed developed was 23.33 knots, and this was maintained for six and six-tenths miles during the homeward run.

The engines worked smoothly and developed an average horsepower of 28,000 and the ponderous twin screws whirled at an average of 128 revolutions a minute and at times made 130 revolutions. The great ship responded to the slightest touch of her helm.

In the turning "figure eight" and other maneuverings tests the ship gave splendid satisfaction, particularly in the complete turn which she made in a circle, the diameter of which was a little less than twice the length of the cruiser.

PHILIPPINE JUDGE'S RESIGNATION ACCEPTED.

Washington, Oct. 24.—The President has accepted the resignation of James F. Cooper, associate justice of the Supreme Court of the Philippine Islands, to take effect October 18. Judge Cooper was appointed from Texas. He has served three years on the bench with credit in the Philippines, and resigns on account of advancing years.

Lead Pencil Plant Burned.

Nashville, Tenn., Oct. 24.—The American Lead Pencil Company's plant at Lewisburg, Tenn., was totally destroyed by fire this morning. The fire originated in the office from a gasoline stove. A large amount of cedar timber was burned. The loss on the plant, it is estimated, will reach over $50,000, and is covered by insurance. The factory will probably be rebuilt.

Later the fire spread to the log yard and timber to the amount of over $100,000 was destroyed. Two residences near the log yard were also destroyed.

The Old Reliable

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

ABSOLUTELY PURE

There is no substitute

MILITARY PRISONER KILLED BY GUARD.

Detroit, Mich., Oct. 24.—Fred C. Matthews, a general prisoner at Fort Wayne, serving a sentence for desertion, was shot and killed to-day by private Frank J. Hila, while trying to escape.

It is believed at the fort that Matthews, who had been despondent for a number of days, made the attempt to escape with the deliberate purpose of being shot by the guard. Last Friday he tried to hang himself, but was discovered in the attempt and prevented.

NEGRO LYNCHED FOR ASSAULTING POLICEMAN.

Norfolk, Va., Oct. 24.—George W. Blount, a negro proprietor of a fish and oyster shop in the suburbs of Berkley, was taken early this morning from the police station, where he was confined, by a mob of fifty masked men and lynched. Blount had been arrested Saturday night for striking T. D. Holloman, a Berkley policeman, in the face with a lighted lamp, badly burning him.

Senator Burton's Case Advanced.

Washington, Oct. 24.—The Supreme Court of the United States to-day granted the motion to advance the pending case against United States Senator Burton, of Kansas, and fixed November 28 as the day for the hearing. The consideration of the motion for a writ of certiorari in the Burton case as it stands in the Court of Appeals for the Eighth circuit was postponed until the 28th, when it will be heard in connection with the case now before the court.

Every want ad. is the "cipher-key" to an event or an episode in the life of the people.

DEATHS.

LAPP—At 1:30 p. m., October 24, Carrie Lapp, relict of the late Samuel Lapp, aged 62 years.

Funeral from the residence, 2420 Second street, Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock. Burial private.

PRINZ—Entered into rest, Henry Prinz, Sunday, October 23, at 1:45 p. m., at his residence, 1038 East Green street, aged 48 years 1 month and 11 days.

Funeral from the late residence Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment in Cave Hill cemetery.

MEETINGS.

Louisville Commandery, No. 1, K. T., will meet in stated conclave in their asylum, new Masonic, this (Tuesday) evening, October 25, 1904, at 7:30 o'clock. A souvenir from Fresno Commandery, No. 29, K. T., California, will be presented to every member present. Members of DeMolay Commandery, No. 12, K. T., and sojourning Sir Knights are courteously invited to attend. By order of

O. H. MATTMILLER, Commander.
T. E. WILSON, Recorder.

UNDERTAKERS.

Gran W. Smith's Son

AL S. SMITH, Proprietor,

FUNERAL DIRECTOR

Southwest cor. 7th and Walnut sts.

Both Telephones 816.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Notice.

Office of the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund, Rooms 27 and 28 City Hall, Louisville, Ky., Oct. 24, 1904.

Coupons of city bonds, due November 1, 1904, payable in New York, will be paid on presentation at this office until 12 o'clock m., Saturday, the 29th inst.

J. M. TERRY, Treasurer.

For BEAUTY of DESIGN and ARTISTIC MERIT

MINTON CHINA

AND

LIBBEY CUT GLASS

Excel all other makes. Delightful pieces for

WEDDING GIFTS,

J. Dolfinger & Co. 584 4th AVE. NEAR WALNUT.

STEAMSHIPS.

WHITE STAR LINE

Fast Twin-Screw Steamers of 11,400 to 15,000 tons.

Boston, Queenstown, Liverpool.

Cymric.....Nov. 17

BOSTON DIRECT TO THE MEDITERRANEAN VIA AZORES.

GIBRALTAR, MARSEILLES, NAPLES, ALGIERS, GENOA, ALEXANDRIA.

FROM NEW YORK:

CRETIC....Nov. 5, Dec. 12, Feb. 4, Mch. 19
REPUBLIC.....Dec. 1, Jan. 14, Feb. 27

FROM BOSTON:

ROMANIC...Oct. 29, Dec. 10, Jan. 28, Mch. 11
CANOPIC.....Nov. 19, Jan. 7, Feb. 19

First Class $65 upward.

For plans, etc., apply to Company's Office, 84 State st., India bldg., Boston, or to J. PINK CUNEO, 336 W. Main st.; HUMMEL & MEYER, 307 W. Main st.; M. SHEEHAN, 1854 Portland ave.

WINTER CRUISES

18 Different Cruises and Special Services to the West Indies Mediterranean & Orient,

By Twin-Screw Palatial Cruising Steamers From 18 to 76 days—$123 to $301 up.

Send for illustrated booklets, rates, etc., before deciding winter plans.

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Prepares for University or School of Technology. Courses in English, History, Mathematics, Ancient and Modern Languages, Natural and Physical Science and Mechanics. Manual Training and Drawing in Preparatory and High School Departments. Term opens September 14. Send for Catalogue. 1047 Second street, Louisville.

W. H. THARP, H. G. BROWNELL, } Principals.

A MARRIED WOMAN

May deposit money with us in her own name, subject to her check only. Interest is allowed on deposits, subject to check. All business given careful attention. Inquiries invited.

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Situations. Address WILBUR R. SMITH, LEXINGTON, KY. FOR CIRCULAR OF THE "Cheapest and best College."

COMMERCIAL COLLEGE OF KY. UNIVERSITY

Refers to thousands of successful graduates. Cost to complete Full Business Course, including Tuition, Books and Board, about $90. Phonography, Typewriting and Telegraphy taught. Address WILBUR R. SMITH, Lexington, Ky.

TWO JOCKEYS ARE SERIOUSLY HURT

First Steeplechase of Latonia Meeting Furnishes Some Thrills.

HARTMAN'S SHOULDER BROKEN

Glen Echo, a Long Shot, Easily Wins the Lynbrook Handicap At Jamaica.

RESULTS ON OTHER TRACKS.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 24.—Two steeplechase jockeys were seriously injured in the first steeplechase of the meeting at Latonia to-day. There was a mishap of some kind at nearly every jump, the most serious of all being the one to Jockey Hartman, who fell off near the third jump and received a broken shoulder. Jockey Pierce fell at the water jump, and suffered a badly bruised head. The race was won by Red Car. The other events were without incident. Weather clear; track good. The summaries:

First Race—Six furlongs:
Glad Smile, 106 (Foy), 5 to 1 1
J. Ed Grillo, 111 (Troxler), 5 to 1 2
Maggie Leber, 106 (Perrine), 15 to 1 3
Time, 1:14½. Rachel Ward, Winnifrede, Florence Fonso, Iole, My Alice, Ida Davis and Redman also ran.
Second Race—Five furlongs:
Bashford Belle, 110 (Troxler), 3 to 5 1
Steel Trap, 106 (Walsh), 15 to 1 2
Agnes Virginia, 102 (McDonald), 15 to 1.. 3
Time, 1:02. May Ellen, Glendivere, Rondolet, Voltaire, Lady Eileen, Denice, April Bird and Melville R. also ran.
Third Race—One mile:
Requiter, 96 (Nicol), 15 to 1 1
Coruscate, 109 (Seamster), 2 to 5 2
Apple, 99 (Taylor), 8 to 1 3
Time, 1:40¼. Sir Gallant, Variora and Brooklyn also ran.
Fourth Race — Handicap steeplechase; short course:
Red Car, 140 (Gaylor), 7 to 5 1
Dominique You, 128 (Carter), 4 to 1 2
Rip, 158 (Casey), 8 to 1 3
Time, 3:01. Sam Parmer, Volantine and Islip also ran. Allegiance, Mike Rice and J. W. Rodes fell.
Fifth Race — Five and one-half furlongs:
Ram's Horn, 113 (Dugan), 3 to 5 1
Bowling Bridge, 104 (Nicol), 2 to 1 2
Harpoon, 108 (Morrison), 30 to 1 3
Time, 1:07. Judge Saufley, Maceona and Mr. Jack also ran.
Sixth Race — One and one-sixteenth miles:
Glenwood, 105 (Fox), 3 to 1 1
Annie Williams, 100 (Dugan), 6 to 1 2
Kilmorie, 95 (Seamster), 12 to 1 3
Time, 1:48½. Beaucaire, Little Emmy, Prism, Reckoner, Peninsular, Shogun, Hickory Corners, Barney Burke and Meggs also ran.

LATONIA ENTRIES.

First Race—Six and one-half furlongs; selling: Gigantic, 98; Floronic, 99; Melita, Cyuttica, Artemesia, The Laurel, 101; Bob Franklin, Marcian, 102; Foreigner, 103; Senor, Miss Audrey, 106.
Second Race—Five furlongs: Anna Manan, Nita Deer, Edna Tanner, Halma Belle, Meadow Plume, Madchen, 105; Erla Lee, Martha Celia, Mary Eleanor, 108; Mum, Bonnie Sue, 112.
Third Race—Mile; selling: Easy Trade, 96; New Amsterdam, 99; Baby M., Quincy, Olonetz, Showman, 101; Fleuron, King of the Valley, 102; J. J. T., Saint Wood, Varro, 104; Harrison, 105; Red Raven, Ben Mora, 107.
Fourth Race—Six furlongs; purse: Pensee, Mary Callahan, Ethel Keckler, Marseilles, Henry Lyons, Louise Stapp, 99; Fortuny, Thistle Do, Vallarambia, Tellfare, 102; Sir Mars, Tuxedo, 107.
Fifth Race—Five furlongs; selling: Rachel Ward, Eva Claire, 96; Ethel Davis, 97; Dod Anderson, 98; Dusky, Determination, 101; Lustig, 104; Glendon, Bonnie Mary, 105; Vestry, Leota, 106.
Sixth Race—Five and one-half furlongs; selling: Johnson, 100; Double, Judge Traynor, Cegarius, Machlon, Omealca, Mintsmash, Milton Young, Fox Hunting, Frank Pill, Exalted, Merry George, 106; Col. White, 109.

GLEN ECHO THE WINNER.

Long Shot Easily Takes the Lynbrook Handicap For Two-Year-Olds.

New York, Oct. 24.—Glen Echo, at 12 to 1, easily won the Lynbrook Handicap, for two-year-olds, distance six furlongs, at Jamaica to-day. Glen Echo, which ran practically unbacked, took the lead early and retained it, winning by five lengths. The favorite, Augur, was interfered with and was never a contender. Two favorites won. Summaries:

First Race—Selling; six furlongs:
R. L. Johnston, 106 (Burns), 6 to 1 1
Confessor, 98 (Travers), 10 to 1 2
Kittie Platt, 100 (W. Davis), 12 to 1 3
Time, 1:14 3-5. Clover Hampton, Hildebrand, Red Ruler, Dazzle, High Life, Recreo, Ike S., St. Margrave, Lion Heart, Pygmalion, Calmness, The Chanticleer, Gold Fleur, Monacodor and Auto Hood also ran.
Second Race—Selling; one and one-sixteenth miles:
Champlain, 98 (Travers), 5 to 2 1
Reveille, 100 (Hildebrand), 9 to 2 2
South Trimble, 106 (O'Neill), 7 to 1 3
Time, 1:48. Namtor, Sais, Stone Arabia, Wathford, Hegira, Homestead and Tide also ran.
Third Race—Six furlongs:
Crown Prince, 105 (Gannon), 18 to 5 1
Roseben, 108 (O'Neill), 4 to 1 2
Israelite, 107 (Redfern), 17 to 10 3
Time, 1:13 2-5. Auditor, Ancestor and Yo San also ran.
Fourth Race—The Lynbrook Handicap; six furlongs:
Glen Echo, 105 (Burns), 12 to 1 1
Gamara, 102 (Phillips), 10 to 1 2
Pasadena, 110 (Martin), 8 to 1 3
Time, 1:13. Augur, Cairngorm, Teacress, Flyback, Heart's Desire, Austin Allen and King Cole also ran.
Fifth Race—Selling; one and one-quarter miles:
Cloverland, 106 (Redfern), 5 to 1 1
Stonewall, 96 (Travers), 6 to 1 2
The Southerner, 100 (W. Davis), 11 to 5.. 3
Time, 2:08 2-5. Stolen Moments and Midshipman also ran.
Sixth Race—One and one-eighth miles:
Carbuncle, 117 (Redfern), 4 to 5 1
War Whoop, 97 (Travers), 7 to 2 2
Ethics, 96 (Cochran), 7 to 2 3
Time, 1:55 1-5. Proceeds also ran.

JAMAICA ENTRIES.

First Race—Handicap; six furlongs: Diamond, 124; Trapper, 120; Juvenaga, Agile, 114; Escutcheon, 108; Merry Lark, 107; Jennie McCabe, Workman, 100; Myopia, 99; Jerry C., 98; Oxford, 90; Amber Jack, 87.
Second Race—Mile and seventy yards: Sentry, Lord Advocate, Hackensack, Osgood, 106; Prince Ching, 105; Vincennes, Brunswick, 103; Topic, 102; Lord Badge, 100; Toi San, 99; Hoodwink, Knobhampton, Beverly, 98; Conceit, 97; Destiny, 95; Viola, 92; Funnyside, Allinda, 90.
Third Race—Five and one-half furlongs: Juvenaga, 105; Far West, Workman, 107; Druid, All Scarlet, 104; Go to Win, Belligerent, 101; Darkle, 100; Linda Rosa, Gold Croft, 99; Niblick, Lianthony Boy, Bert Arthur, 98; Miss Modesty, 95; Shannonside, 94; Belle Sauvage, 90.
Fourth Race—The Amagansett Stakes; one and one-sixteenth miles: Orthodox, 108; Irish Witch, Canteen, 105; Dick Bernard, 103; Little Em, 102; New York, 101; Lord Badge, Stolen Moments, 98; Brooklynite, 93; Briarthorpe, 91.
Fifth Race—One and one-sixteenth miles: The Huguenot, 108; Courtmaid, 104; Glisten, Old England, 98; Garnish, 97; Ascetic, 91.
Sixth Race—Five and one-half furlongs: Idle Tears, Blue Pigeon, Sunray, Inspiration, Lucy Young, Hyacinth, Edith Brown, Miss Modesty, Witch Hazel, Ismalina, Suffice, My Buela, Fairy Dance, Novena, Mettle, Miller's Daughter, 108.

ONLY TWO FAVORITES FIRST.

Emperor of India and Bad News Reward the Talent At Worth.

Chicago, Oct. 24.—Emperor of India and Bad News were the winning favorites at Worth to-day. The other four events were captured by three second choices and one outsider. Weather cool; track good. Summaries:

First Race—Six furlongs:
Automaton, 105 (Lynch), 4 to 1 1
Lem Reed, 107 (Romanelli), 13 to 5 2
Dr. Moody, 107 (Foley), 100 to 1 3
Time, 1:13 2-5. Canojoharie, Four Leaf C., The Musketeer, Julia Junkin, Mary McCafferty, Corblett's Bay, Winesap, Joe Frey, Postman and Flaunt also ran.
Second Race—One mile and fifty yards:
Emperor of India, 100 (Truebel), 9 to 10.. 1
Arab, 98 (Shaver), 8 to 1 2
Falernian, 110 (McIntyre), 4 to 1 3
Time, 1:46. Martius, Triumvir, Chockayotte, Avenger, Berry Waddell, Langford James and Mingora also ran.
Third Race—Six furlongs:
New Mown Hay, 107 (Robbins), 13 to 5.. 1
The Crisis, 106 (Hoffler), 13 to 20 2
Mexxo, 102 (Johnson), 100 to 1 3
Time, 1:14. St. Paula, Cognomen, Intrigue, Gypzene and Flight also ran.
Fourth Race—One mile:
Bad News, 118 (Helgeson), 3 to 5 1
Miss Crawford, 95 (Lannon), 8 to 5 2
Brand New, 91 (McIntyre), 3 to 1 3
Time, 1:40 2-5. Introductor and Lady Jocelyn also ran.
Fifth Race — One and one-sixteenth miles:
Federal, 105 (McIntyre), 6 to 1 1
Meistersinger, 107 (Kunz), 20 to 1 2
Ethelyne, 107 (Harris), 3 to 1 3
Time, 1:48 1-5. Celebration, Chanterelle, Harney, Bank Street and Carat also ran.
Sixth Race — Five and one-half furlongs:
Col. Ruppert, 112 (Truebell), 18 to 5 1
Gold Enamel, 112 (Dominick), even 2
Logistella, 100 (Wilson), 40 to 1 3
Time, 1:07 2-5. Raviana, Rosebourne, Capitano, Dr. Leggo, Matador and Janeta also ran.

WORTH ENTRIES.

First Race—Six furlongs: Trossachs, Yeast, Foxmeade, Miss Anthony, Cohassett, 97; St. Merry Legs, Fly Lady, Carnival, The Hawayan, 107; Heritage, Gus Heldorn, Harrigan, 110; Mendon, Careless, 112; Rowland M., 115.
Second Race—Five furlongs: Pelham, The Reprobate, Smithy Kane, 107; Arc Light, Westbrookfield, J. B. Smith, Angeletta, Lordling, San Jose, 110; Bradwarlin, Lauros, 112; Chief Bush, 115; Bishop Poole, 115; Ed Early, 107.
Third Race—Handicap; six furlongs: Cigarlighter, Ahola, 90; Don Domo, 95; Sir Brillar, 96; J. W. O'Neill, 98; Nannie Hodge, 103; Golden Rule, 105; Rusk, 107; Mayor Johnson, 108.
Fourth Race—Handicap; one and one-eighth miles: Scortic, 85; Luralighter, 92; King Ellsworth, 97; Spencerian, 98; Rankin, 97; Huzzah, 104; Martinmas, Brancas, 112. Couple Spencerian and Rankin as Arthur's entry.
Fifth Race—Selling; one and one-quarter miles: Annor J., 88; Lachaperone, 90; Mingore, 93; Charlie Miller, 95; Rabunta, Santa Teresa, Scortic, 97; Avenger, 96; Nlaxus, 97; Mr. Farnum, Lou Woods, 102; Little Elkin, 104; Paramount, 106; Ben Chance, 107; Ethylene, 109.
Sixth Race—Six furlongs: Basswood, Golden Buck, Platoon, Midge, 97; Scotch Irish, Diagram, Kenton, 100; Big Beach, Ivan the Terrible, Michael Byrnes, Col. Ruppert, 105; Broadway Girl, 112.

ADEN WINS HANDICAP.

Beats Anne Davis and Edith May, the Favorites In Feature At St. Louis.

St. Louis, Oct. 24.—Aden won the feature of Delmar's racing card to-day, after racing Arlena into submission in the first six furlongs. Aden had enough left at the end to beat Anne Davis, the second choice, and Edith May, the favorite, who finished with a rush. Track fast. Summaries:

First Race — Five and one-half furlongs:
Trouere, 100 (J. Hennessy), 5 to 1 1
Cotta Stone, 102 (Neeley), 15 to 1 2
Betty Gold, 97 (Dickson), 12 to 1 3
Time, 1:10½. Mary Maud, Devince, Bannock Belle, Bonanza, King, Lady Gift, Aten, Sharon Springs and Rox also ran.
Second Race—One mile; selling:
St. Daniel, 108 (D. Austin), 3 to 1 1
Fitzbrillar, 103 (Seder), 17 to 1 2
Dr. Burns, 105 (Young), 25 to 1 3
Time, 1:43½. Jake Weber, Tribes, Missile, Sanctissima, Caelana, William F. II., Flora Levy, Gerda and Pepper Dick also ran.
Third Race — Five and one-half furlongs; purse:
Clara Dee, 102 (Young), 4 to 1 1
Russell A., 105 (Head), 6 to 1 2
Bendigo, 105 (D. Austin), 9 to 2 3
Time, 1:10¼. John Randolph, Kitty Belle Brooks, Stella M., Dresden and Makana also ran.
Fourth Race — Seven furlongs; handicap:
Aden, 122 (Cheatham), 10 to 1 1
Anne Davis, 106 (D. Austin), 16 to 5 2
Edith May, 97 (S. Dickson), 5 to 2 3
Time, 1:27½. Tern's Rod, Arlena, Wolfram, St. Fleur and Ralph Young also ran.
Fifth Race — One and one-sixteenth miles:
Miss Petty, 98 (L. Williams), 8 to 1 1
Orient, 98 (D. Austin), 4 to 1 2
Bengal, 97 (S. Dickson), 5 to 1 3
Time, 1:48½. Pathos, Sambo and Ivernia also ran.
Sixth Race—One and one-eighth miles; selling:
Second Mate, 103 (S. Dickson), 4 to 1 1
George Vivian, 100 (L. Williams), 7 to 1.. 2
Judge Cantrill, 105 (Scully), 10 to 1 3
Time, 1:56¼. Barca, Golden Light, Sabot, Birdwood, Drummond and Pat's Choice also ran.

DELMAR ENTRIES.

First Race—Five and one-half furlongs: Lady Sellers, Stella M., Makaina, 95; Ethel's Pride, 102; Algetha, 95; Bessie McN., 102; Telephone Belle, 95; Dorothy Dodd, 107; Flying Fire, 102; Thompson's Fairy, Elenika, 100.
Second Race—Five and one-half furlongs: Lookaway, 95; King Fox II., 105; Maj. Carpenter, Madoc, Sweet Note, 100; Pilgrim Girl, 95; Maid of the Order, 100; Bagerly, Faunette, 95; Bob C., Bird Pond, 105; Ed Merritt, 95.
Third Race—Six furlongs: Vouch, 113; King's Charm, Felix Mozzes, 111; Gasconne, 89; Lasso, 103; Jack Moran, 83; Kilts, 86.
Fourth Race—One and one-sixteenth miles; handicap: Sambo, 100; Flora Willoughby, 97; Sam Craig, 98; Lubin, 101; Taby Tosa, 100.
Fifth Race—Seven furlongs: Byron Rose, 111; Mafalda, 104; Light Opera, 101; Gay Lizette, 97; Wolfram, 102; Ralph Young, 106; Bab, 102; Miss Manners, 107; Algonquin, 91; Montpelier, 100.
Sixth Race—One and one-sixteenth miles: Mainspring, 102; Prince Silver, 91; Mindora, 103; Imboden, 94; Avoid, 100; Frank Rice, 98; Compass, 95; Ivernia, 100; Martin, 104; Sister Lillian, 100.

WINS IN THE LAST JUMP.

Schwarzwald Has a Hard Time Beating Sweet Jane At Kansas City.

Kansas City, Oct. 24. — After trailing along for almost the entire journey, Schwarzwald went to the front at the last jump and won the steeplechase handicap, the feature at Elm Ridge to-day. Sweet Jane was second, two lengths in front of Spring Water. Joe Goss, Schwarzwald and W. R. Condon were the winning favorites. Weather cloudy; track fast. The summaries:

First Race—Six furlongs:
Joe Goss, 109 (Cormack), 8 to 5 1
Dan Collins, 109 (Sheehan), 20 to 1 2
Sir Andrew, 106 (Henry), 7 to 2 3
Time, 1:14¾. Ponapa, Lady Charlotte, Scepter, Pourquoi Pas, Dolly Gray and Happy Chappy also ran.
Second Race—Five furlongs:
Loyal Legend, 111 (Henry), 3 to 1 1
Lou Merrill, 104 (Moriarity), 30 to 1 2
Peggy, 115 (Cormack), 3 to 2 3
Time, 1:01¾. The Doctress, Henry O., Giacomo, Swedish Lad, St. Denis and Adare also ran.
Third Race — One and one-sixteenth miles:
Flo Bob, 91 (Knapp), 8 to 5 1
Lelia, 88 (Greenfield), ... 2
Elie, 888 (Lewis), 16 to 1 3
Time, 1:47½. Dargin and Jerry Lynch also ran.
Fourth Race—Six furlongs:
Tyrolean, 97 (Aubuchon), 5 to 1 1
Tom Shelly, 107 (Anderson), 11 to 5 2
Loretta M., 107 (Otis), 6 to 1 3
Time, 1:13¾. Alderman Bat, Red Reynard, Gallopoff, Mart Gentry, Ralph Rose and El Otros also ran.
Fifth Race—Steeplechase; full course; about two miles:
Schwarzwald, 142 (Pembroke), 11 to 5 1
Sweet Jane, 135 (Rice), 4 to 1 2
Springwater, 127 (Dupee), 10 to 1 3
Time, 4:09. Evander, Mrs. Grannan and Creolin also ran. Farthingdale fell.
Sixth Race—One mile:
W. R. Condon, 102 (Aubuchon), 3 to 2 1
The Major, 107 (Sheehan), 7 to 1 2
Pettijohn, 104 (Hothersoll), 30 to 1 3
Time, 1:41. Col. Ballantyne, Mae Miller, Flying Torpedo and Payne also ran.

KANSAS CITY ENTRIES.

First Race—Five and one-half furlongs; selling: Silent Water, Our Lillie, My Gem, 98; Mad Lowry, Pearlstone, Cousin Carrie, 103; Rebo, 104; Stumptown, Great Mogul, Bluegrass Girl, Dan Collins, 108; Vanator, 110; Precious Stone, Crescerton, 111; Elfin King, 112.
Second Race—Four and one-half furlongs; for two-year-olds: Sea Voyage, Philanthropist, Axelina, 103; Pawtucket, A. Muskoday, Flying Trapeze, Bonifield, Modred Law, El Otros, 106; Angletea, Alice Platt, Maggie Mackey, 110; Seasick, Luretta, 115.
Third Race—Six furlongs; handicap: Pirella, 81; Felipe Luego, 107; Otto Stifel, 111; San Nicholas, 112; Ed Ball, 115; McGee, 117; Delvay, 118.
Fourth Race—One mile and one furlong; handicap: Alma Dufour, 96; Barleyrte, 99; William Wright, 100; Claude, 126.
Fifth Race—Seven furlongs; purse: Toledo, Formaster, 98; The Lady, Josette, 104; Hippocrates, 107.
Sixth Race—One and one-half miles; selling: Harbor, 92; Buglehorn, 93; Golden Mineral, 96; Mae Miller, 102; Virdotte, 103; Neversuch, 105; Col. Ballantyne, 110.

EASTERN HORSES GO TO NEW ORLEANS.

THE list of stables that will go from the East to New Orleans grows every day. Many owners who have never before taken part in winter racing will ship to the Crescent City after the close of Bennings, and this assures a high grade of racing. Among those that have engaged stable room are William Lakeland, Peter Wimmer, W. P. Burch, Morris Hayman, A. C. McCafferty, Jules Carson, C. F. Hill, Charley Rowe, Frank Brown, S. S. Brown, A. Featherstone, J. A. Kyle, Tom Mannix, Albert Simons, A. L. Aste, P. J. Gorman, W. W. Gray, Charles Oxx, Charley Hughes, E. K. Wheeler, C. Ainwick, William Midgeley, Fred De Ruiz, John Pangle, J. Baker, C. Cochran, A. J. Pilque, Tom Digney and R. W. Walden. The total of the shipments promises about two hundred more horses than in previous years. With these stables will go a delegation of riders that will fill all requirements.

FINISH OF MORRIS PARK.

Famous Race Course Lost To the Racing Game For $50,000.

Negotiations have been practically completed between A. H. & D. Morris and representatives of the different racing associations about New York City, which will mean the end of Morris Park so far as racing is concerned, says a special from New York.

In the complications arising from the announcement recently made by the owners of the race course that there would be racing at the "Epsom Downs of America" despite the fact that the Westchester Racing Association is to go to Belmont Park, the new track on Long Island, the other racing associations are said to have got together and formed a pool which will pay to the owners of the track the rental formerly paid to them by the Westchester Association.

This means the payment of a sum approximating $50,000 for a year at least, and for that time the splendid race course will be idle. The duration of the agreement is unknown, but another year probably will find land values much higher at Morris Park, enabling the owners to realize handsomer returns by cutting up the site into building lots.

For ten years the Westchester Racing Association has had a lease of Morris Park from the proprietors at what was said to be a rental equaling 2 per cent. on $2,000,000. Its spring meeting was really the opening of the metropolitan racing season, its rich stakes and plates brought forth the best horses of the year, and the attendance always included a large coterie of society leaders.

NO TURF WAR AT NEW ORLEANS.

Two Clubs Likely To Work In Harmony At Crescent City.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 24.—The race track situated in New Orleans during the past week has been just a trifle changed, as a result of the actions of the New Orleans Jockey Club, the new institution. Some time ago this new institution announced that Dan Patch would go for a record mile the first week in December, and the Crescent City Jockey Club took exception to this announcement, claiming that the new club was not showing a friendly spirit, and added that the claims of the New Orleans club that no turf war was wanted were not substantiated by the engagement of Dan Patch.

This brought an offer from the New Orleans Jockey Club to enter a peace conference, with a view to having both tracks work in the interest of each other and the city.

Manager Brown, of the New Orleans club, stated that he would cancel the agreement he has with Savage to race Dan Patch, and agree to keep the track closed until January 1, in return for a friendly understanding between the two jockey clubs. He would exact that the Crescent City Jockey Club, however, race the thirty-three days up to January 1, and then the New Orleans Jockey Club race the same number of days, and the difference between these sixty-six racing days and the one hundred days to be granted by the Western Jockey Club be divided equally between the two tracks. Such a division would work to the interest of both clubs, and the combined efforts of these clubs should cut deeply into the consignment of horses which will, under other circumstances, no doubt travel to California.

Manager Brown is of the opinion that by working in harmony the two local tracks will be able to so increase the daily attendance and the number of books on duty that the profits per day will be far in excess of any past season when only one track operated and before opposition was ever thought of. As yet no reply has been made to this offer.

Magnates Have Arrived.

New York, Oct. 24.—The annual meeting of the National Association of Baseball Leagues opened here to-day. Representatives of twenty-three leagues, containing 168 clubs, were present. Late in the afternoon the National Board went into executive session to consider thirty-one disputes and formally submitted questions, including the application of the Tri-State League for membership. The board is composed of M. H. Sexton, of Rock Island, Ill.; J. H. O'Rourke, of Bridgeport, Conn.; T. H. Murnane, of Boston; W. H. Lucas, of Spokane, Wash.; W. M. Kavanaugh, of Little Rock, with J. H. Farrell, of Auburn, N. Y., as secretary.

Among the representatives present are: Southern League — Wm. Kavanaugh, Little Rock; Newton Fisher, Nashville; F. P. Morrill, New Orleans.

South Atlantic League — C. W. Boyer, Savannah; Edward Ashenbach, Charleston.

Texas League—J. D. Roberts, Corsicana, Tex.

Central League—J. W. Bennett, Evansville, Ind.

Southwestern League — E. A. Barnes, Oklahoma.

American Association—J. E. Grillo, Cincinnati; T. J. Bryce, president of the Columbus, Ohio, Club; George Tebeau, Louisville, and C. F. Rauschaupt, of Indianapolis.

Dr. Laverty Robbed.

Dr. E. C. Laverty, secretary of the Louisville Board of Health, was robbed of a pocketbook, containing $60, on Fourth avenue Saturday night by a clever crook. The thief dropped a pencil on the pavement, called the doctor's attention to it and stole the purse as Dr. Laverty leaned over to get the pencil.

MAJOR DELMAR BREAKS ANOTHER

Great Horse Lowers the World's Record for Unpaced Trotters.

CIRCLES TRACK IN 2:01 1-4.

Dan Patch, the Pacing Champion, Fails To Lower His Own Record.

THE SUNNY SOUTH STAKES.

MEMPHIS, Oct. 24.—Major Delmar, owned by E. E. Smathers, of New York, and driven by Alta McDonald, established a new world's record mark for unpaced trotters at the Memphis Driving Park to-day when he circled the track in 2:01¼. The previous mark was 2:01¾, held jointly by Major Delmar and Lou Dillon.

To-day's performance was cheered by a large crowd, and horsemen generally were of the opinion that had weather conditions been more favorable the son of Delmar would have made even a lower mark. A cold wind was blowing up the home stretch, which materially lessened the speed of the horse in the final effort for the wide. Delmar stepped the first quarter in :31 flat. The half was made in 1:00¾ and the three-quarters pole was passed in 1:30¼. In the run home Delmar perceptibly tired and passed the judges' stand in 2:01¼.

Dan Patch, the pacing champion, was sent against his own unpaced mark of 1:59¼, but he failed to equal this record. He made the mile in 2:00¼. Both Delmar and Dan Patch were accompanied by runners on the side.

The Sunny South Stakes, for 2:13 class pacers, valued at $2,000, was won easily by The Broncho in straight heats. Ash Rose finished second without much effort.

The Sunny South; 2:13 pace; $2,000; two in three:
The Broncho, b. m., by Storm Cliff (Dean) 1 1
Ash Rose, b. h., by Ashland Wilkes (Snow) 2 2
Birdie B., gr. m., by Nicholas B. (Marsh) 3 3
Monnut, b. h., by Walnut Boy (Ervin) .4 4
Three Feeds for One Cent, by Online (Hersey) .... d's.
Time—2:07, 2:08½.
2:16 pace; $1,000; two in three:
Gayety Girl, b. m., by Ashland Wilkes, dam Gay Girl (Horine) 1 1
Dr. Francis, ch. g., by Nickel Plate (Madison) 2 3
Delpha, b. m., by Delmarch (McDevitt) 4 2
Angelin Wilkes, b. h., by Wilkes Boy (Curry) 3 4
Time—2:12¾, 2:09¾.
2:30 pace; $1,000; two in three:
Funston, rn. g., by Dictatus, dam not given (Snow) 1 1
Emil D., b. g., by Capt. Cook (Rafferty) 2 2
Bonita, rn. m., by Oakland (Spillman).. 3 3
Time—2:14¼, 2:15¼.
2:12 trot; Amateur Drivers; two in three:
Imogene, ch. m., by Ely Ria (Mr. Billings) 1 2 1
Ilive, b. m., by Highwood (Mr. Jones) 2 1 2
Time—2:32¼, 2:15¼, 2:13½.
2:07 pace; Amateur Drivers; two in three, unfinished:
Dry Monopole, b. g., by Clay King (Mr. Jones) 2 1
Don N., rn. g., by Little Joker (Mr. Shepard) 1 2
Greenline, b. g., by Online (Mr. Billings) 3 3
Time—2:09½, 2:10¼.
Major Delmar, b. g., by Delmar (McDonald), to beat 2:01¾, trotting. Time by quarters—:31, 1:00¾, 1:30¼, 2:01¼.
Dan Patch, br. h., by Joe Patchen, dam Zelica (Hersey), to beat 1:59¼, pace. Time by quarters—:30, 59¾, 1:30, 2:00¼.

Billings Buys Morning Star.

Lexington, Ky., Oct. 24.—[Special.]—C. K. G. Billings, owner of the trotting queen, Lou Dillon, has purchased of A. McDonald, Port Henry, N. Y., the brown gelding, Morning Star, by Star Pointer, 1:59¼, dam Fanny, by Eghthorne, for $6,000. Morning Star will be used on the speedway by his new owner this fall. He has, with Angus Pointer, the fastest record of the present season to the credit of any green pacer, 2:04¾, and in the recent meeting here John M. in the rich Tennessee stake, had to go three heats in the remarkable time of 2:04¼, 2:04¼ and 2:06.

Nashville Wins a Game.

Tuscaloosa, Ala., Oct. 24.—University of Nashville 17; University of Alabama 0.

YOUNG CORBETT READY TO TRAIN

Denverite Is Due To Arrive At San Francisco To-day.

HE IS SANGUINE OF VICTORY.

Jimmy Brit and Joe Gans Are In Hard Training For Their Bout.

OTHER CHAT OF THE RING.

WITHIN a few days Young Corbett will begin active training for his battle with Battling Nelson, which is to take place the latter part of the month. Corbett is due to arrive on the coast to-day, and upon his arrival he will at once select a training camp and begin preparations for the encounter. Having not taken any exercise for several months past Corbett has taken on considerable weight, and he will have to do some lively road work to reduce his avoirdupois.

Corbett, however, is sanguine of victory, and with plenty of time in which to get himself in proper condition he expects to make an excellent showing against Hanlon's conqueror.

By defeating a lad of Hanlon's caliber Nelson showed that he was among the topnotchers in the featherweight division, and many of the experts believe him to be in line for championship honors. If successful with Corbett, Nelson would be the logical opponent for Britt to meet for the championship, and for this reason Corbett intends to make the battle of his life. Corbett knows that a defeat would give him a serious setback and incidentally declare off several other important matches which he has planned for the next couple of months.

* * *

Says Left Hook: "Both Jimmy Britt and Joe Gans are training hard for their coming fight for the lightweight championship. Just had a letter from James Edward. Among other interesting things he says: 'A word about Corbett. He wired me while I was playing in Los Angeles in July to the effect that he did not propose to live up to the agreement made for him by his manager. He said he would not wait until December, and that unless I fought him forthwith all negotiations were off.

"'I will give him a match in December whether I win or lose with Gans.

"'I am making no excuses for Mr. Corbett for putting me off. In meeting Gans I am stacking up against a much tougher man than Corbett, and everybody knows it.

"'They tell me that Gans made 133 while training for Walcott. I don't believe 133 ringside will cripple Gans, and, what's more, I don't care. I feel absolutely confident that I'll clean this fellow as sure as I am a foot high.'

"This is like Jimmy Britt. He is always cock-sure that he will win. So far his own judgment has proved superior to that of the pessimists. No one thought he would beat Erne or Fitzgerald or Young Corbett.

"I would not fall dead with surprise if he beat Gans. Although I must give the black man credit for his wonderful skill and fighting ability, he has been known to 'quit.'

"In Britt he will meet the gamest little man he ever met. Britt will keep rushing like a tiger until he either wins or loses. He can take or give punishment, and he doesn't know what it is to lose heart in a fight."

Splan Buys Kirkwood, Jr.

Lexington, Ky., Oct. 24.—[Special.]—John Splan has bought of James McMordie, Leadville, Col., for Guiseppe Lamna, via Aurelis Saffia, Bologna, Italy, the brown horse, Kirkwood, Jr., 2:10, by Silverthorn, dam Leah, by Ensign, for $5,000. Kirkwood was sold in a sale here two weeks ago for $2,500, his mark then being 2:10½. He later reduced this mark to his present record in the 2:12 trot at the recent meeting here, which race he won from a field of nine starters. He was sold after a trial mile of 2:08 flat.

Cincinnati Team Wins.

Cynthiana, Ky., Oct. 24.—[Special.]—The Cincinnati National League team defeated the Berry team at Riverside Park this afternoon by the score of 11 to 1. Suthoff and Schlei and Linville and Craig were the batteries.

SECRET OF THE "SPIT BALL."

No One But Jack Chesbro Has Solved Mystery of New Curve Ball.

"WILL the secret of husky Jack Chesbro's "spit ball" remain the great diamond mystery of baseball history?" asks an exchange.

Nobody has yet solved it. Thousands of fans are familiar with the moistening of the first and second fingers which is Chesbro's hint for the batter to be on the lookout. Thousands have seen the ball leave the pitcher's hand in an apparently natural and easy manner, watched it speed towards the batter swiftly and then, just as the man at the plate gripped his stick for a swing, "break" with a bewildering suddenness and snap into the waiting catcher's mit, while the batter fanned helplessly at the air.

And yet nobody can describe it. Chesbro, who developed it, but did not invent it, says: "It's the way I throw. I make it work because it's my natural way of delivering the ball."

And now, with batters at his mercy, with a record of winning thirty-nine out of forty-nine American League games he has pitched during the season, and with the leadership among the pitchers of his league safe in his possession, Chesbro declares he is going to retire and take the secret of the "spit ball" with him.

* * *

Will Secret Ever Be Told?

"I'm going to quit," he declared Wednesday night before leaving for New York at the close of the Highlanders' series with the Browns.

"I'm in earnest," he declared, when assured that "warming-up" time next spring would find him back in uniform.

"I've been quitting for three years now. I've been wanting to myself, and my wife has been urging me. I've got a little money saved up from the game and I have a nice little place in Massachusetts. A fellow has to quit baseball some time, and I think my best time is now."

"How about the 'spit ball?' If you're going to retire and won't need it any more, are you going to give the secret to some of the other pitchers?"

"There's no secret. They can't throw it. I don't mean they can't throw a spit ball, but none of them can throw it the way I do."

"I think the 'spit ball' the greatest ball that was ever discovered."

"I don't say it is the greatest ball used, but it is the greatest ball for me, and that's why I use it."

* * *

How Chesbro Uses It.

"In throwing it I merely moisten the first and second fingers, hold the ball the same as I would if throwing any other kind, and then throw naturally.

"You can't work it by throwing overhand or underhand. It has to be thrown straight away.

"That's the only way for a pitcher to throw, any way. A man can make a lot of extra motions if he wants to, but he doesn't win as often.

"A pitcher ought to find the ball that is easiest for him to throw, and then use it altogether. There are some balls that certain pitchers can't possibly throw, and yet they keep on trying and wasting their strength.

"I first started using the 'spit ball' after I saw Stricklett use it on the Pacific coast in the winter of 1902-03. I saw him use it again this spring. Then I started in, and I have been using it all season. I've been going in sometimes every other day for weeks at a time. I couldn't have done it if I hadn't used the 'spit ball.'

"I don't throw the ball the way Stricklett did. I throw it the way that comes natural to me.

"I found out how to control it so that it would break the way I wanted by practice.

"How do I control it? I'd be foolish to tell.

"I've done nearly all my practicing with the ball in games. I seldom use it except when playing.

"How do the catchers like it? Buelow doesn't seem to have any trouble holding it. McManus got hit once, but he has become used to it since then.

"Some of the other catchers have been hit because the pitchers didn't know how to control it.

* * *

Infielders Do Not Like It.

"The infielders don't like it because they can never tell where the ball's going after it's hit."

"Will the batters get used to the ball by next season?"

"I don't know. I don't think they will ever get used to the ball the way I throw it. They may get an idea of how it's going to come, but a fast high one mixed in with a couple of 'spit balls' will get them rattled.

"One peculiar thing about the ball is that it can't be bunted. At least it never has been since I've used it. Another thing that's strange about it is that when the batter does find it, the hit goes either to short or second, never to first or third.

"How many men did I ever strike out with it? Well, I've never tried for a strike-out record. It's too much of a strain to be trying for strike-outs all the time. It's hard enough to win.

"Take it when the game has a 2-1 or 1-0 score, the strain on the pitcher is something terrible. When I've finished a game with a close score like that and know I'm through, I couldn't toss a ball across a road.

"Of course if there were extra innings I could pitch them, but when the game's over I'm 'all in.' To lose a 1-0 game is like losing seven weeks of your life. That's one reason why I want to quit.

"Pitching ball is easy money, but it's hard money, too.

"What am I going to do when I quit? I don't know. Raise squabs, maybe.

"Of course I may play ball some summer with some of the teams around Boston, but no more league work for me."

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BIG MEETING IS TO BEGIN TO-DAY

Important Matters for National Association to Consider.

MINOR LEAGUES HAVE A KICK.

Threatened Break of the California League From Big Body May Cause Trouble.

THE CHANGE IN CIRCUITS.

NEW YORK to-day will be the scene of the most interesting baseball meeting since the National Association of Minor Leagues was formed. There are many important matters to consider, the foremost being the threat of the National Baseball Commission to throw the National Association overboard unless the edicts of that body are observed by the minors. This was brought about as a result of the National Commission ordering the Minors' Association to reinstate certain players who had been put under the ban for alleged violations, and which the minors refused to do. The threatened break of the California League will also be considered, as the minors do not wish to see the Pacific Coast League in the outlaw ranks again. That would mean trouble all along the line and the minors are just as sick of baseball war as the majors. The cool heads will no doubt prevail at the meeting and they will make a desperate effort to avoid trouble with the majors, as they well know that they would hold the short hand, even though they have many leagues to back them up.

It is expected that the Coast League will send a representative to the meeting. The coast men will have a grievance in the way of the draft to thrash out. They claim that they ought to be subject to the draft of but one player and that the drafting rules ought to be made suitable to their long season.

The major league magnates have presumed on directing the policies of the minors for some time, particularly this year, and as the association as well as the Eastern League contains a number of men who have grown old in the game, they feel as though they should have some say in questions bearing directly on the minors.

Legislation regarding propositions that involve the major and the minors will be brought up and the Class A magnates are prepared to insist on their rights. Another important question is the proposed change in circuits. Last winter a story was sent out from the St. Louis meeting of the minors that a plan had been set afloat to place Association cities in the Eastern League and fill in their places with good Western League teams.

This scheme has been talked over all summer and was one of the main reasons why Bryce, of Columbus, wanted the Toledo franchise. The idea is now to have Toledo and Columbus take the places of Providence and Rochester in the Eastern League. Providence has been going down hill for several years, while Rochester is a dead one almost beyond redemption. Whether this will be done is not known right now, but there is much doubt about it going through.

Another thing that will come up at the New York meeting is a plan for a new classification of leagues. This new scheme is to put the Association, Eastern League and California League in Class A, and drop the Western League to Class B.

Still another proposed change is to pass a ruling that only one player be drafted from Class A clubs, that the draft price be $1,000 and that the minors will not sell their players until after the drafting season. This will give everybody an equal chance and will protect the minors as well as the majors.

And again another change is that a drafted player, if he is not fast enough for the majors, must revert to the club he was drafted from. This would do away with the practice of big leaguers drafting players and handing them over to some friendly club. From a minor standpoint these changes are well worth considering, but whether they will be adopted remains to be seen.

The Rules Committee will show wise judgment if the members pay no attention to the silly arguments being set up by some of the wise ones, and allow the playing rules to remain just as they are. The spit ball may be a hard thing for the batter to overcome, but that is no good reason why it should be legislated against any more than the committee should be called upon to frame a rule doing away with the raise ball as pitched by Joe McGinnity, and which seems every bit as hard to solve as the spit ball, and perhaps a little more so, for McGinnity has gone along for seasons with his raise ball and the batters have so far been unable to solve it.

The spit ball is a new invention in the pitching line, and while it has been successfully worked during the past season that is no reason for an argument that it cannot be solved by the batters when they take time to think the thing out.

* * *

Five Boston Players Sign.

Seven members of the Boston American League team have accepted terms, and five of them have already signed contracts to play next year with the Boston Club.

Manager Collins, Chick Stahl, Cy Young, Bill Dineen, Tom Doran and Lou Criger have appended their names to contracts already, and Freddie Parent and Hobe Ferris have agreed to terms, so that Collins is assured of enough of his old men being back in the game next year to make the race an interesting one again.

Most all the players already signed have been with the club since the American League opened in Boston. Pitcher Winter will not be with the team next year. It is thought Josslyn probably will succeed him. Duke Farrell also will give way to a younger catcher. McGovern, a South Boston boy, may be the extra backstop.

A change is likely to take place on first base. Grimshaw, of Buffalo, and Shaffer, of the Butte Club, are talked of as successors to Lachance. Several other youngsters are to be tried out in the pitching staff, and indications are now that the champions will be stronger next year than ever.

* * *

How To Win Pennants.

"How did we land the pennant again this year?" said Jimmy Collins yesterday, in answer to a query. "Simply by playing ball. We don't argue the umpire's decision to any extent, but go ahead and play the game, no matter if we do get the worst of the judgment of the indicator handler. I always make it a point to have my players act as gentlemanly as possible on the field. I figure that after a decision is given there is little chance of having it reversed. My team endeavors to make up for any unjust decision by hard ball playing."—Buffalo exchange.

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WHERE ARE THE OLD-TIME ROOTERS?

Modern Bleacherites Not To Be Compared With Their Predecessors.

"IT doesn't seem to me that the rooters are as witty or original as they used to be," said the grizzled baseball zealot and fanatic, according to a New York paper.

"I've been to every game on the home grounds this season, and to some games on foreign grounds, and I haven't heard more than half a dozen genuinely funny remarks from the rooters' sections. I'm a bleacherite, or sun god, too, occasionally, and it was in the bleachers where the fun used to be, you'll remember.

"Some days I go into the grand stand and some on the bleachers, but, as I say, there's an absence of sure-enough witty cracks from the rooters nowadays that I deplore greatly.

"It used to be as good as the game to listen to the shrewd, whimsical, really-and-truly funny things that mellow fans would have to say to the players. Some of their sayings were as good as the best things you'd hear in the theater at a humorous show.

"The chaps who got these things off did not set themselves deliberately to the task of being funny for the entertainment of the crowd, but their remarks rose involuntarily to their lips, and they were often so telling that they'd all but break up the game.

* * *

The Rooter As a Nuisance.

"But nowadays the alleged funny fellows at the ball games appear to just lay themselves out to be funny, and, consequently, they are not the least bit entertaining. In fact, most of them are simply nuisances and bores, and they get on the nerves of everybody within the sound of their voices.

"No man can be deliberately and determinedly and persistently funny for a whole afternoon at a ball game, and when you observe out of the tail of your eye that such a chap is just exuding his noise for the sake of making a hit you feel like hitting him with a bat.

"It can't be that all the good things from the rooters' benches have been said yet, and that's one of the reasons why I can't explain the utter lack of spontaneity of the rooters' cracks at this day and date.

"There's a big-voiced 'Well, well, well' man at the ball games pretty frequently, who spoils the whole effect of his yawp by repeating it time and again, until people become heartily tired of it. The old-time 'Well, well, well' man used to get off his gigantic howl only a couple of times during the course of the game, and then only at the opportune points, so that there was actual meat for mirth in his huge note of amazement.

* * *

Too Much Bitterness.

"There seems, too, to be a good deal less patience and a heap more bitterness among the fans than there used to be. The 'Take-him-out' people begin their unreasonable shout the instant a player of the home nine makes the slightest kind of an error, and then the player loses his nerve, and has all that he can do to scramble through the game.

"It doesn't make any difference, apparently, to the present generation of fans whether a man of the team has been sent, in a pinch, to cover a position that is entirely new. If he exhibits the most natural and unavoidable little break in his playing of the new position they get at him with their wild demands that he be taken out, and the result is always disastrous upon the player's game. Time was when a player had to make a number of bad breaks, and clearly show that he was out of form, before the 'Take-him-out' shrieker got busy.

"The rooters of to-day, too, seem to me to be a good deal too personal in their remarks, and I am not surprised that it has happened several times this season that players insulted in this manner have climbed into the stand and slugged their tormentors.

* * *

Coarse Personalities.

"The old-time rooter was funny without being bitter or mean. He was too good-humored and mellow and alive to the rights of others to make allusion, for instance, to the bowlegs of a player, or to the ugliness of his face, or to some other physical characteristic that is liable to be a sore spot with the man of uniform. The rooters of to-day, I am bound to say, are wholly ungenerous and inconsiderate in their way of pointing out these things.

"I never was an audible rooter myself. At a very early age of my life I reached the conclusion that I wasn't a little bit funny, and I've never tried to be funny since I made up my mind that way."

YALE AND HARVARD ARE LEADERS.

Great Battle Soon To Be Fought Between the Old Rivals.

THIS week will be one of the busiest of the season. The big six are paired for the first time next Saturday, and the battle of Sha Ho will be fought out in miniature on three fields. Harvard and Pennsylvania will lock horns at Cambridge, Yale and Columbia will fight it out at New York, while Princeton and Cornell will worry each other at Ithaca. In these games the first-named in the series ought to win, says an Eastern critic.

It looks now as though the fight for this year's championship will be between the old-time rivals, Yale and Harvard, with the chances favoring the former. It is true that the Cambridge men have the better record apparently, but the playing of the teams indicates that Old Eli has the stronger. As a matter of fact the scoring done by Syracuse Saturday was done against the Yale scrubs practically, and not against the varsity, and Yale has been notably weak in substitutes this year.

Her varsity men showed up well in both attack and defense, and while their weak spots are to be strengthened and ragged places to be trimmed and smoothed, Yale has a good, efficient team. Harvard's showing has not been quite so good. She won at West Point purely by weight. Had the army men been possessed of a little more beef the tale might have been different.

Princeton, unless she takes a wonderful brace, is out of the running. The Tigers are still dazed by their experience in Annapolis. Outside of Yale, the only teams which have taken the measure of the sons of Nassau are Columbia, Cornell and Pennsylvania, once each, and now Annapolis.

Columbia is a distinct disappointment. It was believed that Morley had this year the best team that has represented Columbia in many years, but this proves to be a mistake. It may be that there will be a brace, for the team certainly has some fine material.

The trouble with Cornell is lack of defense. They have made good scores in every game they have played, but were unable to keep up their own goal.

Pennsylvania is better on defense than Cornell, but is not so good in offensive play.

The Army and Navy game, which is scheduled for November 26, is already attracting a good deal of attention. It promises to be the closest game Uncle Sam's boys have played in a long time. The work of the middies against Princeton and of the cadets against Harvard shows they both have teams above the average and are pretty evenly matched.

Football students are commenting on the steady improvement of the game put up by the so-called minor colleges.

A survey of all points made during the last few years by members of the "Big Six" against secondary teams will show a startling falling off in the number of points scored. Where the big teams ten years ago frequently ran up scores past the half century mark, they must now be content with three, two and even a single touchdown or goal from field; all of which goes to show that football education is much better and more universal throughout the country.

Coaches from the once invincible varsities have taught the game as it should be played, and the athletic trainer is no longer peculiar to the leading colleges. It is now a very obscure college that has not an elaborate manner of handling its eleven.

WEAK BATTING IN BIG LEAGUES

Work of Pitchers Shows the Baseball Rules Need Changing.

THE baseball season is over, and criticisms of the playing are in order, says W. A. Phelan, Jr., the Chicago critic. Poorest feature of the year, the only drawback to a season of excellent sport, was the light and feeble batting. In both the big leagues the hitting was of the tamest kind, and only six men in each circuit wound up above the .300 line. By rights, there ought not to have been less than thirty men in each league above .300, and the weakness demonstrated by the figures is cause for grave worry. Batting is the most entertaining feature of a game, and if there is no batting the game becomes like "Hamlet" when Ham has had too many saloons to pass on his way to the theater.

It is the same old story—the pitchers have passed the batters in gaining command of the finer angles. Such has been the case for thirty years. Whenever a set of rules has been made things have worked smoothly for a few months, and then the pitchers have gained the upper hand. Are pitchers quicker witted than heavy sluggers, or is it easier to adapt hand and arm and throwing motions to new phases than it is to make a bat swing truer or smash heavier? More likely the second hypothesis is the correct one.

Two, three and four-hit games were as thick as blackberries in the big leagues during the past six moons. It was seldom, indeed, that any team hit into double figures, and a good old slugging bee was painfully infrequent. There were not many strike-outs—excepting Waddell, Mathewson and one or two other speedy boys—but the batsmen, overpowered by the pitchers and thoroughly terrorized by the hard angles of the foul-strike rule, were hitting quickly, vainly and effecting nothing. It was painful to note the scarcity of hits, the paucity of runs, and stolen bases. If a team was downed in the first inning and a couple of runs came in, there was small chance for a batting rally which would overcome the lead. A rally might be started—perhaps—then a couple of foul strikes, a missed swing and all would be over.

It does not seem best to throw out the foul-strike rule, which is certainly a marvelous time-saver, but it does seem as though some check should be put upon the pitchers. If the slabmen are not held back they will make .250 records as scarce as .300 averages now. The best way to choke them and to give the batters a fair chance, without needless delay of games, would be the enactment of a three-ball rule—only three called balls for a base. This would compel a pitcher to cut out a fourth of his fancy curves and wide-flung shoots, and force him to hit them right across the middle of the pan. Then, with the ball coming right over, the batter, if he had any head at all, could pick them out and swat them hard. The three-ball plan is worth trying, anyway. It can do no possible harm, and might do the game a lot of good.

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BELIEVES

He Has Joe Rhodes Under Arrest.

AUTHORITIES OF DOVER, GA.,

NOTIFY JEFFERSONVILLE OF THEIR CAPTURE.

SERIOUS BOILER ACCIDENT.

Capt. M. E. Clegg, Chief of Police of Jeffersonville, yesterday received a telegram from J. H. Ethridge, Dover, Ga., saying Joe Rhodes was in jail there. Capt. Clegg at once began preparations to go after the much wanted man in case his identity could be established and asked Judge Marsh and County Commissioners John Shellers and Thomas P. Raymond for an allowance to cover his expenses. This was granted and a telegram was sent Ethridge, who is not known in Jeffersonville, to wire all particulars at once, but up to late last night nothing had been heard.

Rhodes, who is a negro, is wanted for an attempted criminal assault on Mrs. Minnie Friend, who lives four miles east of Jeffersonville, December 6, 1903. A mob was formed and the country was scoured for him.

There was considerable excitement in the neighborhood of Mrs. Friend's home last night, and it was openly asserted the mob of nearly a year ago was just as willing to hang Rhodes now as then. When Mrs. Friend was told yesterday that the telegram had been received she said it was too late. "It would be no satisfaction to me to have him brought back and sent to the penitentiary for two years, but I want him to die. If he had been caught when the organized band was after him he would have had no chance to attack any other woman."

PASTORS ORGANIZE.

Mr. Holt the New President of New Albany Association.

The New Albany Ministerial Association, composed of the ministers of the Protestant Churches of New Albany, met yesterday in the parlors of the Y. M. C. A. building for reorganization and to arrange for the work of the coming year. Officers were elected as follows: The Rev. D. P. Holt, pastor of the Jennie DePauw Memorial Church, president; the Rev. Charles Preston Foreman, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, vice president; the Rev. Edward T. Poulson, pastor of the Tabernacle Baptist Church, secretary and treasurer. The following Executive Committee was appointed to arrange the programmes for the year: The Rev. Dr. T. S. Scott, pastor of the Third Presbyterian Church; the Rev. J. D. Current, pastor of the Main street M. E. Church, and the Rev. Dr. J. W. Duncan, pastor of Trinity M. E. Church.

The Rev. W. F. Smith, the Rev. E. T. Poulson, the Rev. Charles E. Asbury, and the Rev. Wallace M. Stucky were elected members of the Association. Hereafter the meetings will be held on the second Monday of each month. On account of the business to be transacted yesterday, the reading of a paper prepared by the Rev. Dr. T. G. Beharrell was deferred until the next regular meeting.

DEATH MAY RESULT.

William Blasius Scalded While Repairing Boiler.

William Blasius, who was employed as a boilermaker in the repair shops of the Monon at New Albany, met with an accident yesterday afternoon which will probably result in his death. An engine employed on the road had sprung a leak in the boiler and was taken into the shops for repairs. After the firebox had cooled off sufficiently, Blasius entered it and was engaged in caulking the flue when the leak expanded sufficiently to release the steam and boiling water with which the boiler was filled. Before Blasius could be dragged from his perilous position by the other men employed in the shop, he was so severely scalded from head to foot that fragments of skin clung to his clothing when the garments were removed. He was taken to his home, North Market and Vincennes streets, where his injuries were cared for by Dr. E. P. Easley, the surgeon of the company. It is feared that he will not recover. He is forty years old and has a wife and one child. Blasius has been in the employ of the Monon for more than twenty years.

NEW ALBANY.

—Miss Anna Marguet and Benjamin Reen are to be married this morning in St. Mary's-of-the-Knobs Catholic church by the rector, the Rev. Father Hildebrand.

—Increases of pension have been allowed Joseph F. Lewis, $8 to $17 a month, and to Croel R. Jennings, from $8 to $17 a month. Both Lewis and Jennings served during the Civil War.

—The Hon. Robert J. Tracewell, Controller of the Treasury, was here from Washington and spent yesterday calling on his friends. He left last evening for Corydon and will remain in Indiana until after the election.

—The revival services which began at Wesley Chapel Sunday, under the direction of the pastor, the Rev. Hayden H. Allen, are being well attended. They will be continued nightly during the week and longer if sufficient interest develops.

—Clarence Best, an employe at the box and basket factory, east of Vincennes street, had his right arm drawn into the machinery yesterday while adjusting a belt, and the member was so badly mangled that it was feared amputation will be necessary.

—The funeral of Mrs. Louisa M. Plaiss, who committed suicide Sunday morning at her home, two miles west of the city, on the Corydon pike, will take place this afternoon from the Main-street Methodist church. The services will be conducted by the pastor, the Rev. J. D. Current, and the burial will be in Fairview.

—William R. Gardner and Charles G. Gardner, lawyers of Martin county, Ind., filed suit in the Floyd Circuit Court yesterday by their attorneys, C. L. and H. E. Jewett, against John M. Ebelsisor to recover $400 principal and interest alleged to be due them as attorneys' fees in two cases tried in the Martin Circuit Court. These cases were tried in December, 1894, the original fee being $300, of which $45 was paid by Ebelsisor. One of the cases was the State of Indiana against Ebelsisor and the other Hiram McCormick against Ebelsisor and others.

—A dwelling in the Silver Grove suburb, owned by Lennard Hammond and occupied by Virgil Williams, was burned yesterday afternoon, the loss on the building being $600, with $400 insurance. The people living in the suburb assembled at the fire, and by active work managed to save all the household belongings excepting the carpet. The New Albany fire department responded by a telephone call, but by the time the reels arrived there the house had been consumed. A volunteer fire department was recently organized in the suburb, but the waterworks extension had not yet been completed, consequently there were no facilities of fighting the fire.

—The Hon. William E. Cox, of Dubois county, one of the interesting and entertaining platform orators of Indiana, will address a Democratic meeting at the Operahouse to-night. It was the intention to have held this meeting in the market space between Pearl and State streets, but it was changed to the Operahouse as the weather had become too cold for an outdoor meeting. Mr. Cox addressed a Democratic meeting at Georgetown last night. He will speak to-morrow night in the Seventh ward, either at East Thirteenth street and Elkin avenue or at Felock's Hall, Vincennes and Spring streets. Thursday night Mr. Cox will speak at Edwardsville.

—Three weddings were solemnized in the city and county yesterday and last evening. Oliver A. Bruder and Mrs. Emma Hopper Barth were married last evening by the Rev. E. T. Poulson, pastor of the Tabernacle Baptist church. The bride was granted a decree of divorce ten days ago from a former husband, who also solaced himself with a new matrimonial partner one week ago. Henry Copler and Miss Lorraine Knabel were married last evening at the rectory of St. Mary's-of-the-Knobs Catholic church by the rector, the Rev. J. A. Hildebrand. Miss Hattie Henshaw and Morenus C. Brissenger were married yesterday morning at the parsonage of the Main-street Methodist church by the pastor, the Rev. J. D. Current.

JEFFERSONVILLE.

—J. H. King and wife yesterday transferred to Bertha Demarest lots 7 and 8, block 86, this city, for a consideration of $525.

—Frank McCammon and Miss Ora Leathers, of Sellersburg, were married at the courthouse yesterday afternoon by Magistrate B. J. Ferguson.

—Street Commissioner W. P. Prinz yesterday received a letter from his old home in Bavaria, announcing the death of his mother, who was an aged woman.

—Magistrate Aaron M. Applegate yesterday fined Eugene Duhman $1 and costs for intoxication, and he went to jail to pay out the judgment in default of money to pay it.

—Joseph Jabarna and Miss Pearl Pulliam, of Louisville, were married in this city Sunday night by Magistrate B. T. Nixon. He gave his occupation as a sample clerk.

—Work on the Carnegie Library is again at a complete standstill, and no one has any reason to offer for the present delay. The building has been in course of construction for more than a year.

—Richard Robinson, who was arrested Sunday by Capt. Cleg for riding a wheel on a sidewalk, was fined $1.50 and costs yesterday under a State law by Magistrate B. J. Ferguson, the trip costing him $10.

—Prison Sunday will be observed at Wall-street Methodist Episcopal church next Sunday, and Prof. Robert Asbury, who has become superintendent of the schools at the Reformatory, will deliver an address.

—W. R. Cheney left yesterday for Mexico, Mo., for a visit to W. W. Williams, who was his business partner in a laundry in this city when Mr. Cheney fell heir to more than $1,000,000 by the death of his father recently.

—Miss Rose Howard, who has been an invalid for a long time, died yesterday at the home of her father, Capt. William Howard, 221 East Market street. She was about forty-five years of age and a woman who had many friends.

—The suit of the German Savings and Loan Association against William Head for possession of a house and lot on West Market street, which was foreclosed upon, has been dismissed in Magistrate B. J. Ferguson's court and will be refiled in the Circuit Court.

—The body of George Epperson, who was an old soldier, was found in a stable near his home at Marysville yesterday morning, life having been extinct for several hours. He was drinking Sunday and was seen to go into the stable, and it is supposed he died from heart disease. He was seventy-five years old and leaves a widow.

—A little son of Pearl Morgan, who lives at Blue Lick, while playing in a goat shed, built a fire to warm by and the structure was burned, the flames communicating with several other buildings and destroying them. A short time ago another son of Mr. Morgan accidentally killed himself while pulling a flobert rifle off of a barrel.

—The most largely attended political meeting of either party so far this season was the Democratic one addressed by the Hon. William T. Zenor at the Armory last night. The building was crowded and the Congressman from the Third district was given a hearty welcome. His speech was full of good, solid argument and delivered without appealing to prejudice.

—Complying with a wish expressed on several occasions before her death, the casket containing the body of Mrs. Mary Howard was placed in a grave lined with ferns at her burial at Cave Hill yesterday afternoon. Mrs. Howard also expressed a wish that four floral designs, "Gate's Ajar," a ladder, pillow and an anchor, also be used. This request was carried out. The funeral was an unusually large one.

MUCH INTEREST IN MASS-MEETING.

Bond Issue Will Be Discussed Fairly After Need of Sewers Is Shown.

"I am greatly encouraged," said President R. A. McDowell, of the Commercial Club, yesterday, "over the interest which is being taken in the citizens' mass-meeting which is to be held Wednesday night in Macauley's Theater. I felt that there would be a general response to the invitation which has been extended, and I am confident that we will have a large attendance."

General interest has been aroused in the meeting, and in order to make the programme as attractive as possible the speakers chosen are men who are thoroughly posted and versed in the subject with which they will deal. Col. B. H. Young, W. C. Nones, N. M. Uri and Henry L. Stone, who were selected to make the addresses, will present the bond issue and the need of a new system of sewerage in Louisville in all of their phases, so that any one attending the meeting will be enabled to decide the question intelligently.

The meeting will begin promptly at 8 o'clock in the evening, and will be presided over by Peyton N. Clarke.

Accident Or Murder?

Nashville, Tenn., Oct. 24.—The dead body of Mamie Stephenson, a white woman, was found floating in the Cumberland river here this morning. It is not known whether she fell over a bluff and met death on the rocks below or was murdered. The police are inclined to the belief that the woman was murdered and her body thrown into the river.

TAINTED BLOOD

Columbus, Ohio, May 19, 1903.

Some four years ago I was suffering from impure blood and a general rundown condition of the system. I had no appetite, was losing flesh, and had an all-gone tired feeling that made me miserable. I began the use of S. S. S., and after taking seven or eight bottles my skin was cleared of all eruptions and took on a ruddy, healthy glow that assured me that my blood had been restored to its normal, healthy condition. My appetite was restored, as I could eat anything put before me, and as I regained my appetite I increased in weight, and that "tired feeling" which worried me so much disappeared, and I was once again my old self.

I heartily recommend S. S. S. as the best blood purifier and tonic made, and strongly advise its use to all those in need of such medicine. VICTOR STUBBINS. Cor. Barthman and Washington Aves.

Wheeling, W. V., May 28, 1903.

My system was run down and my joints ached and pained me considerably. I had used S. S. S. before and knew what it was, so I purchased a bottle of it and have taken several bottles and the aches and pains are gone, my blood has been cleased and my general health built up. I can testify to it as a blood purifier and tonic. 1533 Market St. JOHN C. STEIN.

SSS

If you have any symptoms of disordered blood write us and our physicians will advise you free. Our book on blood and skin diseases sent free.

The Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga.

THE ONLY ONE

There is only One Genuine-Syrup of Figs,

The Genuine is Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

The full name of the company, California Fig Syrup Co., is printed on the front of every package of the genuine.

The Genuine- Syrup of Figs- is for Sale, in Original Packages Only, by Reliable Druggists Everywhere

Knowing the above will enable one to avoid the fraudulent imitations made by piratical concerns and sometimes offered by unreliable dealers. The imitations are known to act injuriously and should therefore be declined.

Buy the genuine always if you wish to get its beneficial effects. It cleanses the system gently yet effectually, dispels colds and headaches when bilious or constipated, prevents fevers and acts best on the kidneys, liver, stomach and bowels, when a laxative remedy is needed by men, women or children. Many millions know of its beneficial effects from actual use and of their own personal knowledge. It is the laxative remedy of the well-informed.

· Always buy the Genuine- Syrup of Figs

MANUFACTURED BY THE

CALIFORNIA FIG-SYRUP Co.

Louisville, Ky. San Francisco, Cal. New York, N.Y.

PRICE FIFTY CENTS PER BOTTLE



UNCOVER NEST

OF NEGRO THIEVES IN ARREST OF FIVE NEGROES.

Detectives Claim They Have Found Source of Recent Depredations.

In the arrest of five negroes yesterday afternoon at Ninth and Grayson streets by Detectives Walker and McCorkhill it is believed that a strange nest of thieves, from which emanated much of the petit crime committed in this city, has been exposed. The five men lived in a single room in horrible squalor. They had been in the habit of sleeping all day and doing their work at night. Each one of them is from a different city, and, according to the detectives, they have naturally drifted together by their mutual tendencies and method of gaining a livelihood.

When the raid was made yesterday afternoon several articles of clothing, identified later as having been stolen from the apartments of Charles Gaines and Charles Dreyfus at Seventh and Main streets, were found in the possession of the negroes.

They are Louis Rogers, of Cleveland, O., apparently the leader and chief of the gang; Peter Moss, of Glasgow, Ky.; P. D. Murray, of Jacksonville, Fla.; Will McCoy, of Louisville, and William Smith, of St. Louis. Each is charged with housebreaking, and it is expected that the detectives will be able to collect evidence enough to make several separate charges against each of them.

The robbery at Seventh and Main streets was committed Saturday night, and the clew to the nest was gained by tracing the clothes. At least $200 worth of clothes was taken. A great number of similar small robberies have been reported to the police lately, and an effort will be made to identify some of the men in several different cases. It is thought that they have not been working together for a great length of time, but that the "combination" was formed here only a few weeks ago.

The room occupied by the negroes was on the second floor of the building and there was one woman with them when they were captured. The woman was taken to police headquarters, but was not placed under arrest, as it is believed that by means of information furnished by her more members of the gang may be apprehended. She is under surveillance, though she is not a prisoner.

Most of the negroes are young, but their actions when put through a sweating process showed that it was not their first experience with officers. Rogers, the alleged leader, is said to be one of the "smoothest" negro crooks that the detectives have ever encountered.

DR. DU MOULLIN MAY BE THE NEW BISHOP.

Son of Lord Bishop of Niagara—Has Attained Great Success.

Sentiment in the election of a bishop for the diocese of Kentucky seems to be centering strongly on the Rev. Frank Du Moullin, of Chicago. Dr. Du Moullin is fitted for the duties of the bishopric by heredity and education, as his father is now Lord Bishop of Niagara, and he himself has been filling a wide field in Chicago for many years. His reverence, the Lord Bishop of Niagara, visited Louisville about six years ago and addressed the Brotherhood of St. Andrew at Calvary church. Those who heard him remember him as a man of great eloquence and power, and it is said that Dr. Du Moullin is a worthy son of his father.

Dr. Du Moullin is rector of St. Paul's church in Chicago, and is about thirty-five years old. For the past five or six years St. Paul's church has had a confirmation class of at least 150, showing the activity of Dr. Du Moullin in his large field. The meeting of the diocesan council to elect a bishop will be held on November 16.

Held As Alleged Accomplice.

Nashville, Tenn., Oct. 24.—N. W. Hamilton, telegraph operator at Tullahoma, Tenn., has been arrested in connection with the First National Bank defalcation at that place. He is charged with conspiring with Alan Parker, the cashier of the bank, to abstract and make way with funds of the institution. He is alleged to have conducted Parker's bucket shop operations. Hamilton gave bond for $10,000 and was released.

The "under-current of life in the city" may be read "between the lines" of the want ads.

AUCTION SALES.

By JOHN A. STRATTON & CO.

We will on Tuesday, Oct. 25, 1904, at 4 o'clock p.m., sell

AT AUCTION

That Most Desirable Cottage, 417 19th St.,

Between Rowan and Duncan sts., a 6-room frame, 2-story rear, water, gas, bath, brick foundation, metal roof, lot 25x100 feet; renting for $180 per annum. This is one of the most delightful and most perfectly built cottages in the city; one of the very few that have a bath; magnificent renting property; beautiful home; located in the best part of the cottage district of the city.

JOHN A. STRATTON & CO., Auctioneers, 329 Fifth st.

TO'DAY'S AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALES By Stucky, Quest & Co.,

513 West Main St.

TUESDAY, OCT. 25, at 9:30 a. m., DRY GOODS, Notions, large assortment of Ladies' and Misses' Jackets, Skirts and Suits, Fleeced Underwear, Hosiery, Sweaters, Overshirts, Jeans, Cassimeres, Carpets, Mattings, Oilcloth, Rugs and Variety Goods.

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 26, BOOTS AND SHOES, large stock of seasonable goods, including many fresh goods received since last sales. Custom-work in Ladies' and Men's wear.

THURSDAY, OCT. 27, CLOTHING—An extra nice line of Men's Fine Worsted and Cassimere Suits; large assortment of Men's and Boys' Fine and Medium Grade Overcoats, Knee Suits and Pants in variety. Also Hats, Caps and Furnishings. TERMS CASH.

STUCKY, QUEST & CO.

RIVER AND WEATHER.

LONGITUDE AND LATITUDE OF LOUISVILLE.

Latitude, 38° 15'. Longitude, 85° 45' West From Greenwich.

Reports of maximum temperature and precipitation for the twenty-four hours ended October 24 at 7 p. m.:

Stations.	Temp.	Pre.	Stations.	Temp.	Pre.
New York	52	.00	St. Louis	68	T
Pittsburg	58	.00	Cincinnati	66	.00
Washington	56	.00	Indianapolis	60	.00
Charlotte	60	.00	Chicago	56	.00
Jacksonville	66	.00	Davenport	54	.00
Montgom'ry	66	.00	Marquette	44	.18
New Orleans	72	.00	St. Paul	44	T
Galveston	78	.00	Bismarck	42	.00
Cor. Christi	76	.01	North Platte	50	T
San Antonio	72	.10	Omaha	50	.00
Shreveport	76	.00	Kansas City	60	.00
Palestine	78	.00	Dodge City	54	.00
Vicksburg	74	.00	Oklahoma	74	.00
Little Rock	74	.00	Abilene	66	.20
Fort Smith	76	.00	El Paso	68	1.08
Memphis	72	.00	Modena	68	.00
Nashville	68	.00	Yellowstone Park	44	.00
Chattano'ga	64	.00			
Cairo	70	.00			

T—Trace rainfall.

SEMI-DAILY OBSERVATIONS.

[Official.] Louisville, Oct. 24, 1904.

	7 a. m.	7 p. m.
Barometer	30.20	30.13
Temperature	42	62
Dewpoint	32	38
Humidity	65	40
Wind direction	SE	S
Wind velocity	8	8
Weather	Clear	Clear

TEMPERATURE AND PRECIPITATION.

Constants and Normals.

[Official.] Louisville, Oct. 24, 1904.

Maximum temperature	68
Minimum temperature	40
Mean temperature	54
Normal temperature	54
Departure for day	00
Departure for month	+45
Departure since March 1	—37
Prevailing winds	S-SE
Mean barometer	30.16
Mean relative humidity	52
Character of day	Clear
Total precipitation	.00
Normal precipitation	.10
Departure for day	—.10
Departure for month	—1.84
Departure since March 1	—9.40

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

Pittsburg, Pa., Oct. 24.—[Special.]—Fifteen members of Harbor No. 25, Masters and Pilots, to-day went to Merriman to inspect the work at Dam No. 2 in the Ohio river. Capt. John F. Klein returned to-day from Louisville, where he went to purchase a new packet. He refused to say whether he had been successful in his hunt. The gauges are as follows: Davis Island dam, 2.7 feet, stationary; Monongahela wharf, 6.2 feet; Herr's Island dam, 6.4 feet.

Cincinnati, O., Oct. 24.—[Special.]—The river here to-day was 4.3 feet and rising. Departures were: Cricket, for Portsmouth; M. P. Wells, for Chilo; Avalon, for Madison; Courier, for Madison; Kanawha, for Louisville.

Madison, Ind., Oct. 24.—[Special.]—River 2.2 feet, stationary. The Hattie Brown and Tacoma up. The Hanover down. Fair and cool.

Evansville, Ind., Oct. 24.—River 1.6 feet, stationary. Clear and warm.

Paducah, Ky., Oct. 24.—[Special.]—The gauge to-day three-tenths of a foot and falling. Clear and cooler. The City of Charleston left for Elizabethtown, Ill. The Lulu Warren, from the Tennessee river, is overdue. The Condor is aground with two barges twenty miles below here, which obstructs the remaining channel.

Cairo, Oct. 24.—River 6.9 feet, a rise of one-tenth of a foot. Cloudy and cold. Arrived: Condon, upper Ohio. Departed: Fred Hartweg, upper Mississippi.

St. Louis, Oct. 24.—River 7.1 feet, a rise of two-tenths of a foot in forty-eight hours. Weather cloudy and cool.

Memphis, Tenn., Oct. 24. — [Special.]—River 3 feet, stationary. The Stacker Lee departed for St. Louis. The steamer Mississippi left for St. Louis for inspection of river gauges, and will leave St. Louis November 10 with the Mississippi River Commission for a semi-annual inspection tour.

AMUSEMENTS.

MACAULEY'S THEATER

Thursday, October 27, 8 p. m.,

Lecture by Rev. E. L. Powell.

Subject: "Citizenship in the Republic."

HOPKINS Market near 2d | **VAUDEVILLE** Night and Bargain Mat

GEO. PRIMROSE, The Zancigs, Agoust & Weston Trio, McCabe, Sabine & Vera, Augusta Glose, Esmeralda Sisters, Kine & Gotthold. Biograph.

THE NEW **MASONIC** To-night—All Week—15, 25, 35, 5 and 75c. Matinees Wed., Thurs., Sat. Best Seats 25c.

WARD & VOKES IN A PAIR OF PINKS

Next Week—Hanlon's Superba.

Matinee To-day; Every Day 10c 15c and 25c. Nights 15c, 25c and 50c. THE NEW **AVENUE** First time here.

QUEEN OF THE WHITE SLAVES

Next Week—Billy Single Clifford

STEAMBOATS.

Steamers INDIANA and BONANZA

For Madison, Carrollton, Cincinnati and Upper Ohio river points at 5 p. m. daily, except Sunday at 9 a. m., from foot of Third. Phones 141. C. C. FULLER, Supt.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—Situation as marker and cutter for practical pants and overalls maker; 10 years' experience. Address Lock Box 297, Elizabethtown, Ky.

WANTED—Situation; graduated nurse, long experience, desires position in hospital or private. Address MR. LONG, 510 W. Chestnut st.

BOARDING.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

BOARDING—Boarders, couples or gentlemen; desirable rooms, excellent board, every convenience, private family; no children. 1205 Second.

TYPEWRITERS.

NEW and second-hand typewriters for sale or rent; price reasonable; terms easy; machines fully guaranteed; investigate before buying. BLICKENSDERFER TYPEWRITER CO., 343 Fifth st. Home phone 710; Cumberland 1100—Y.

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—FOR WOMEN ONLY—DR. R. G. RAYMOND'S Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. No pain, no danger, no interference with work; relief in 3 to 5 days. We have never known of a single failure. Mail orders promptly filled. Price $2. DR. R. G. RAYMOND REMEDY CO., room 30, 84 Adams st., Chicago, Ill.

PERSONAL—HAVE YOUR HAND READ BY MADAME ZOMAR; SATISFACTION GUARANTEED. Parlors room 1 Hopkins Theater building, second floor. Hours 10 a. m. to 11 p. m. Readings, twenty-five cents and fifty cents.

PERSONAL—Chimney sweeper; chimneys repaired and grates reset. TONY COLLINS, Chimney Doctor, 1901 W. Market.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

MONEY TO LOAN

We loan on Furniture, Pianos, Horses, Wagons, etc.; also Salaries on plain note. We offer Longest time, Lowest rates, Easiest payments, Absolute privacy. "Live and let live" is our aim, so call and see us, let us explain our new and perfected plan to you, and you will readily agree with us that we are the most reliable Loan Office in the city. No red tape. Phone 5249.

AMERICAN LOAN AND TRUST CO., Bet. 4th and 5th, 421 W. Jefferson st., over American Express Co. 2d Floor.

NATIONAL LOAN AND TRUST CO., The ONLY company in Louisville loaning EXCLUSIVELY TO WHITE PEOPLE on FURNITURE or ANY SECURITY. We will pay any debt you owe a loan company and advance you more money. BUSINESS STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. SEPARATE AND PRIVATE OFFICES. NATIONAL LOAN AND TRUST CO., 327 W. Market, bet. Third and Fourth. Second Floor. Oppo. Bacon's. Home 1155.

LET US HELP YOU FINANCIALLY. Do not put yourself under obligation to your friends, but let US help you. Our motto: Lowest terms and business strictly confidential. MUTUAL BANKING CO., Rooms 404 and 406 Equitable bldg. Both phones 1946.

FIDELITY LOAN CO.

LOANS ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES AND WAGONS, ETC. ALSO ON PLAIN NOTE On SALARY. PAYMENTS TO SUIT INCOME. FIDELITY LOAN CO., 502 FOURTH ST., 2D FLOOR.

HEADQUARTERS FOR PRIVATE LOANS On Furniture, Pianos, Live Stock, Salary, etc. HALF RATES. Business Strictly Confidential. UNION LOAN AND SECURITY CO., Room 216 Columbia bldg., Fourth and Main sts. Home 'phone 1516.

We loan money on your PLAIN NOTE. We guarantee to do anything for you that any other company can or will do. OUR GUARANTEE IS GOOD. We are leaders in our line. FALLS CITY LOAN CO., 407 4th, 2d floor, bet. Jefferson and Green.

LOANS ON FURNITURE. LOANS ON SALARIES. LOANS ON ANY SECURITY. EASIEST TERMS. LOWEST RATES. GLOBE SECURITY AND TRUST CO., Rooms 215-216 Louisville Trust bldg., S. w. cor. Fifth and Market, Second floor.

MONEY LOANED. On all kinds of CHATTELS. Also to honest SALARIED EMPLOYES. OUR RATES ARE THE LOWEST. KY. LOAN AND BROKERAGE CO., N. e. cor. Fourth and Green sts., 423 Fourth. Both 'phones 2495.

PATRONIZE HOME CAPITAL. We do all that others CLAIM to do. LOUISVILLE LOAN CO., Room 1 Courier-Journal bldg., 515 Fourth.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—Gents' fine hats to dye and clean. "I use the dye that won't come off;" workmanship unexcelled. TONY ROSELLE, 634 W. Jefferson, opposite jail.

WANTED—2 furnished rooms for light housekeeping, for student and wife; centrally located. State terms. Address H 153, this office.

WANTED—Board by gentleman and wife; cheerful room; location central or south; highest references. Address T. T. 4, this office.

WANTED—Diamonds, old gold and silver for cash or in exchange. MATT IRION, the Watch Specialist, 404 W. Market st.

WANTED—Belmont restaurant; regular meals 25c; merchants' lunch 15c; quick service, excellent board. 326-328 Sixth, nr. Courthouse.

WANTED—To buy old feathers, furniture and carpets. E. HYMAN, 137 E. Market st. Home 'phone 727. Cumb. 3181—Z.

WANTED—SCHOENE, the Furrier; all kinds fur garments remodeled, redyed at reasonable prices; work unexcelled; 324 Brook st.

WANTED — To buy snowcases, safes, desks, office fixtures. L. GRAUMAN & CO., 725 W. Jefferson st.

WANTED—Edw. Krekel, Jeweler; watch cleaning 75c, mainspring $1, case springs 50c, watch crystal 10c. 643 W. Jefferson.

WANTED—F. LUCHSINGER, PRACTICAL GUNSMITH, 415 PRESTON ST.

WANTD—Wire frames made to order; ostrich feathers cleaned, dyed and curled; work guaranteed. 713 W. Jefferson.

WANTED—Highest price paid for books at ALLNUTT'S, 538 Fifth st.

WANTED—AGENTS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—The Simplex Watch Protector positively protects watch against pickpockets, prevents falling to floor while disrobing. Agents wanted everywhere. Sample for dime. SIMPLEX PROTECTOR CO., Dayton, O.

WANTED—SALESMEN.

WANTED—A high-class book salesman to take exclusive charge of territory upon an extraordinarily fine proposition; $5,000 per annum and permanent position. Call Tuesday R. E. ADOLPH, Louisville Hotel.

WANTED—Salesmen, experienced, to carry line of pants. NATIONAL CLOTHING CO., city.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—Industrious man or woman, each district to manage business of well-established company; salary $20 paid weekly and expenses; expense money advanced; position permanent; no investment; previous experience not essential. MANAGER, Como bldg., Chicago.

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade; special inducements at present; no better paying trade for poor man; can nearly earn expenses before finishing; write nearest branch. MOLER BARBER COLLEGE, St. Louis, Mo., or Cincinnati, Ohio.

WANTED—Manager of electrical department; more especially interior wiring. Must be good business solicitor and able to direct workmen to finish jobs with dispatch and satisfaction. BROWNE & BORUM, Memphis, Tenn.

WANTED — 300 men, clerks, watchmen, timekeepers, officemen, collectors, salesmen, floorwalker, bartenders, drivers, janitors, housemen, porters. Apply MOBLEY'S EMPLOYMENT CO., 242 W. Jefferson.

WANTED — RIDGELY-WALKER CO., Wholesale Tailors, Louisville, Ky., are open for several traveling salesmen; applicants to quote detail experience and references.

WANTED—Solicitors on salary or commission; call Tuesday between 3 and 5 p. m., Room 14 Bacon bldg., 551 Fourth.

WANTED—First-class man cook for European restaurant in town of 5,000; Italian preferred. Address J. Clay Cooper, Mt. Sterling, Ky.

WANTED—Foreman for stove mounting department. Address BONNET-NANCE STOVE CO., Chicago Heights, Ill.

WANTED—Carpenters and plasterers. Apply Room 52 Courier-Journal Office bldg.

WANTED—Experienced Gordon job press feeder. Address K 108, this office.

WANTED—Men to solicit from wagon; steady work, good pay. 707 W. Jefferson.

WANTED—Registered drug clerks. Address L 124, this office.

WANTED — A poultry dresser at 945 Third st.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—Ladies, 15, immediately, home work, transferring, quick, fascinating, $1.50 to $3, day or evening, tools free. Room 43 Courier-Journal Office bldg.

WANTED—Experienced coat and skirt girls for alteration room; good wages. H. J. GUTMAN & CO., 521 Fourth ave.

WANTED—A good cook to go to Bloomington, Ill.; good wages. Apply to MRS. LAWRENCE FUNK, 2421 Second st.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—An oil mill, large capacity fully equipped with modern machinery large, light buildings, nearly new; adapted for manufacturing linseed, cottonseed or corn oil; brick and concrete construction; everything in first-class order; located in Western city with unsurpassed railroad advantages; will be sold on liberal terms to responsible parties at a wonderful bargain to close an estate. Write for full particulars to D. B. LYMAN, 1610 Title and Trust bldg., Chicago.

FOR SALE—Grocery in Highlands; small, clean stock; also nearly new delivery wagon and good horse cheap if sold this week on account of sickness of family; grocery Baxter and Ellwood. Home phone 2274.

FOR SALE—AT A SACRIFICE—Carriage, lightweight, extension front coupe, extra folding seat inside; running order. Apply 320 E. College st.

FOR SALE—Grocery and saloon doing a good cash business; a big bargain on account of sickness. W. H. SMITH, 513 Third st., city.

FOR SALE—Stock fixtures and soda fountain of the Highland pharmacy. Apply to OTTO E. MUELLER, Baxter and Highland aves.

FOR SALE—Between 12,000 and 18,000 trees, 16-in. and up, 6 mi. from railroad; price per tree $1.25. Address G. B. ROSE, Booneville, Ky.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Drug store; complete stock; up-to-date fixtures; good location; cheap. Apply 725 W. Jefferson.

FOR SALE—Tents and tarpaulins, all sizes, cheap. L. GRAUMAN & CO., 725 W. Jefferson st.

FOR SALE — Horses; also to hire, and first-class livery. JOS. STAEBLER, 123-125 E. Market st.

FOR SALE—Store fixtures, counters, all kinds, cheap. L. GRAUMAN & CO., 725 W. Jefferson st.

FOR SALE—A1 wines and liquors. AUGUST HOLLENBACH, 248 Third.

FOR SALE — Safes, snowcases, scales, cheap. L. GRAUMAN & CO., 725 W. Jefferson st.

FOR SALE—A thoroughly broken pointer dog. Apply to 411 State st., New Albany.

FOR SALE—Long spring wagon, $15. 1519 Frankfort ave.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—KENTUCKY FARMS JUST LISTED:

230 acres, Oldham co. land, $10,925; on pike, 5 miles from Beard's, the end of electric line to Louisville; 20 miles from the city, near church and school; level land, fertile limestone soil; new 2-story 5-room dwelling; good outbuildings; cabin in yard; well fenced; fine orchard. Terms, one-third cash.

151 acres, Fayette co. land at $115 per acre; situated on prominent pike, 5 miles from Lexington, ½ mile from church and school; lies nicely; no waste land; in high state of cultivation; 2-story 9-room brick residence; good outbuildings; splendid stock barn with 20 box stalls in basement; all improvements new and modern; young bearing orchard.

We have farms for sale in nearly every county in Kentucky. Write for list. COLUMBIA FINANCE AND TRUST CO., Farm Department.

FOR SALE—Only four left. If you want a home, be quick. Go to Second and Avery and see the prettiest variety of up-to-date, artistic houses in prettiest new court in the city; furnaces, natural gas, electricity, every modern equipment. 'Phones Cumb. Main 414; South 2159—A.

FOR SALE—House, 1224 E. Broadway; white brick front; all modern conveniences; one of the most artistically arranged little homes in the city; will sell at a bargain. O'REILLY & MEDDIS, 226 Fifth st.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—An improved farm. Address D 84, this office.

FOR SALE—TYPEWRITERS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—Latest model visible writing and tabulating Underwood typewriter; ten days trial free of charge. Call or write UNDERWOOD TYPEWRITER CO., n. e. cor. Fourth and Main.

FOR SALE—First-class second-hand typewriters of all makes for sale at the lowest prices. Call or write UNDERWOOD TYPEWRITER CO., n. e. cor. Fourth and Main sts.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—An elegant home, 2108 W. Jefferson st. This is a handsome brick residence of 12 rooms, furnace, large brick stable, carriage-house, servants' rooms, etc. Apply to FIDELITY TRUST COMPANY, 206 to 210 Fifth st.

FOR RENT—A 2-story brick of 8 rooms and bath, $30 per mo.; 519 W. Breckinridge st. FIDELITY TRUST COMPANY, 206 to 210 Fifth st.

FOR RENT—BUSINESS HOUSES—On Main, Market and Jefferson sts. Apply to FIDELITY TRUST COMPANY, 206 to 210 Fifth st.

FOR RENT—1212 Second st. This is a 9-room brick residence; rent $37.50 per mo. FIDELITY TRUST COMPANY, 206 to 210 Fifth st.

FOR RENT — First-st. house; a nice modern 2½-story brick, 8 rooms and bath; stable, etc., No. 1815. O'REILLY & MEDDIS, 226 Fifth st.

FOR RENT—A 6-room brick dwelling for $20 per mo., 1007 Jackson st. FIDELITY TRUST COMPANY, 206 to 210 Fifth st.

FOR RENT—Delightful furnished house on electric line; very cheap to desirable party. Address Z Z 137, this office.

FOR RENT — A modern 8-room house, Crescent Court, "Crescent Hill." EDW. F. WEIGEL, 'phone M. 3188.

FOR RENT—Furnished 4-room cottage; water, natural gas; reasonable. 725 E. Gray.

FOR RENT—ROOMS AND FLATS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—Connecting rooms 46 and 47, in the Courier-Journal building; possession given at once. Apply at counting-room LOUISVILLE COURIER-JOURNAL.

FOR RENT—Very desirable apartment, 7 rooms and reception hall, in "Sans Souci," cor. 3d and Burnett. Both phones 414.

FOR RENT—Furnished or unfurnished room, Pope bldg., Third and Walnut sts. Inquire at POPE RESTAURANT.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms; hot and cold baths. 218 E. Broadway.

FOR LEASE.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR LEASE—On K. and I. tracks along the canal, near Eighteenth st., lots suitable for coal or lumber yard. ROWAN BUCHANAN, Owner, 518 W. Jefferson st., second floor.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—Country store in a thickly settled part of Jessamine co., about $4,000 stock; good business established; daily sales $30; two-thirds cash. Also store-building dwelling; stock scales and 15 acres of land. 25 other general merchandise stores in Ky.

A Louisville drug store at about two-thirds cost to quick buyer; old stand; sales $25 per day; well located. Three other drug-store bargains in Louisville and a large number over the State.

$2,300 cash buys splendid grocery in East End; large trade; good opening; about a dozen other grocery bargains in K. COLUMBIA FINANCE AND TRUST CO., Farm and Business Opportunity Dept.

10 PER CENT. First Mtg. Gold Bonds for sale. Interest payable May and November, with future 2 per cent. monthly dividends assured for life. Prospectus free. CONGRESSIONAL AND MEXICAN MINING CO., Home Life bldg., Washington, D. C.

THREE DOLLARS buys acre oil lease, good 25 years wonderful new Arkansas oil field; fortunes in future sale of leases. Write BAILEY, Mo. Pac. Immigration Agent, Little Rock, Ark.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.—Stations, Tenth and Broadway and First and Water streets.

* Daily. † Daily except Sunday. s Sunday only. a Stops at Fourth street to let off passengers from or take on passengers for Cincinnati.

From Tenth and Broadway Station.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Cincinnati and East	* 3:15am	a* 2:30am
Cincinnati and East	a* 8:30am	a* [illegible]
Cincinnati and East	a* 1:00pm	a* 2:45pm
Cincinnati and East	a* 4:20pm	a*11:40am
New Orleans and Memphis	* 9:30pm	* 8:20am
Atlanta, New Orleans and Memphis	* 2:45am	* 2:10am
Nashville and Atlanta	* 3:00pm	*12:50pm
Nashville and Chattanooga	* 8:00am	* 7:00pm
Bowling Green Accom.	† 5:05pm	†10:20am
Middlesboro Mail	* 8:15am	* 5:05pm
Knoxville Express	* 8:30pm	* 7:15am
Bardstown and Springfield	† 4:10pm	† 7:55am
Bardstown and Springfield	† 7:30am	† 5:45pm
Bardstown and Springfield	s 6:00pm	s 9:35am
Lebanon and Greensburg	s 6:30pm	s10:20am
Lebanon and Greensburg	* 8:15am	* 5:05pm
Lebanon and Greensburg	† 5:05pm	†10:20am

From First and Water-street Station.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Cincinnati and East	† 7:20am	† 7:35pm
Frankfort and Lexington	† 7:20am	†12:05pm
Frankfort and Lexington	† 2:00pm	† 5:25pm
Frankfort and Lexington	s 5:10pm	s10:00am
Frankfort Accom.	† 4:00pm	† 8:00am
Bloomfield Accom.	* 5:00pm	† 8:20am
Bloomfield Accom.	s 5:00pm	s 9:00am
Bloomfield Accom.	† 7:30am	† 6:00pm
Lagrange Accom.	† 5:40pm	† 7:35pm

Through Pullman sleeping car on the 1:00 p. m. train to New York and on the 9:30 p. m. and 2:45 a. m. trains to Memphis and New Orleans.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY — Union Depot, Seventh and river:

WEST AND SOUTHWEST.

"Southern's St. Louis Special," 9 a. m., daily, Princeton, Mt. Vernon, Centralia and St. Louis. Returning arrives 7:15 p. m.

St. Louis Express, 7:43 a. m., daily, Evansville, Princeton, Mt. Vernon, Centralia, St. Louis, Rockport and Cannelton. Returning ar. 5:45 p. m.

"World's Fair Flyer," 10:15 p. m., daily, Princeton, Mt. Vernon, Centralia and St. Louis. Solid train to St. Louis. Returning ar. 7:10 a. m.

Evansville Express, 5:47 p. m., daily, Huntingburg, Rockport, Troy, Tell City, Cannelton, Evansville. Returning ar. 12:20 p. m.

SOUTH AND SOUTHEAST.

Florida Limited, 7:40 a. m., daily, Lexington, Knoxville, Asheville, Charleston, Chattanooga, Atlanta and Florida. Returning ar. 8:10 p. m.

Florida Special, 7:25 p. m., daily, Lexington, Knoxville, Asheville, Chattanooga, Atlanta and Birmingham. Returning ar. 8:50 a. m.

Accommodation, 3:50 p. m., daily, Shelbyville, Lawrenceburg, Harrodsburg, Burgin, Lexington, Versailles and Georgetown. Returning ar. 6:15 p. m.

Courier-Journal "Owl" train (No. 5), leave Louisville (Fourth st.) 3:30 a. m., daily; ar. Jeffersontown *3:49 a. m.; ar. Fisherville *4:00 a. m.; ar. Shelbyville 4:25 a. m.; ar. Lawrenceburg 5:05 a. m.; ar. Tyrone *5:09 a. m.; ar. Versailles 5:22 a. m.; ar. Lexington 5:45 a. m.

*Stops on flag signal.

Lexington, Georgetown and Burgin Express, daily, arrives 10:40 a. m.

B. AND O. S. W.—Union Depot, Seventh and river. Cincinnati and the East, St. Louis and the West. Effective May 15:

TO ST. LOUIS, SPRINGFIELD AND WEST.

"World's Fair Special," No. 46, 9:10 a. m., daily, Seymour, Mitchell, Washington, Vincennes, Springfield, St. Louis and West.

"The Night Flyer," No. 44, 11 p. m., daily, Seymour, Mitchell, Washington, Vincennes, Springfield, St. Louis and West.

"The Fast Mail," No. 14, 2:30 a. m., daily, Seymour, Mitchell, Washington, Vincennes, St. Louis and West.

TO CINCINNATI AND EAST.

No. 16, 8:10 a. m., daily, Cincinnati, Columbus, Detroit, Cleveland, Wheeling, Pittsburg, Buffalo, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Boston.

No. 18, 2:10 p. m., daily, Cincinnati, Columbus, Pittsburg, Detroit, Cleveland, Buffalo, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Boston.

No. 20, 5:45 p. m., daily, Cincinnati, Columbus, Toledo, Detroit, Cleveland and Buffalo.

No. 14, 2:30 a. m., daily, Cincinnati, Columbus, Toledo, Detroit, Cleveland, Buffalo, Pittsburg, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Boston.

TRAINS ARRIVE.

From East, 7:55 a. m., 11:52 a. m., 5:35 p. m., 9:30 p. m. From West, 7:55 a. m., 11:52 a. m., 5:55 p. m., 9:30 p. m.

City ticket office, s. e. cor. Fourth and Main.

PENNSYLVANIA LINES — Station, Tenth and Broadway. Trains leave Fourteenth and Main streets 14 minutes later.

*Daily, except Sunday. All other trains daily. †Leave and arrive Fourteenth street only.

From Louisville to	Leave.	Arrive.
Indianapolis, local	† 6:25am	*11:50am
Indianapolis and Chicago	8:20am	7:10pm
Indianapolis, local	* 1:45pm	†10:25pm
Indianapolis, Pittsburg, Michigan and East	3:30pm	10:05am
Indianapolis and Chicago	8:15pm	7:00am

EAST VIA L. & N. AND PENNSYLVANIA. (From Tenth and Broadway Station only.)

	Leave.	Arrive.
From Louisville to Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington	1:00pm	11:40am
Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Washington and New York	4:20pm	2:45pm
Philadelphia, Pittsburg, New York and Washington	8:30am	9:20pm
Pittsburg, Washington, Philadelphia and New York	8:15am	7:35pm

BIG FOUR ROUTE (Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis Railway)—Union Depot, Seventh and river:

FROM LOUISVILLE.

Daily, except Sunday, 8 a. m., for Indianapolis, Terre Haute, Mattoon, Chicago, Greensburg, Anderson, Alexandria, Wabash, Elkhart, Niles and Benton Harbor. Returning arrives at 6:30 p. m.

Daily, 8 p. m., for Greensburg, Indianapolis, Peoria, Lafayette and Chicago. Compartment sleeper to Chicago. Returning ar. 7:20 a. m.

FROM CINCINNATI.

No. 46, daily, 8 a. m., for Cleveland, Buffalo, New York and Boston.

No. 26, "Twentieth Century Limited," daily, 2 p. m., for Cleveland, Buffalo and New York.

No. 18, daily, 6:30 p. m., for Cleveland, Buffalo, New York and Boston.

No. 28, daily, 9:30 p. m., for Cleveland, Buffalo, New York and Boston.

No. 6, daily, 8:30 a. m.; No. 10, daily, 1 p. m., and No. 2, daily, 9:45 p. m., for Dayton, Toledo and Detroit.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL — Union Depot, Seventh and river:

	Leave.	Arrive.
Memphis and New Orleans	9:40pm	7:50am
Memphis and New Orleans	12:01pm	7:00pm
Paducah and Fulton	7:25am	4:55pm
Central City Accom.	5:20pm	8:30am
Elizabethtown and Hodgenville	7:25am	4:55pm
Elizabethtown and Hodgenville	5:20pm	8:30am
Owensboro	12:01pm	4:55pm
Hopkinsville	12:01pm	7:00pm
California points, through car Tuesdays	9:40pm	7:00pm

All trains run daily, except no Sunday service to Elizabethtown, Hodgenville or Owensboro.

CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO RAILWAY — Union Depot, Seventh and river:

F. F. V. LIMITED, daily, 8:30 a. m., for Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Richmond, Old Point Comfort and Norfolk. Returning ar. 8 p. m.

WASHINGTON EXPRESS, daily, 6 p. m., for Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Richmond, Old Point Comfort and Norfolk. Returning ar. 11 a. m.

LEXINGTON SHORT LINE, trains daily, 8:30 a. m. and 6 p. m., for Lexington, Winchester, Mt. Sterling and Mountain Resorts. Returning ar. 8 p. m. and 11 a. m.

MONON ROUTE—Chicago, Indianapolis and Louisville Railway—Union Station, Tenth and Broadway:

No. 6, daily, 7:36 a. m., for Bloomington, Lafayette and Chicago. Parlor and dining cars. Returning ar. 7:09 p. m.

No. 6, daily, 7:36 a. m., for French Lick. Returning arrives 7:09 p. m.

No. 8, daily, except Sunday, 2:51 p. m., for French Lick and Bloomington. Returning ar. 10:27 a. m.

No. 4, daily, 8:21 p. m., for Bloomington, Lafayette and Chicago. Returning ar. 6:59 a. m.

HENDERSON ROUTE — Louisville, Henderson and St. Louis Railway—Union Depot, Seventh and river:

No. 41, daily, 8:30 a. m., Daylight Limited, for St. Louis. Returning arrives 6:50 p. m.

No. 43, daily, 4:42 p. m., for Evansville and way stations. Returning arrives 12:35 p. m.

No. 45, daily, 9:00 p. m., Night Express, for St. Louis. Returning arrives 7:15 a. m.

No. 47, daily, 7:00 a. m., for Evansville and way stations. Returning arrives 9:45 p. m.

BEARGRASS RAILWAY CO.—Cars every hour between Louisville and Jeffersontown, between 6 a. m. and 9 p. m. Leave Sixth and Jefferson streets, Louisville, for Jeffersontown on the hour; leave Jeffersontown for Louisville on the hour.

SATIN TOILET SPECIALTIES.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

AS it nourishes away premature wrinkles, Satin Skin Cream makes users glad. Use is proof. 25c. BACON'S.

SATIN TOOTH POWDER, "finer than silk." 50c size jars 25c at BACON'S.

LOST.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

LOST—Pocketbook, containing $25 in bills, two life insurance receipts and other papers. Will reward finder if returned to E. C. LAVERTY, Health Office, City Hall.

LOST—Sunday, October 16, black and tan bitch, 7 months old; answers to name Midge; $10 reward if returned to 1922 High.

SEEKING

To Have the Prisoner Returned To Breathitt.

WILLIAM BRITTON'S LAWYERS

ENTER A MOTION WHICH IS TAKEN UNDER ADVISEMENT.

THE DEATH OF JOHN BOND.

Lexington, Ky., Oct. 24.—[Special.]—The attorneys for William Britton, indicted by the Fayette county grand jury for the murder of Town Marshal Jim Cockrill at Jackson over two years ago, entered a motion in Circuit Court this morning to have the prisoner returned to Breathitt county. Judge Parker took the motion under advisement and announced that he would render a decision on it within the next few days. Judge Parker sustained a demurrer to the indictment several days ago on the ground that this court had no jurisdiction in the case. The motion for the transfer of the prisoner was made this morning by Judge J. H. Mulligan, counsel for Britton, his argument being based on the ground that if this court had no jurisdiction in the case, the prisoner should be transferred to Breathitt county, where he could secure bail, provided the case was a bailable one. Judge Parker admitted that he believed Breathitt county alone had jurisdiction in the case, and that Britton ought to be sent to that county for trial, but he stated that he would delay entering the order of transfer for several days in order to allow the Court of Appeals to render a decision in a similar case now before that body.

* * *

Death of John Bond.

Mr. John Bond, aged sixty-eight years, a resident of Maysville, Ky., died at the Eastern Kentucky Lunatic Asylum here to-day of apoplexy. The deceased was a chemist of ability, and at the time of his death was president of the Bond Herb Company, of Maysville, and had been a distiller for several companies throughout the State. Twenty years ago he was in business in this city, and was one of the best-known merchants in Central Kentucky. Mrs. Bond and several relatives were notified this morning of Mr. Bond's death and came to this city, and had the body prepared and taken to Maysville for burial.

* * *

A Sad Death.

Mrs. Elizabeth Bush, aged nineteen years, died at the home of her grandfather, C. H. Norris, in this city Sunday afternoon, after a lingering illness of consumption. Before her marriage Mrs. Bush was Miss Elizabeth Taylor and lived with her grandfather here. She was an orphan, and three years ago went to Charleston, W. Va., to live with a wealthy aunt. She had only been there three months when she met and fell in love with William Bush, a young mine boss, and they eloped and were married, and after that her wealthy aunt refused to recognize her, and when she grew ill she returned to the home of her grandfather in this city. She was the mother of two small children. The death was very pathetic, and many flowers were sent to the home.

* * *

Visitors Entertained.

W. M. O'Brien, Grand Regent of the Royal Arcanum for the State of Kentucky, and William A. Lossie, Deputy Grand Regent of the same order, both of Owensboro, arrived in this city to-day on their annual visitation to the Kentucky Councils. Easter Council No. 1700, Royal Arcanum of this city, held a reception in honor of the two distinguished visitors to-night which was followed by a luncheon at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Meyers on South Limestone street. The reception and luncheon were attended by prominent members of the lodge from Frankfort, Georgetown, Paris, Winchester, Richmond and Mt. Sterling, and was one of the most enjoyable affairs in the history of the order in this city. Mr. O'Brien is one of the most prominent men in the State. He was formerly City Clerk of Owensboro, and is the Past Exalted Ruler of the Owensboro Lodge of Elks and Past Grand Knight of the Knights of Columbus.

* * *

Struck By Street Car.

Joseph Curtis, aged about forty-five years, was struck by an east-bound electric car near the post-office this afternoon, sustaining severe bruises about the body.

CAPT. JESSE'S TRAGIC DEATH.

Daviess County Man Dies Suddenly—His Body Is Mutilated.

Owensboro, Ky., Oct. 24.—[Special.]—The multilated body of Capt. S. H. Jesse, one of the most prominent citizens of Daviess county, was found in his barn at his home near Owensboro to-day. The man who discovered the body ran to Capt. Jesse's house to inform him of the dead man. Not finding Capt. Jesse he told his wife. He then hastened for aid at a nearby store. When he returned the wife had discovered that the body was that of her husband. The remains were placed on a tarpaulin and removed to the house. The pigs in the barn had eaten the greater portion of his face away. His arm had been chewed away and his other hand was gone. One ear was also bitten off.

It was only half an hour previous to the finding of the body that a member of the family talked with Capt. Jesse in the barn. He remarked that he was not feeling very well. He had been a sufferer from heart disease for a year. The Coroner was summoned and held an inquest over the remains. A verdict was returned that he came to his death from a paralytic stroke of the heart.

Capt. Jesse was born in Woodford county in 1825. At the outbreak of the war he cast his lot with the Confederacy, and served with honor for one year with the Tenth cavalry. At the end of which time he left the army on account of ill health. He was a Mason of high standing. He was the father of a large family. Mr. George Jesse, a Washington City attorney, who was secretary to Dr. Clardy while the latter was in Congress, was his son.

CHILDREN BURN TO DEATH.

Four Cremated In Vacant Building On Lower Green River.

Bowling Green, Oct. 24.—[Special.]—Meager details coming from Jimtown, a coal mining town on lower Green river, bring the news of a distressing accident at that place, in which four little children were cremated. A party of five little fellows went to a vacant dwelling and were playing therein, when in some manner they set fire to the house. All but one were on the upper floor of the building, and before they could make their escape their means of exit was shut off by the flames.

The child on the lower floor ran out among the houses of the town, not far distant, and gave the alarm. All the male inhabitants were in the mines. They were summoned, but when they reached the scene it was to find only burnt timbers remaining of the frail structure, and among the debris the charred remains of the four children.

LARGE COURT DOCKET.

Nine Murder Cases At This Term of Pulaski Circuit Court.

Somerset, Ky., Oct. 24.—The fall term of the Pulaski Circuit Court convened here to-day with Circuit Judge M. L. Jarvis and Commonwealth Attorney J. N. Sharp in attendance.

This term is fixed by statute to be in session for four weeks, but on account of the heavy criminal and civil docket the Judge will extend it for two or three additional weeks.

Nine murder cases are to be tried, six of which have been committed since the close of the last June term on the 15th day of July last, one rape, eight malicious shooting and wounding, ten grand larceny besides nearly one hundred misdemeanors. This with the unfinished and new civil causes make this the heaviest docket known in this county for many years.

ALLEGED MURDERERS JAILED.

Gip Griffen and Jack Hardman In Toils At Hopkinsville.

Hopkinsville, Ky., Oct. 24.—[Special.]—Two alleged murderers were placed in jail here to-day. Gip Griffen, who is charged with brutally murdering Henry Warner, an aged North Christian farmer, was captured in bed at his home after having eluded the officers three months. Griffen was overseer on Warner's farm, and had a quarrel with his employer. It is alleged that he shot Warner twice and clubbed him with the gun. Mrs. Warner, an aged woman, witnessed the deed, but infirmities prevented her from going to her husband's aid.

The other prisoner is "Tissue Paper" Jack Hardison, charged with killing Charley Johnson at a negro festival near Empire. He was arrested at Pontiac, Ill.

COUNTERFEITERS SENTENCED.

Number Convicted At Covington Will Be Sent To Penitentiary.

Covington, Ky., Oct. 24.—Judge Cochran, of the United States Court, sentenced the following prisoners this afternoon: Newton Jones and John Taylor, counterfeiting, four and three years, respectively, in the Federal penitentiary at Atlanta; John Spradling, Paintsville, Johnson county, counterfeiting, seven years; W. H. Belt, his accomplice, thirteen months in jail; Frank Johnson, Livingston, post-office robbery, five years, $100 and costs; Joel Wilder, postmaster at Culdridge, six months in jail for embezzlement; William Hobbs, for swindling veteran soldiers in Johnson county, six months in jail, and J. B. Stephens, of Add, six months in jail for misusing the mails.

AT RATE OF TWO TO ONE.

Stock of Owensboro Wagon Company Brings Twice Its Face Value.

Owensboro, Ky., Oct. 24.—[Special.]—James H. Hickman, president and largest stockholder of the Owensboro Wagon Company, to-day disposed of all of his holdings in the company to W. A. Steele, of this city, the present secretary of the concern. Dr. Hickman held $55,000 worth of stock and disposed of it for $110,000.

"I made up my mind some time ago that when I could get two for one I would sell my stock," declared Dr. Hickman this afternoon. The wagon company pays the largest dividend of any concern in Western Kentucky. Dr. Hickman says he will rest for some time before re-engaging in any business.

STRUCK FATHER'S ASSAILANT.

Riley Craig Thought To Be Fatally Injured In Bath County.

Owingsville, Ky., Oct. 24.—[Special.]—At Rose Run iron mines, this county, last night, Riley Craig, aged thirty-five years, went to the home of John Yarber, and a difficulty followed. Craig struck Yarber, and, thinking he had badly injured him, ran. Yarber's son, hearing the noise, ran to his father's rescue, and as Craig ran, threw a rock, striking Craig above the eye. Craig is reported to be dying to-night. Yarber has not been arrested.

BLANDVILLE COLLEGE BURNS.

Ballard County Institution Destroyed With Effects of Students.

Cairo, Ill., Oct. 24.—Blandville College, in Ballard county, Ky., burned to-day, leaving only the brick walls standing. Prof. Robinson and family and a few students, who boarded with them, lost most of their personal effects. No one was seriously injured.

The Orr Will Broken.

Maysville, Ky., Oct. 24.—In the contest over probating the will of Mrs. Permelia A. Orr, widow of Philip Buckner Orr, the trial in the Bracken Circuit Court resulted in the will being broken. This gives the entire estate, valued at $30,000, to Mrs. Orr's grandchild, Philip Henry Orr. The suit was brought by his guardian and stepfather, Dr. Frank Thompson, of Dayton, O. The trial was the most celebrated in the history of Bracken county, and had the will stood the city of Augusta would have gotten the bulk of the estate.

Demurrers Overruled.

Lebanon, Ky., Oct. 21.—In the suit to enjoin the Supreme officers of the C. K. of A. from enforcing the new rates adopted at the extra session in August last, the Circuit Court at Lebanon overruled the demurrer to the petition and entered an order in accordance with a stipulation filed that the case should come on for final trial November 9 in the Washington Circuit Court, and that the Supreme officers should not collect the new assessment rate in advance of November 30.

The final judgment will determine whether it can be collected at all.

Fire In Dome of Courthouse.

Cynthiana, Ky., Oct. 27.—[Special.]—Fire in the dome of the courthouse at noon to-day did considerable damage, burning the south side of the roof and the cupola. The firemen were hindered in their work by the large crowd, this being County Court day. Damage to documents stored in the upper rooms by water was large. County Clerk Desha and Circuit Clerk Robertson transferred all the valuable papers to the fire-proof vaults.

Casualties In Bell County.

Middlesboro, Ky., Oct. 21.—John Randolph, of Rockport, Tenn., was found dead on the L. and N. tracks near the depot. Randolph had a large sum of money, and it is supposed he was murdered and robbed and his body placed on the track.

Louis Essary, of Morristown, Tenn., while attempting to board a Southern train, fell and his legs were cut off.

John Liter was killed by a falling tree near Hignite.

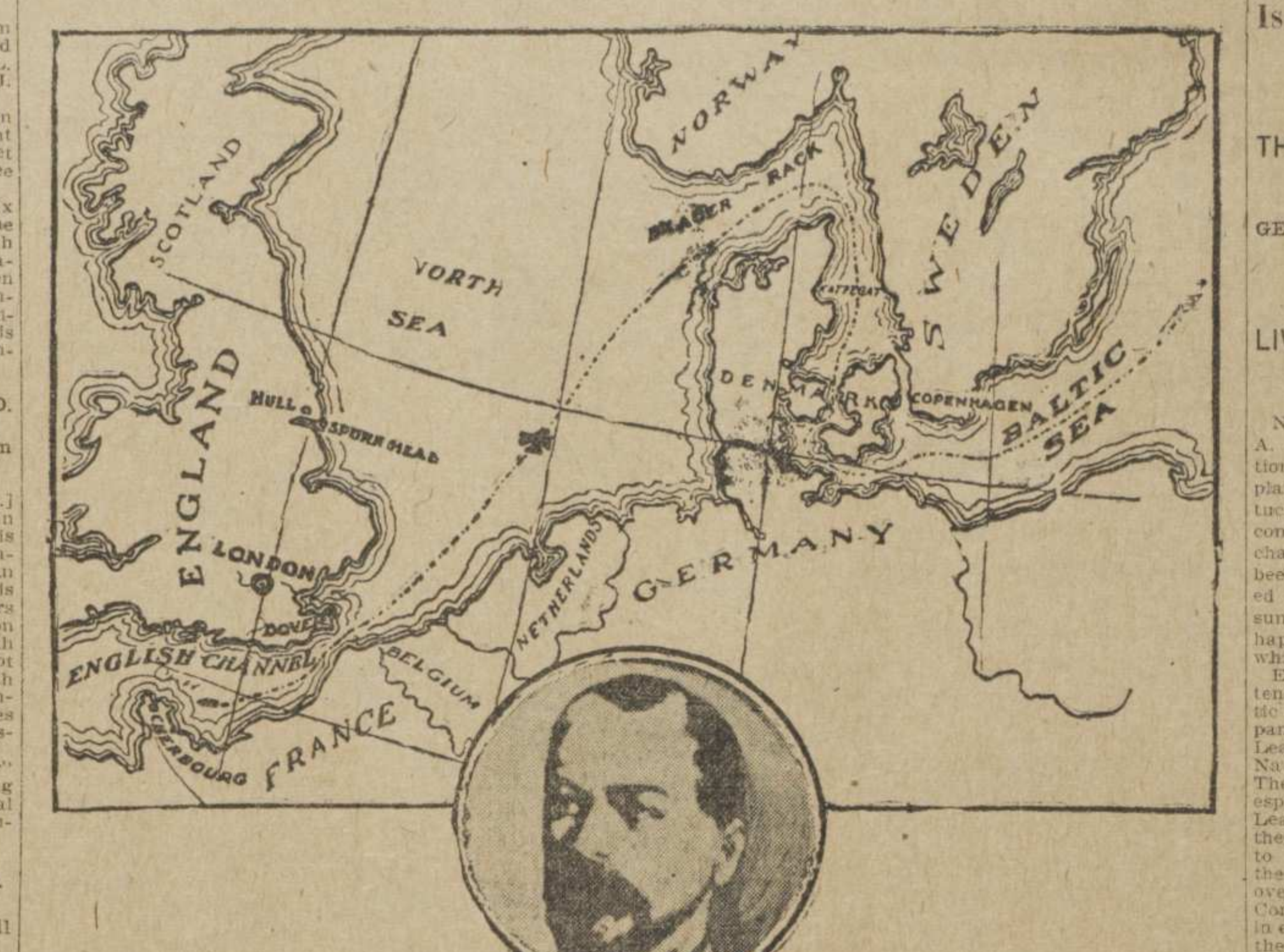
Heirs To Millions.

Mt. Sterling, Ky., Oct. 24.—John W. Forman, Mrs. J. R. Hainline and Mrs. Clay Frisbie, of this city, have been notified they are heirs to an estate of $18,000,000 left in Pennsylvania by Col. Jacob Baker, who died in Pittsburg recently. An investigation shows the estate to be all right. R. E. Forman, one of the heirs has been in Pittsburg looking after the estate several days.

A Native of Owensboro.

Owensboro, Ky., Oct. 24.—[Special.]—George Bacon, who is under arrest in Omaha, Neb., for the alleged theft of railroad passes, was born and raised in Owensboro and was highly connected in this county. Only a few years ago he graduated from the Owensboro High School. He was highly respected here.

NORTH SEA, WHERE THE BALTIC FLEET DEALT DEATH TO ENGLISH SEAMEN.



ADMIRAL ROJESTVENSKY.

The place in the North Sea where the Russian Baltic fleet fired on the vessels of the Hull, England, fishing fleet, sinking two of the craft and killing several members of their crews, is indicated by a cross on the map. It is 220 miles east by north of Spurn Head, at the entrance to the bay on which Hull is located, and lies directly in the course of the Russian warships from Skager Rack to the English channel, where the squadron has since appeared. The Baltic fleet passed into the North Sea early Friday morning, being reported at that time from Frederikshaven, Denmark. The course of the fleet since leaving Russian waters is shown by the dotted line.

Death From Old Age.

Paducah, Ky., Oct. 24.—[Special.]—S. F. Evitts, aged seventy-eight, for many years a well-known river man, died in Ballard county to-day from old age. He was father of City Jailer Tom Evitts, and leaves several other children. The remains will be brought here for burial.

Mt. Sterling Official Ill.

Mt. Sterling, Ky., Oct. 24.—[Special.]—John W. Taul, Assistant Chief of Police in this city, is seriously ill, suffering from carbuncles on his face. Owing to other complications his condition is causing uneasiness. Mr. Taul has been on the force here for twenty years.

Hopkinsville Tailor Fails.

Hopkinsville, Ky., Oct. 24.—[Special.]—J. L. Tobin, merchant tailor, has filed papers in bankruptcy. His liabilities are $3,400, the largest creditors being his mother, Mullen & Co., of Chicago, and McGuire & Co., of Chicago and Cincinnati.

Court Convenes At Springfield.

Springfield, Ky., Oct. 24.—[Special.]—Circuit Judge I. H. Thurman convened court here to-day. Commonwealth's Attorney R. L. Durham instructed the grand jury. The criminal and civil dockets are light.

Funeral of Young Man.

Elizabethtown, Ky., Oct. 24.—[Special.]—The remains of Will Lee, aged nineteen, a well-known young man of this city, who died yesterday of consumption, were interred here to-day.

Owen Circuit Court.

Owenton, Ky., Oct. 24.—[Special.]—Circuit Court began to-day with Judge John M. Lassing presiding. Nothing was done beyond the court delivering the usual charge to the grand jury.

MAILS HELD UP AND SOMETIMES RIFLED.

Democratic Committee Propose To Make It Warm For the Guilty Persons.

Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 24.—[Special.]—The Democratic managers have discovered that mail sent to county chairmen has been systematically held up for days at a time, and in some cases actually rifled. Upon investigation by the Democratic State Committee, it was ascertained within the past forty-eight hours that the mail had not only been delayed purposely, but that in three notable cases the mail had been rifled, the "mail robbers" hoping to get hold of information which would prove valuable in bringing about the election of Roosevelt.

"All I have to say on the subject is that we have started an investigation and believe that we will be able to make it hot for those who have interfered with the mails," said State Chairman O'Brien, of the Democratic Committee this morning. "The guilty persons need not think they will escape."

This is all the State chairman would say on the matter. It is understood that several of the cases of interfering with the mails have occurred in Southern Indiana, and that the proof of guilt is already in the hands of the Democratic State Committee.

CASES AGAINST THE HARRISONS DISMISSED.

Former Kentuckians Were Charged With Securing Money Under False Pretenses.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Oct. 24.—[Special.]—There was no prosecution to-day when the cases against G. P. Harrison and daughter, Ella, on a charge of obtaining money under false pretenses, were called. The cases were dismissed and the costs paid by attorney for the prosecuting firm.

A compromise was effected between the attorneys for the disposition of the cases. The $1,000 which was obtained as a loan by Miss Ella Harrison from a local real estate firm under alleged false pretense has been recovered by the firm from United States District Judge Clark, to whom it was paid as the first installment on the purchase of Judge Clark's magnificent residence. The price was $15,750 spot cash. The Harrisons have vacated the property, being forced to do so by legal procedure, and all aggrieved parties being satisfied, the compromise was agreed upon.

The Harrisons threaten to enter at least one libel suit as a result of this trouble and claim a plot was made against them. They decline to state against whom they intend to enter suit. The Harrisons formerly resided at Somerset, Ky.

A Church Reception.

A reception will be given the faculty and students of the Baptist Theological Seminary by the East Baptist Church to-night, in the church parlors, on East Chestnut street. A fine literary and musical programme has been prepared.

MANY BANKS ORGANIZED DURING THE PAST WEEK.

Activity in banking circles, trust companies, stocks and bonds, is shown by the weekly report of the local branch of R. G. Dun & Co.:

* * *

New National Banks.

The First National Bank of Freeland Park, Ind. Capital $25,000. T. G. Vennum, president; A. F. Freeland, vice president; G. F. Patterson, cashier.

The Merchants' and Planters' National Bank of Davis, I. T. Capital $25,000. R. L. Freeman, president; S. H. Davis, vice president; C. B. McCluskey, cashier. To commence business November 1.

The First National Bank of Tonkawa, Okla. Conversion of the Bank of Tonkawa.

* * *

Applications To Organize.

The First National Bank of Hartford, Ark. Capital $26,000. Application to organize filed by W. J. Echols, Fort Smith.

The First National Bank of Baltimore, O. Capital $25,000. Application to organize filed by A. J. Solomon, Columbus.

The Fairfield National Bank of Lancaster, O. Capital $100,000. Application to organize filed by Henry E. Peters.

The New Richmond National Bank of New Richmond, O. Capital $25,000. Application to organize filed by W. T. S. Blackburn, Dry Ridge, Ky.

* * *

New State Banks, Private Banks and Trust Companies.

The Bank of Oakland, Miss. Capital $30,000. R. K. Mardera, president; G. H. Moore, vice president; A. P. Herron, cashier. To comence business November 15, succeeding the Oakland branch of Charleston Bank.

The Bank of Helena, Ga. Organizing.

The Bank of Whigham, Ga. Capital $15,000. D. O. Pierce, president; D. G. McNair, vice president, and J. W. Strange, cashier. To commence business January 1.

The People's State Bank of Crown Point, Ind. Capital $60,000. Michael Grimmer, president; T. S. Fancher, vice president, and Henry Aulwurn, cashier.

The Chouteau Trust and Banking Company of Chouteau, Ind. Ted. (Incorporated.) Capital $50,000.

The Bank of Onslow, Jacksonville, N. C. Organizing.

The Cambridge Savings Bank Company of Cambridge, O. Capita $50,000. B. F. Sheppard, president; H. A. Forsyth, vice president, and C. C. Cosgrove, cashier. To commence business January 1.

The Chester County Bank of Henderson, Tenn. Capital $25,000. S. D. Galloway, president, and H. E. Harwell, assistant cashier. To commence business November 1.

The Traders' Union Savings Bank and Trust Company of Memphis, Tenn. Capital $50,000. Applied for charter.

The Farmers' and Merchants' Bank of White Bluff, Tenn. Capital $20,000. Pitt Henslee, president; J. G. Brown, vice president, and H. J. Bowers, cashier. To commence business December 1.

The Bank of Portis, Ark. Filed articles of incorporation. E. J. Mason, president; H. H. Collins, cashier.

The Bank of Tupelo, Ark. Paid capital $13,000. S. M. Jones, president; John Gardner, vice president, and A. W. Sweet, cashier.

The Bank of Duluth, Ga. Branch of the Bank of Buford.

Inola State Bank, of Inola, Ind. Ter. Capital $10,000. D. Koenig, president; H. Hayle, vice president, and J. Koenig, cashier.

The Farmers' and Merchants' Bank of Edmonton, Ky. Organizing.

The St. James Bank of Lutcher, La. Firmin Reynaud, president; John Deibert, vice president, and A. H. Means, cashier.

The Carolina Banking Company of Mullins, S. C. Applied for charter.

The Zion Savings Bank of Orangeburg, S. C. Applied for a charter.

The Virginia Safe Deposit and Trust Corporation of Buckingham, Va. Branch of Alexandria.

* * *

Miscellaneous.

The First State Bank of Lineville, Ala. To convert to the First National. Capital $25,000.

The People's Bank of Sylacauga, Ala. To convert into Merchants' and Planters' National. Capital $50,000.

The Citizens' Bank of Bald Knob, Ark. To merge into a State bank.

The Citizens' Bank of McRae, Ga. is to incorporate December 1.

The Tennessee Trust Co., of Memphis, Tenn., has increased its capital to $750,000.

* * *

Bond Sales.

Muskogee, Ind. Ter.—The $100,000 5 per cent. twenty-year bonds were awarded to Lamprecht Bros. & Co. at 102.50.

Defiance, O.—The city has sold to the Union Savings Bank and Trust Company $97,000 twenty-year bridge refunding bonds, being part of an issue of $100,000 which was offered last July, but not sold. Of the amount sold $50,000 bear 4 per cent. and $47,000 4½ per cent.

Bainbridge, Ga.—The $20,000 5 per cent. ten and three-quarter-year electric light bonds were awarded to Nussbaum Bros., local, at 105.

Ashland, Ky.—The $30,000 6 per cent. seven-year bonds were awarded locally at par.

South Brooklyn, O.—The $25,000 5 per cent. eighteen-year sewer bonds were awarded to W. R. Todd & Co. at 110.

Akron, O.—The $35,500 4½ per cent. twelve-year bonds were awarded to Spitzer & Co. at 107.64.

Central Covington, Ky.—The $10,000 6 per cent. one-ten-year bonds were awarded to the People's Savings Bank at 104.

Gadsden, Ala.—The $25,000 5 per cent. thirty-year city hall bonds were awarded to A. L. Rich & Co., of Cincinnati, O. Price not stated.

* * *

Bonds Authorized.

Mansfield, O.—The council has authorized the issuance of $10,000 bonds to purchase a site for the Carnegie library.

Cincinnati, O.—The Board of Education has passed a resolution authorizing the issuance of $175,000 4 per cent. forty-year school improvement bonds.

Gainesville, Tex.—The city has voted to issue $25,000 city hall bonds.

* * *

Miscellaneous.

Tampa, Fla.—An election will be called soon to vote upon an issue of $30,000 paving and sewerage bonds.

Shreveport, La.—On November 8 the voters will be asked to decide the question of issuing $100,000 4 per cent. thirty-year city hall bonds.

Summit County, O.—An issue of $250,000 courthouse bonds will be voted on at the general election in November.

St. Clair County, Ala.—The county authorities are considering the issuance of $85,000 road bonds to bear interest at a rate not exceeding 6 per cent.

NEW ERA DAWNING FOR THE MINSTREL WORLD.

George Primrose Talks of the Land of Burnt Cork and Incidentally Practices For the Parades To Come.

A middle-aged man of excellent carriage and sprightly walk stepped into the Galt House yesterday morning, secured his key from the clerk and started for his room. There was dust on his shoes and he wore a sweater.

"Where have you been so early in the morning, George?" asked a friend who greeted him in the lobby.

"Taking my regular morning walk," was the response. "I will shortly be called upon to do a deal of parading and I am getting myself in shape. You have all kinds of streets here in Louisville and I find it an excellent place for practice. I have been gone just one hour and I guess I have walked about seven miles."

The stranger was George Primrose, the minstrel. He explained later in the day when seen in his dressing room at Hopkins Theater, where he is appearing this week, that what he had said was no joke. He is to return within a few weeks to the end of the stage that won him fame and fortune, and he is going into every detail of the preliminary work. With this week Mr. Primrose will bid good-bye to vaudeville. The Foley brothers and William West, who are associated with him in his act, will fill two or three more engagements and join Primrose when the "big show" starts.

"The old love came back to me after a number of weeks in vaudeville," said Mr. Primrose to the reporter, "and I am going into minstrelsy again. The company is now being organized and the opening engagement will take place in New York. From there we go to Boston, and we are booked for the entire season. I have been on the stage for thirty-eight years and almost all of that time in minstrelsy. At the age of thirteen they billed me as 'Master George.'

"I feel that I have made a name for myself as well as money in the minstrel business and the production I am now preparing I intend as a sort of monument to myself. Minstrelsy is in its infancy, instead of being on the decline, in my opinion, and I believe the future will bring forth some great things in this sort of entertainment. I hope to strike out along new lines, and of course will make the production as spectacular as possible. There will be plenty of plantation songs, but the monologue will be missing. I believe the people will no longer stand for a fifteen minutes' conversation in the middle of a performance. Our show is to have three quartettes and there will be three bands in the parade. In all we will have seventy-five performers.

"Of course, the Foley brothers and West will be with me, and they will do a dancing turn pretty much like that you see here at the Hopkins this week. West has been with me for some time, and I have coached him to take my place, should occasion arise. There is understudy in minstrelsy the same as in the drama. Much interest has always been taken by the public in the Foley boys. I found them in Brooklyn four years ago. They were newsboys, and I was attracted by the grace with which they were doing a dance on the street. They are twins and I arranged with their mother to take them on the stage with me. They are to be one of the features of the new minstrel show."

Primrose played with his minstrel associates in the old Masonic Temple a quarter of a century ago. Those who saw him then and who have seen him this week declare that he dances with his old-time grace. He declared that he has never been afflicted with a stiff joint or a bunion. The minstrel attributes his good condition to the diligence he exerts in taking care of himself.

BITTER WAR

Is Indicated In the White Lead Business.

THE NEW UNITED COMPANY

GETS TWO IMPORTANT MEN FROM THE NATIONAL.

LIVELY COMPETITION AHEAD.

New York, Oct. 24.—[Special.]—John A. Stevens, vice president of the National Lead Company, which controls plants in many States, including Kentucky, and who has been with that company since its formation, having charge of the sales department, has been elected vice president of the United Lead Company and will shortly assume his duties with that concern. Perhaps no one is better known in the white lead business than Mr. Stevens.

Evans McCarthy, general superintendent of manufactures of the Atlantic branch of the National Lead Company, has also gone over to the United Lead Company. He has been with the National Company for sixteen years. These two men were important in their especial departments in the National Lead Company, and it is expected that they will be of even greater importance to the other company. The action of the United Lead Company in taking over these men from the National Lead Company indicates that the former is in earnest in its proposed competition in the white lead business with the National Lead Company, and a bitter war is almost certain to result.

DECLINED TO ACCEPT

Bid of $200,000 For Capital Stock of Subsidiary Companies.

Newark, N. J., Oct. 24.—James Smith, Jr., receiver of the United States Shipbuilding Company, as special master, sold at public auction to-day all that portion of the property of the United States Shipbuilding Company which had been adjudged to be mortgaged to the Mercantile Trust Company and the New York Security and Trust Company.

The sale was made under a decree of the United States Circuit Court, and included everything owned by the company outside of the stock and the plant. There was only one bidder, George R. Sheldon, who represented the Sheldon Reorganization Company. His bid was $50,000, which was accepted by Mr. Smith, subject to confirmation by the courts.

Mr. Smith, as receiver, then offered for sale all the capital stock of the seven subsidiary companies. The only bid, which amounted to $200,000, was the individual bid of Mr. Sheldon, but as the price offered was not satisfactory, Mr. Smith refused to sell the stock. He then adjourned the sale until Thursday next.

Oleomargarine Case Affirmed.

Washington, Oct. 24.—Justice Brewer, of the Supreme Court of the United States, to-day announced the decision of the court in the oleomargarine case of August Cliff, of Chicago, affirming the decision of the United States District Court, by which Cliff was convicted of violating that portion of the oleomargarine law fixing a tax of ten cents per pound on oleomargarine artificially colored.

Implement Dealers Meet.

Cincinnati, Oct. 24.—At the opening session of the sixth annual convention of the Tri-State Vehicle and Implement Dealers' Association of Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky here to-day, it was decided to admit the States of West Virginia and Tennessee into the association. Matters pertaining to freight rates and other topics of interest to the dealers will be discussed to-morrow.

The Hearst Case Being Heard.

New York, Oct. 24.—The hearing before the Interstate Commerce Commission on the charges brought by William Randolph Hearst, alleging collusion on the part of the coal-carrying railroad companies in fixing and maintaining the price at tidewater, was resumed to-day in this city. The hearing had been adjourned since May 27 last.

Will Resume Operations.

Birmingham, Ala., Oct. 24.—The Republic Iron and Steel Company to-day gave notice that work would resume at their Gate City rolling mills, near here, on Monday next. These mills were closed down July 2. They give employment to 300 men. The Birmingham mills belonging to the same company resumed operations two weeks ago, after an idleness of eleven months.

Heinze's Petition Denied.

Washington, Oct. 24.—The Supreme Court of the United States to-day refused to grant the petition of Augustus Heinze for a writ of certiorari in the case of Heinze vs. the Butte and Boston Consolidated Mining Company. The case involves title to the Snohomish and Tramway mines, near Butte, Mont.

Big Concern To Be Reorganized.

Lansing, Mich., Oct. 24.—Upon application of E. Bement's Sons, extensive manufacturers of stoves and farm implements, the affairs of that corporation were to-day placed in the hands of the Detroit Trust Company as reorganization agents. The company is capitalized at $1,250,000.

Treasury Statement.

Washington, Oct. 24.—To-day's statement of the Treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the Division of Redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $144,354,553; gold, $77,121,570.

An Advance In Butter.

Elgin, Ill., Oct. 24.—Butter advanced one-half cent on the Board of Trade to-day, selling for 21½ cents a pound. The sales in the district for the week were 660,000 pounds.

DR. KENDALL TO MEET HIS CONGREGATION.

A "fall reunion will be held at the Walnut street Methodist Church, South, at Fifth and Walnut streets, Wednesday evening at 7:30 o'clock. It is to be held as a sort of introduction to the social and religious programme which the new pastor, the Rev. Dr. T. R. Kendall, has mapped out for the coming winter. The evening will be filled with special music and several short addresses will be made. Among them will be a talk by Dr. Kendall, in which he will explain his intentions in regard to the future of the church during his pastorate. The meeting is to be held that Dr. Kendall, who has been in Louisville only a few weeks, may be introduced personally to each member of his congregation.

Wanted On Murder Charge.

Sheriff W. C. Allen, of Sherman, Conn., and Detective Edward Cronin, of Bridgeport, Conn., passed through Louisville last night with Herbert Smith, who is wanted at Sherman for the alleged murder of William Taylor. Smith was arrested in Paducah, Ky., where he was at the time in custody on the charge of petit larceny. He is alleged to have shot Taylor, who is said to have found him in the act of robbing a safe.

INDIGESTION CAUSED DEATH OF MRS. LAPP.

Mrs. Carrie Lapp, wife of the late Samuel Lapp, died at her home at 2420 Second street at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Mrs. Lapp was attacked with a severe case of indigestion shortly after dinner and this brought on heart failure, which caused her death an hour later. Dr. Harris Kelly, the Coroner, was called. Mrs. Lapp was sixty-five years of age and had lived in Louisville all her life. She is survived by Miss Evelyn Lapp and Millard F. Lapp.

Bottle of Whisky Stolen.

Ed Baxter, a tobacco worker, who lives in Crescent Hill, was arrested in the drug store of Krieger Bros., Eleventh and Market streets, on the charge of petit larceny. It is alleged that he stole a bottle of whisky from a showcase, while in the act of lighting a cigarette.

BOOKBINDERS

SEEK ANOTHER CONFERENCE TO-DAY WITH EMPLOYERS.

Latter For Third Time Refuse To Receive Employes As a Union.

A conference between representatives of the employing bookbinders and a joint Conference Committee representing Local Unions Nos. 54 and 123 will be held this morning at 11 o'clock, at which the grievances of the union bindery workmen will be discussed. At a joint meeting of the two unions held at 5:45 o'clock yesterday afternoon, a letter from the employers in reply to one mailed to them by the union committee was read. The letter was a third refusal on the part of the employers to recognize the union, and said that they would talk with the binders and bindery women as individuals, and only as such.

When the letter was read at the meeting, which was largely attended, a flurry of excitement followed, several jumping to their feet and advising a strike at once. Rash action was advised against by the cooler heads in attendance, with the result that a resolution to the effect that the joint Conference Committee meet representatives of the employers on any ground to-day at 11 o'clock.

PLANS PREPARED

FOR NEW CAPITOL BUILDING BY MR. ANDREWS.

Meeting of Commission To Be Held November 10 To Examine Drawings.

Plans for the new capitol at Frankfort have been completed by Frank M. Andrews, the architect elected to prepare the drawings, and a meeting of the State Capitol Commission has been called for November 10, when the plans will be examined, and if satisfactory, approved and arrangements made for advertising for proposals and letting the contracts for the actual work of construction.

Mr. Andrews' plans were drawn with the understanding that the new capitol is to be erected on the same site as the present building and the architect has been careful to utilize the space to the best advantage. The building is said to be handsome of design and may be accepted by the commissioners without requiring any changes of importance as far as the general appearance is concerned.

PRICES DECLINE

FOR A TIME BECAUSE OF THE NORTH SEA INCIDENT.

There Is a Recovery, However, and the Undertone Is Strong At the Close.

New York, Oct. 24.—Considerable apprehension existed in stock market circles at the opening to-day over possible developments resulting from the reported attack of Russia's Baltic fleet on the British fishing flotilla in the North sea. Prices ran off at the outset from a small fraction to a full point, and London, where prices for practically all American stocks closed lower, was reported to be selling heavily in this market. Prices soon made general recovery, however, and in a number of instances went higher than at Saturday's close, and the excitement in this market seemed to have been allayed.

Banking houses with important London connections were in communication with that center, and the consensus of opinion was that the North sea incident would be speedily adjusted to the satisfaction of the British Government.

Following a brief period of irregularity in the early afternoon the market gathered increased strength, the principal features being Ontario and Western and the Pacifics, chiefly Union Pacific and Southern Pacific shares. Other standard stocks were active to higher prices and the trading up to the beginning of the last hour gave promise of approaching the high record of the past week. The market seemed to ignore the Russian incident, and talk of gold exports to Paris failed to produce any impression. Nevertheless operations as a whole were largely professional with the usual evidence here and there of manipulation. There were unconfirmed rumors from out of town of an early setlement of the Northern Securitites tangle. Prices shaded slightly toward the close, but the undertone was strong.

Wheat Market Affected.

Minneapolis, Minn., Oct. 24.—The echo of the Russian guns that destroyed the English fishing boats was heard on 'change this morning. The wheat market opened strong and excited. Minneapolis December went almost three cents higher; going to $1,21 as against $1.18⅜ Saturday. Receipts were light, 667 cars as against 818 a year ago.

John Carr Under Arrest.

John Carr, a molder, was arrested last night by Patrolmen Scanlon and Lee on the charge of shooting at without wounding his father-in-law, Gus Roeder. It is alleged that Carr went to Mr. Roeder's house, Nineteenth and Market streets, and demanded some things, which he said his wife took when they separated. Mr. Roeder says that Carr was drunk, and that when he ejected him from the house, Carr drew a revolver and fired once without effect.

Has New Position.

C. H. Pace, night clerk at the Willard Hotel, has accepted a similar position at the Louisville, and will take up his new work to-night.

Nonpareil Club Banquet.

Thirty-eight members of the Nonpareil Club, with their friends, banquetted last night at the Galt House. The banquet marks the passing of the summer season, and inaugurates the winter season, which will be one of dancing for the members of the club.

Marine Intelligence.

New York, Oct. 24.—Arrived: Kroonland, Antwerp; Perugia, Leghorn, Naples, etc.

Browhead, Oct. 23.—Passed: Canadian, Liverpool for Boston.

Boulogne, Oct. 22.—Arrived: Rotterdam, New York for Rotterdam and proceeded. Sailed the 23d: Moltke, from Hamburg and Dover, N. H.

Bremen, Oct. 23.—Arrived: Bremen, New York.

Hamburg, Oct. 23.—Arrived: Hamburg, New York, via Plymouth and Cherbourg.

Cherbourg, Oct. 24.—Arrived: Kronprinz Wilhelm, New York; Plymouth, for Bremen and proceeded.

Antwerp, Oct. 23.—Arrived: Finland, New York, via Dover.

Glasgow, Oct. 23.—Arrived: Columbia, New York.

Gibraltar, Oct. 24.—Arrived: Hohenzollern, New York for Genoa, Naples, etc.

Real Estate Transfers.

Mary M. Clark to R. T. Durrett, 35 feet, north side Market, 69 feet west of Sixth, $30,000.

Elizabeth Bodeman to Elizabeth Kalmey, 12 acres, Jefferson county, $2,800.

Illinois Life Insurance Company to Standard San. Mfg., lots 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25 and 26, block 6, Mix addition, $2,310.

Courtenay Land Co. to J. R. Ballard, 30 feet, east side Twenty-eighth, 534 feet south of St. Xavier, $1,750.

Hy. G. Schmitt to Geo. W. Hoffman, 35 feet, southeast side Christy, 75 feet southwest of Edward, $1,650.

James A. Simpson to J. W. Simpson, one-third interest in 18 feet, northwest corner Tenth and Chestnut, $1,000.

Jacob Sprau to Carrie Bayer, lot 10, square 8, Beard and Campbell, $850.

H. Albin to C. E. Sutton, part of lots 13 and 14, block B, Southern Heights, $660.

James A. Hughes to Jessie Stewart, 30 feet, south side Main, 150 feet west of Twenty-ninth, $600.

George W. Check to Joseph Fariey, 90 feet, northeast corner Thirty-first and Duncan, $540.

COTTON MARKETS.

New York, Oct. 24.—The cotton market opened steady at an advance of 3@8 points in response to steadier cables than looked for and reports of frost in the eastern belt. There seemed a considerable demand for the covering of smaller shorts and some buying for a prominent Southern operator. Immediately following the call the market showed a declining tendency and before midday had sold off to a new low level, with January at 9.59c. At about this time the special reports of the Signal Service were received, showing that the frost in the eastern belt had been more general than anticipated, and more severe, with ice forming in some sections. This had a tendency to rally the market and during the balance of the session demand was a little better. It was argued that the long interests had been pretty well cleaned up on the decline and that a big short interest had accumulated, and some operators were evidently inclined to the view that a reaction was justified by the conditions. The market at the close was barely steady, but prices were net 3@5 points higher. Sales were estimated at 300,000 bales.

Estimated receipts at the ports: To-day, 77,600 bales, against 62,372 last week and 62,168 last year; for the week, 400,000 bales, against 393,909 last week and 401,912 last year. To-day's receipts at New Orleans were 13,145 bales, against 14,266 last year, and at Houston 10,528 bales, against 15,188 last year.

Spot cotton quiet; middling uplands 9.85c; do gulf 11c. Closed quiet and 20 points higher; middling uplands 9.95c; do gulf 11.20c. Sales 3,525 bales.

The following is the range of futures on the New York Cotton Exchange:

MONTH.	Opening.	Closing.	Highest.	Lowest.
October	9.55	9.52	9.56	9.38
November	9.53	9.52	9.50	9.36
December	9.65	9.66	9.73	9.50
January	9.74	9.75	9.80	9.59
February	9.79	9.79	9.79	9.65
March	9.82	9.83	9.80	9.68
April	9.85	9.85	9.85	9.85
May	9.92	9.90	9.95	9.76
June	....	9.92	....	....
July	....	9.95	10.00	9.86

New Orleans, Oct. 24.—Spot cotton opened easy, but closed fairly active and a shade higher. Sales 9,200 bales, including 4,800 to arrive. Quotations advanced 1-16c; ordinary 7 1-16c; good ordinary 8⅜c; low middling 9c; middling 9 9-16c; good middling 9⅞c; middling fair 10¼c; receipts 13,260 bales; stock 179,441. Futures opened firm, with prices 8@11 points up on sensationally good Liverpool, caused by reports of killing frosts in Arkansas and Tennessee. The advance in the local market was soon shaved off by heavy fresh selling by shorts and renewed liquidation by longs. Later in the session a buying movement set in which carried prices to the highest levels of the day. In the trading December opened 9 points up at 9.46c, sold down to 9.35c, advanced to 9.50c and finally receded to 9.54c. The market closed active and firm, with net gains of 16@18 points.

Liverpool, Oct. 24.—Spot cotton in fair demand at steady prices; American middling fair 5.68d; good middling 5.42d; middling 5.32d; low middling 5.18d; good ordinary 5.04d; ordinary 4.86d. The sales of the day were 8,000 bales, of which 500 were for speculation and export, and included 5,600 American. Receipts 2,000 bales, including 1,300 American. Futures opened easier and closed quiet.

Memphis, Oct. 24.—Cotton closed easy and unchanged; middling 9 9-16c; receipts 8,707 bales; shipments 7,812; sales 4,600; stock 69,618.

Galveston, Oct. 24.—Cotton quiet; middling 9 9-16c; sales 300 bales; receipts 18,854; stock 166,197.

Savannah, Oct. 24.—Cotton easy; middling 9½c; sales 590 bales; receipts 13,187; stock 126,723.

Boston, Oct. 24.—Cotton quiet; middling 9.95c; net receipts 130 bales; gross 4,451.

St. Louis, Oct. 24.—Cotton steady; middling 9⅝c; receipts 2,241 bales; stock 8,261.

COFFEE MARKET.

New York, Oct. 24.—pot, Rio easy; No. 7 invoice 8⅝c; mild firm. The market for futures opened steady at a decline of 10@15 points, in sympathy with easier European and Brazilian cables. The losses in the European markets were attributed chiefly to uneasiness over the European political situation. Later advices from Santos increasing estimates of the current crop also had an effect on local sentiment. The market closed steady at a decline of 15@20 points. Sales reported of 32,500 bags, including October at 6.55c, November at 6.60@6.65c, December at 6.70@6.80c, March at 7@7.05c, May at 7.15@7.25c, July at 7.35c and September at 7.45@7.55c.

Clarksville Tobacco Market.

Clarksville, Tenn., Oct. 24.—The Clarksville tobacco market continued active during the week past, with an advancing tendency. The quality of tobacco offered was poor, but the buyers have had to take what they could get, the supply remaining in the warehouses being so small, so the demand has been good. The floors of the houses will soon be bare of the 1903 crop.

The report for the week was as follows:

	Hhds.
Sales	205
Receipts	67

The tobacco planters are completing their county organization for the fight against the trust and in behalf of more equitable prices, and the reports from the rural districts of the dark belt of Tennessee and Kentucky indicate that the required 70 per cent. of the crop that must be secured before the constitution of the Protective Association becomes operative will be pledged to the support of this movement.

The following were the quotations prevailing for the week past:

Low lugs	$3 25@ 3 75
Common lugs	3 75@ 4 00
Medium lugs	4 00@ 4 25
Good lugs	4 50@ 5 00
Low leaf	4 75@ 5 50
Common leaf	5 50@ 6 75
Medium leaf	7 00@ 8 00
Good leaf	10 00@11 50
Selections	None offered

Naval Stores.

Savannah, Oct. 24.—Spirits of turpentine firm at 52c. Rosin firm: A, B, C $2.52½; D $2.57½; E $2.62½; F $2.67½; G $2.72½; H $2.85; I $3; K $3.75; M $4.25; N $4.40; window glass $4.65; water white $5.

Wilmington, Oct. 24.—Spirits of turpentine, nothing doing. Rosin firm at $2.45. Tar firm at $1.60. Crude turpentine firm at $2.50, $3.80 and $3.80.

Charleston, Oct. 24.—Turpentine and rosin, nothing doing.

St. Louis Wool.

St. Louis, Oct. 24.—Wool steady; medium grades, combing and clothing 20@26c; light fine 18@20c; heavy fine 16@17c; tub-washed 22@36c.

Oil Quotations.

Oil City, Oct. 24.—Credit balances $1.56; certificates, no bid; shipments 125,506 bbls., average 76,110; runs 102,417, average 70,465; shipments (Lima) 118,358, average 69,339; runs (Lima) 122,133, average 61,914.

Visible Supply of Grain.

New York, Oct. 24.—The visible supply of grain Saturday, October 22, as compiled by the New York Produce Exchange, was as follows: Wheat 24,635,000 bu., increase 1,236,000; corn 5,440,000 bu., decrease 759,000; oats 24,435,000 bu., increase 647,000; rye 1,651,000 bu., increase 133,000; barley 6,052,000 bu., increase 487,000.

Liverpool Grain.

Liverpool, Oct. 24.—Wheat—Spot nominal. Futures quiet; December 7s 5d; March 7s 6⅛d. Corn—Spot, American mixed steady at 4s 6⅛d. Futures quiet; December 4s 7⅛d; January 4s 3⅝d. Hops at London (Pacific coast) firm at £8@£8 15s.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

MONETARY.

Monday Evening, Oct. 24.—The last week of October opened briskly with the banks. Besides the usually heavy run of mail and counter business there was a good demand for money from healthful sources. Money for commercial houses is to be had at 5@6 per cent.

New York exchange is stiffening and is quoted at par, at which price it can easily be sold.

The report of the Clearing-house to-day was as follows:

Day's clearing	$1,863,517
Balance	285,363

The local security market opened with a continuance of last week's activity, notably in the form of a demand for good bonds and traction stocks, these finding a ready sale and at advancing prices. Rochester Railway and Light 5s were in good request and sold as high as 94¼ and interest. The preferred stock of this company sold at 79¼. The common is quoted at 45 bid and 45½ asked. International Traction is again in demand. There are bids in the market at 18½, but 20 is the asked price. San Francisco common sold to-day at 16½. There is a demand for Home Telephone 5s around 78 and a speculative inquiry for the stock. Louisville Traction common is scarce and is stronger, being quoted at 72@72¼. Detroit United opened in New York to-day at 74¼ and closed at 74⅝. Toledo opened at 27 and closed at 26½. There was nothing doing in the St. Louis issues.

Louisville having no exchange where daily prices for securities are established, the following sales reported to-day are published for what they may be worth:

$22,000 Rochester Ry. and Light 5s	*94
$10,000 Rochester Ry. and Light 5s	*94¼
$6,000 Rochester Ry. and Light 5s	*94⅜
$5,000 Rochester Ry. and Light 5s	*93⅞
$7,000 L. and N. unified 4s	102½
$5,000 St. Louis United Ry. 4s	84⅜
$11,500 L., H. and St. L. 5s	*111½
$5,000 L., H. and St. L. 5s	*111
$8,000 L., H. and St. L. 5s	*111¼
$2,000 Home Telephone 5s	80
15 shares Rochester Ry. pfd.	100¼
285 shares Springfield Ry. and Light	41
10 shares Louisville Traction com.	72
50 shares Home Telephone Co.	20⅜
50 shares Louisville Heat'g Co. com.	40
100 shares Detroit United Ry.	74½
100 shares International Traction com.	17¾
100 shares Rochester Ry. and L. com.	45¼
100 shares New Orleans Railway com.	10
50 shares Rochester Ry. and L. pfd.	79¼
100 shares San Francisco common	16⅜

*And interest.

A Toledo newspaper hostile to the Toledo Railways and Light declares that ten of the sixteen members of the Council are believed to be in favor of the franchise along the lines demanded by the company and names them. Four of these are named as being squarely opposed to any six-for-a-quarter ticket ordinance, holding out for eight tickets for a quarter. This leaves two Councilmen in doubt. The paper intimates that they are inclined to take the view of the traction company. The Toledo Times asserts that a new company has been formed by Toledo business men to bid on the street railway franchise, naming President C. E. B. Lawson, of the Chamber of Commerce, as one of them. So far the incorporation papers have not been filed, though the Times says they were mailed to Columbus last Thursday night. The Times says this company will go before Council and ask that the street car franchise be "sold" to the lowest bidder on fares; that is the company which offers to carry people cheapest is to get the franchise. Such a franchise as is now pending with the substitution of a lower fare clause would suit the new company.

Claude Ashbrook, of Cincinnati, who for two years has been a consistent "bull" on Detroit United, in giving his reasons for his belief that the rise in the stock is not yet over, says he learns from a director that the company is completing arrangements for the sale of some of its treasury bonds to take up underlying bonds. These bonds have lain in the treasury for some time, the company declining to market them until it received what the directors deemed a fair price. The assertion is also made that there is every assurance that next year the policy of gradually increasing the dividend on the stock will be inaugurated and that eventually it will pay 6 per cent., which it can safely do, it is asserted.

An inquiry as to what was the nature of the buying in the stock market, and how it compared with previous weeks, was made this week of large investment houses having widely scattered connections. One firm maintaining an elaborate wire service reported a decided increase in out-of-town business, but said it was very difficult to identify orders sent in by private investors in distinction from those originating with purely speculative interests. An international house that never carries a margined account received orders this week from conservative clients that would not commit themselves two and three weeks ago. Naturally, however, the great bulk of the new business reported was one on margin and with borrowed money. Houses that in a large share of this week's out-of-town business reported that very few orders to buy stocks outright had been received. This was generally admitted; it shows, of course, that actual investment buying by people of moderate means is at present not figuring very largely.—(New York Post.

WALL STREET BRIEFS.

Belief growing in ultimate merger of Metropolitan and Interborough.

Copper trade reports indicate expanding demand for the metal all over the world.

United States Steel will declare regular dividend on preferred to-morrow, showing approximately $19,000,000 net earnings and increase in unfilled orders.

Steel men report finished products selling slowly.

American Locomotive officials say business is improving.

One hundred and two roads for August show an average net increase of 5.48 per cent.

Forty roads for the second week of October show an average gross increase of 7.33 per cent.

Fair demand for stocks in loan crowd.

London fortnightly settlement begins to-morrow.

Bank statement indicates at least two-thirds of crop currency movement completed.

Twelve Industrials advanced .62 per cent.

MARKET LETTERS.

New York.—London selling has been very heavy comparatively. The London market was not at all confident at its 2 p. m. range of quotation, and the strength of the first hour here made many opportunities for arbitrage at a difference of one-half of 1 per cent. occasionally in big lots. The leaders of the market here absorbed all international stocks, and the way in which they have been taken, absorbing not only the London selling, but a very heavy home profit taking, is the feature to-day. United States Steels, however, were heavy, leading to believe that some comparatively inside interests long of probably 100,000 shares have been taking profits in the last four days.—(Ex. Norton & Co. to J. J. B. Hilliard & Son.

New York.—The stupidity of an Admiral in attacking an English fleet and killing many and sinking several vessels, while a serious matter, will unquestionably cause some reparation to be made by Russia. Hence it is not a menace to our stock market. The small margin trader will run at the opening, but we can expect activity to continue on the upward side of the market in specialties. A healthy reaction would be welcomed here in Wall street, and this may come in the next day or two, in which case good dividend paying stocks will be a buy again.—(Hutton & Co. to E. H. Morgan & Co.

New York.—There was some hesitancy in prices during the first hour. The remainder of the day the market was strong, accompanied by buying of the dividend-paying stocks. Higher prices are looked for to-morrow.—(Kelley, Miller & Co. to Almstedt Bros.

New York.—The new week began with a demonstration of confidence in the stock market which should set at rest all questions of its stability and should result in the development of a more general bullish feeling. Considerable apprehension was excited before the opening by the publication of sensational reports of an international outrage committed by Russian warships by firing upon and sinking some British fishing vessels in the North sea, and at first this incident appeared to threaten serious complications between Russia and Great Britain, and the latter has forwarded a strong letter to St. Petersburg, which will undoubtedly bring immediate response of some suitable apology and reparation. The incident is regrettable and has a disturbing influence upon the London securities markets and caused heavy foreign selling of American stocks, our market being called upon to absorb about 75,000 shares of the international issues. Some irregularity and slightly lower prices characterized the opening, but it was obvious that the large supporting orders had been placed in the active stocks, and on the execution of these and of accumulated orders from outside the market hardened and prices advanced rather sharply during the first hour. Later there was some hesitation and a rather sharp reaction. In the afternoon, however, there was renewed aggressive buying in the Eries, Ontario and Western, Union Pacific, Southern Pacific, Rock Island and Pennsylvania, and under the leadership of these stocks the market worked higher. Profit taking in the latter trading caused some reaction from the high level, but the undertone continued strong and sentiment remains bullish. The volume of trading was very heavy, and the total for the day will not fall far short of 2,000,000 shares. The ability of the market to absorb profit taking sales and to advance under continued buying is a demonstration of its stability and indication of still higher prices. Reactions will occur, and on such recessions we favor purchases of the standard stocks.—(T. A. McIntyre & Co. to W. L. Lyons & Co.

New York.—The solid underlying strength of the market was demonstrated to-day, when support was extended to reassure the more timid bulls. At the opening there was considerable public liquidation noted, and the professional traders were inclined to work on the short side. The pressure was quickly overcome by the appearance of a great volume of buying orders from substantial sources, which easily absorbed all offerings, and prices began to advance. Bullish sentiment revived and notable gains were scored by nearly all the active issues. As a result of the market to-day the enthusiasm of the bulls has increased and higher prices are everywhere confidently predicted. No serious anxiety is felt over the North sea incident, and it is generally thought that the matter will be settled within twenty-four hours. There was no specific news to justify the upward trend of the list or in any of the specialties, the day's advance being regarded chiefly as a demonstration by the dominant market powers that they still control the situation and intend to carry the bull campaign further.—(A. O. Brown & Co. to Hunt, Bridgeford & Co.

New York.—The stock market opened fairly firm, considering the alarming news from London that the Russians had fired on a British fishing fleet, sinking one and killing several fishermen, declines only averaging a point, Reading being the worst sufferer, dropping a point. Missouri Pacific, Union Pacific, Copper, Canadian Pacific, Atchison, Wabash and Chesapeake and Ohio were among the weak features at the opening. Soon after the opening the incident was forgotten and a rally took place all around the room. Ontario and Western, Erie, St. Paul, Sugar, Copper and the Smelters lead, all gaining about a point. Sub-treasury lost $230,000 to the banks Saturday, and since last Friday have lost $325,000. Sales to noon were 974,500 shares. Mexican Central was up 1⅝ on the floating of the Mexican Government's $40,000,000 gold loan. Ontario and Western turned very strong, selling up to 46 from an opening of 42. A story is going around that New York-New Haven has control and will guarantee a 3 per cent. dividend for the stock. If that is so it should sell still higher. There has been good buying in Colorado Fuel and Iron lately, and it is tipped for higher prices. It is also said that Rock Island interests have taken hold of their specialties and that the common will sell at 40 by the end of the week. In the afternoon the market turned decidedly strong, with Union Pacific leading, that stock making a new high record, selling up to 108½. Near the close a little realizing appeared, carrying the market off fractionally from the high point, but at that it closed decidedly strong. Money on call 2 per cent.—(Ware & Leland.

New York.—A remarkable demonstration of strength and bull control was furnished by the course of the market to-day. The foreign news relating to the Russian outrage in the North sea was of a character to excite alarm, or at least anxiety, and even though the London markets for grain, cotton and securities failed to show any alarming conditions the international episode was of a character to leave the door open to future unfavorable developments. Almost at the start, however, evidence was furnished that no serious reaction was to be permitted in current speculation, and before the day was over many excited and important advances took place. Erie shares were strong features. The common advanced over 2 per cent. and held it well to the end. Other coalers recovered sharply from early weakness. Ontario and Western scored again nearly 4 per cent. Rock Island and Mexican Central were afternoon features, and both scored good gains. In the later dealing there was heavy buying of Harriman Pacific stocks at advances of over a point. London was a heavy seller on balance. The industrial list showed irregular and the local traction list, after early good strength, reacted. The market closed active and strong in spite of some trace of irregularity.—(John L. Dunlap.

STOCK MARKET REVIEW.

New York, Oct. 24.—Money on call steady at 1¾@2 per cent.; closing bid 1¾; offered at 2; time loans easy; 60 days 3 per cent.; 90 days and six months 3½; prime mercantile paper 4@5. Sterling exchange strong, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.8625@4.8630 for demand and at $4.8390@4.84 for 60-day bills; posted rates $4.84½ and $4.87; commercial bills $4.83⅝@4.83¾. Bar silver 58¼c. Mexican dollars 46¼c. Government bonds steady. Railroad bonds irregular.

The load of speculative enthusiasm proved itself sufficiently strong in to-day's stock market to sweep up the usual Monday morning realizing sales and to wipe out the sentimental effect of the Anglo-Russian friction growing out of the damage by the Russian fleet to the North Sea fishing fleet. This incident, besides the sentiment effect of the fears of resulting hostilities, had a substantial result in the outpouring here of large offerings of stocks for the London account. The weight of this selling was somewhat aggravated by the inviting level of prices maintained by the supporting tactics at the opening here, which offered such a profit on arbitrage with the depressed London price level that the cable was kept busy with orders to sell here against purchases in London. It was accepted as a decisive demonstration of the strength of the speculative portion here and the power of the interests supporting the market that the Monday morning movement to take profits could be deferred until the sustaining measures against the foreign depression could be made effective. It was on the reaction from the rally by supporting orders that the profit-taking sales were most formidable and most urgent, and they proved sufficiently heavy to affect the whole market and to cause rather striking breaches in the price level at different points.

After this gain the shift of the successive demand back of the Pacifics and the substantial advance of the general level of prices served to confirm the speculative confidence in the inflowing tide of the demand for stocks. That the Anglo-Russian incident did not break the demand went far to reassure speculative sentiment that the market was not yet in that vulnerable position which inevitably results from the inflation of a prolonged speculation and the resultant instability leading to a toppling over of values. The dominant influence in the speculation was the credit given to stories of deals as a consequence of the Ontario and Western incident. That stock made flights to new high levels on the surmises regarding the terms of its transfer to New Haven. The movement in various top-priced railroad stocks was plainly based on the supposition that the financial and railroad powers were committed to a working out of interchange of control and the absorption of minor railroads even at prices considerably above the market at the considerations that prompted the Burlington purchase and the L. and N. settlement. The old transcontinental settlement stories were revived in the same connection.

Given so wide a field of conjecture and plausible suggestion and it is needless to traverse in detail the different movements of the day growing out of it. Railroad officials continue optimistic over traffic and report car shortage at various points. Complaint to trunk lines of rate cutting on west-bound freight was an odd appendage to these traffic reports.

Westinghouse Electric suffered from the projected new debenture issue. The persistent heaviness of the United States Steel issues on the eve of the quarterly meeting of directors and the action on the dividend gives additional interest to that meeting. The sharp recovery in foreign exchange was attributed to the storm in political outlook abroad, but was emphasized by the large sales of stocks here for London account. The movement aroused suppositions that gold might go from here to Paris. The market closed slightly irregular, but animated and generally strong.

Bank Clearings.

St. Louis, Oct. 24.—(Special.)—Clearings $12,002,446; balances $1,296,535. Call money 4½@6 per cent. New York exchange 15c discount bid, 10c discount asked.

Memphis, Oct. 24.—(Special.)—Clearings $1,384,257.51. New York exchange $1 discount buying, $1 premium selling.

Chicago, Oct. 24.—(Special.)—Clearings $32,066,899; balances $2,687,589. New York exchange 10c discount.

Cincinnati, Oct. 24.—(Special.)—Clearings $4,269,650. Money 3@5½ per cent. New York exchange 15c discount.

New Orleans, Oct. 24.—Clearings $2,272,120. New York exchange: Bank par; commercial 75c@$1 discount.

STOCK QUOTATIONS.

	Sales.	High-est.	Low-est.	Cls'g Bid.
Atchison	40,300	87	85¾	86¾
Do preferred	4,400	102¼	101¾	101⅞
B. and O.	1,400	95	94⅝	94⅞
Do preferred	300	96	96	96
Brooklyn Rapid T.	19,200	69	67¾	68⅝
Canadian Pacific	6,800	135¼	134¾	134⅞
Central of N. J.	....	....	....	182
C. and O.	17,800	47	45¾	46⅞
C. and A.	....	....	....	38
Do preferred	....	....	....	80
Chicago Gt. West.	26,700	24¾	23	23⅝
C. and N. W.	3,200	195	192⅝	193½
C., M. and St. P.	23,200	172½	171	171⅝
Do preferred	100	184	184	183
Chicago T. and T.	400	8	8	7
Do preferred	1,700	17½	16¾	16⅞
C., C., C. & St. L.	300	85½	85	84⅞
Colorado Southern	3,000	23⅞	23⅛	23⅞
Do 1st pref.	500	55½	55⅛	55
Do 2d pref.	800	30⅞	30¼	30⅝
Del. and Hudson	6,400	178⅞	177½	178½
D., L. and W.	700	295½	295½	293¼
D. and R. G.	100	31	31	30½
Do preferred	900	84	84	83½
Erie	256,400	41	38¾	40⅞
Do 1st pref.	8,400	74¼	73½	73⅞
Do 2d pref.	5,800	54¼	52½	53⅝
Hocking Valley	200	82½	82½	82
Do preferred	200	89½	89½	89
Illinois Central	1,600	145	144¼	144¼
Iowa Central	100	28	28	28
Do preferred	300	50	49¼	49
K. C. Southern	3,200	29⅝	28⅞	29
Do preferred	1,100	51	50	50½
L. and N.	6,300	136½	135	135⅝
Manhattan L.	6,500	163½	161⅝	161
Met. Securities	3,700	85½	85⅛	85¼
Met. St. Ry.	15,900	128⅝	123⅝	127¼
Minn. and St. L.	500	62	61	61
M., St. P. & Sault Ste. Marie	4,000	86	84	86
Do preferred	300	137	137	136
Missouri Pacific	40,900	105¼	103⅝	104½
M., K. and T.	8,100	32	31⅛	31⅞
Do preferred	5,300	59⅝	58	59
Mexican Central	51,600	19⅝	17¼	19¼
Nat. Ry. Mex pf.	8,300	42⅞	41⅝	41½
N. Y. Central	4,400	135¼	134½	134
Norfolk and West.	4,400	73¼	72	73¼
Do preferred	....	....	....	90
Ontario and West.	106,300	46	42	45¼
Pennsylvania	64,000	137⅝	136⅝	137¼
P., C., C. & St. L.	100	74	74	74
Reading	80,600	76⅞	75⅝	76⅝
Do 1st pref.	100	88⅝	88⅝	87⅞
Do 2d pref.	200	81	81	80½
Rock Island Co.	143,700	33⅝	31⅞	33⅛
Do preferred	3,300	74½	73⅝	74¼
St.L. & S.F. 2d pf.	1,500	63⅝	63⅝	63¼
St. L. Southwest.	2,400	21	20⅞	20⅞
Do preferred	3,400	50½	49	49⅝
Southern Pacific	93,400	63	61¼	62⅝
Do preferred	1,200	116½	115⅞	116¼
Southern Railway	112,100	36⅝	35½	36¼
Do preferred	1,200	95½	95	95⅛
Texas and Pacific	6,400	35⅝	35	35⅜
T., St. L. and W.	....	....	....	31⅞
Do preferred	1,200	50⅞	50	50⅝
Union Pacific	113,500	109½	108⅝	108⅝
Do preferred	300	95	95	94⅞
Wabash	3,500	22¼	21⅞	22½
Do preferred	2,500	44⅛	43¼	43⅞
W. and L. E.	500	20¼	19½	19½
Wisconsin Central	3,300	24⅛	23	23¼
Do preferred	1,400	47	46	46⅝

Express Companies.

	Sales.	High-est.	Low-est.	Cls'g Bid.
Adams	....	....	....	240
American	....	....	....	206
United States	....	....	....	115
Wells-Fargo	200	236	236	230

Industrials.

	Sales.	High-est.	Low-est.	Cls'g Bid.
Amal. Copper	84,900	68½	66⅞	67¼
Am. Car & F'dry	1,100	27¼	26⅝	26⅞
Do preferred	200	84½	84½	83
Am'n Cotton Oil	1,500	32⅞	31⅝	31½
Do preferred	....	....	....	92
American Ice	800	8⅝	8	8¼
Do preferred	2,300	37	35	35
Am'n Linseed Oil	....	....	....	13½
Do preferred	....	....	....	35
Am'n Locomotive	4,600	29	28	28¾
Do preferred	700	100	99⅛	99
Am. Smelt. & Ref.	39,700	72½	70⅛	72½
Do preferred	2,700	115	111¼	114⅝
Am. Sugar Ref'g	53,900	139¼	136½	138¾
Ana. Mining Co.	500	99	99	98
Col. Fuel and I.	28,300	42	40⅜	41⅝
Consolidated Gas	7,900	217	215½	215⅝
Corn Products	600	17⅞	17½	17½
Do preferred	700	77	75¾	75
Dist. Securities	2,200	33⅞	33⅛	33
Gen. Electric	1,200	177	175½	176
Internat'l Paper	1,300	18⅝	18	18
Do preferred	200	77½	77½	77¼
Internat'l Pump	100	37	37	37
Do preferred	....	....	....	74
National Lead	3,100	25	24	24
North American	500	95¼	95	96
Pacific Mail	1,100	39⅞	39	39¼
People's Gas	11,600	109¼	108⅝	109¼
Pressed Steel Car	8,400	37⅞	36	35⅞
Do preferred	500	81⅝	81½	81¼
Pullman Pal. Car	....	....	....	225
Republic Steel	1,700	12⅝	12	12⅜
Do preferred	3,200	51⅝	50⅝	51⅜
Rubber Goods	2,200	23	22⅜	22⅝
Do preferred	....	....	....	84½
Tenn. Coal and I.	3,100	57½	56¼	56⅝
U. S. Leather	16,600	13⅝	13	13⅜
Do preferred	1,000	92¼	91⅝	91½
U.S. Realty & Imp.	....	....	....	63
U. S. Rubber	800	28¾	28½	28⅜
Do preferred	....	....	....	82½
U. S. Steel	48,700	21¼	20⅝	21
Do preferred	61,400	82½	81	81¼
Westin'house Elec.	2,300	173	171⅝	171¾
Western Union	600	92	91⅝	91⅞

Total sales for the day, 1,855,200 shares.

BOND QUOTATIONS.

New York, Oct. 24.—Bonds were irregular. Total sales (par value) $8,230,000. U. S. bonds were unchanged on call.

The following are the closing bid prices on Government bonds:

U. S. Bonds.

2s, registered	104⅝
Do coupon	104⅝
3s, registered	104⅝
Do coupon	105⅝
New 4s, registered	130⅝
Do coupon	131
Old 4s, registered	106½
Do coupon	106½

Miscellaneous Bonds.

Atchison general 4s	102⅝
Do adjustment 4s	97½
Atlantic Coast Line 4s	98½
Baltimore and Ohio 4s	103¼
Do 3½s	95⅝
Central of Georgia 5s	113
Do first income	88
Chesapeake and Ohio 4½s	106
Chicago and Alton 3½s	*81
Chicago, Burlington and Quincy new 4s	98¼
Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul gen. 4s	109⅝
Chicago and Northwestern consol. 7s	128⅝
Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific 4s	78
Do collateral 5s	83¼
C., C., C. and St. Louis general 4s	*102½
Chicago Terminal 4s	81
Consolidated Tobacco 4s	75
Colorado and Southern 4s	87⅝
Colorado Fuel 5s	*81½
Denver and Rio Grande 4s	101⅝
Erie prior lien 4s	100
Do general 4s	89¼
Fort Worth and Denver City firsts	111
Hocking Valley 4½s	108¾
Louisville and Nashville unified 4s	102⅝
Manhattan consolidated gold 4s	105¼
Mexican Central 4s	74
Do first income	22¾
Minneapolis and St. Louis 4s	96
Missouri, Kansas and Texas 4s	102
Do seconds	85¾
National Railway of Mexico consol. 4s	80
New York Central general 3½s	100½
New Jersey Central general 5s	134¼
Northern Pacific 4s	105¼
Do 3s	75½
Norfolk and Western consol. 4s	101
Oregon Short Line 4s and participating	102
Pennsylvania convertible 3½s	103
Reading general 4s	101½
St. Louis and Iron Mountain consol. 5s	115¾
St. Louis and San Francisco fdg. 4s	86½
St. Louis Southwestern firsts	100
Seaboard Air Line 4s	81
Southern Pacific 4s	94⅝
Southern Railway 5s	118⅜
Texas and Pacific firsts	*122
Toledo, St. Louis and Western 4s	82
Union Pacific 4s	105⅝
Do convertible 4s	110¼
United States Steel second 5s	87½
Wabash firsts	119
Do debenture Bs	[illegible]
Wheeling and Lake Erie 4s	91¼
Wisconsin Central 4s	*92⅛

*Offered.

FOREIGN FINANCIAL.

London, Oct. 24.—Trading on the Stock Exchange to-day opened generally flat and excited on the North Sea incident, although there was no disposition to take an exaggerated view of the situation. The market soon recovered and became quiet. Russian and Japanese securities weakened, but the former closed with a better tone on Paris support. Imperial Japanese Government 6s of 1904 were quoted at 94½. Money was ample for all emergencies in the market to-day, though a fraction dearer. Discounts hardened on the continued weakness of continental exchanges. Dealings in the stock market were mostly confined to the adjustment of speculative positions. Consols dropped 5-16 at first, but rallied at noon and closed steady. Home rails were quoted lower, but there was little selling, and they improved and became somewhat firmer, but remained unsettled on profit-taking. They hardened during the last hour and closed firm. Erie was the feature. Consols for money 88⅝; do for the account 88 7-16, Anaconda 5; Atchison 88⅝; do preferred 104⅝; Baltimore and Ohio 97⅝; Canadian Pacific 138¼; Chesapeake and Ohio 47; Chicago Great Western 24⅝; Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul 175½; De Beers 18¼; Denver and Rio Grande 32¼; do preferred 86; Erie 41; do 1st preferred 76¼; do 2d preferred 55; Illinois Central 149; Louisville and Nashville 140; Missouri, Kansas and Texas 32⅝; New York Central 137⅜; Norfolk and Western 75½; do preferred 93; Ontario and Western 44½; Pennsylvania 70⅝; Rand Mines 10⅝; Reading 39½; do 1st preferred 45; do 2d preferred 41; Southern Railway 37; do preferred 98; Southern Pacific 63⅝; Union Pacific 109⅝; do preferred 97½; United States Steel 21⅝; do preferred 84⅝; Wabash 22¼; do preferred 45; Spanish 4s 87⅝. Bar silver steady at 26 13-16d per ounce. Money 1¼@1½ per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 2⅝ per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for three-months' bills is 2½@2⅝ per cent.

Paris, Oct. 24.—Trading on the Bourse to-day was calm and prices were firm. The Anglo-Russian incident did not seriously affect the market. Russians were steady. Russian Imperial 4s were quoted at 94 and Russian bonds of 1904 at 51.3. The private rate of discount was 2 11-16 per cent. Three per cent. rentes 98f 7½c for the account. Exchange on London 25f 10c for checks.

Berlin, Oct. 24.—Trading on the Boerse to-day was irregular, but quotations were pretty well maintained. Exchange on London 20 marks 34½ pfgs. for checks. Discount rates: Short bills 4 per cent.; three months' bills 4⅛ per cent.

NEW YORK BOND SALES

(Reported by John L. Dunlap.)

Bonds	Amount	Price
Adams Exp. Co. col. tr. 4s.	$2,000	102⅝
	$2,000	102½
Atchison gen. 4s.	$1,000	102⅝
	$15,000	102½
	$26,000	102⅝
	$5,000	102¾
Atchison adj. 4s.	$20,000	97½
Atch. adj. 4s, stamped.	$10,000	95¼
	$45,000	95½
Atch. E. Ok. Div. 4s.	$5,000	97¼
	$8,000	97⅜
A. C. L. con. 4s.	$38,000	98⅝
	$10,000	98½
	$10,000	98¼
B. and O. 3½s.	$5,000	95⅝
B. and O. 4s.	$1,000	103¼
	$5,000	103½
B. R. T. 4s.	$8,000	84⅝
	$13,000	84¾
	$52,000	84
B. R. T. 5s.	$10,000	107
Brook. Union El. 1st 5s.	$1,000	117
Canada Southern 1st 5s.	$2,000	103⅝
	$3,000	104
Cen. Ga. con. 5s.	$15,000	113
Cen. Ga. 1st income.	$5,000	88
	$3,000	89
Cen. Ga. 2d income.	$25,000	68½
	$5,000	61
	$10,000	62
Cen. Ga. 3d income.	$2,000	48½
	$17,000	48¾
	$22,000	49
Cen. Pac. 1st ref. 4s.	$5,000	101⅞
	$28,000	101⅝
C. and O. 4½s.	$11,000	106
	$1,000	105¼
C. and O. ref. 1sts.	$1,000	103
C. and A. 3s.	$5,000	83
C., B. and Q. Div. 3s.	$3,000	101½
C., B. and Q. Iowa 4s.	$1,000	100¼
C., B. and Q. Joint 4s.	$14,000	98¾
	$21,000	98
	$27,000	98⅛
	$26,000	98¼
	$10,000	98⅜
	$3,000	97
C., R. I. and P. gen. 4s.	$1,000	105¼
	$2,000	104⅝
C., R. I. and P. 4s.	$22,000	77½
	$57,000	77⅜
	$159,000	77¼
C., R. I. and P. col. 5s.	$5,000	87
	$35,000	87¼
	$2,000	87⅛
	$50,000	87½
C. T. and T. 4s.	$1,000	80½
	$4,000	81
C. F. and I. g. m. 5s.	$8,000	101⅞
Col. Midland 4s.	$5,000	69¾
	$12,000	69½
	$3,000	69¼
	$69,000	68¾
Colorado Southern 4s.	$42,000	88
	$3,000	87⅞
Con. Gas C. D. P. 6s.	$26,000	191⅞
	$44,000	192
	$1,000	190⅝
	$2,000	191
	$4,000	190
	$9,000	190⅝
Con. Tobacco 4s.	$280,000	75½
	$2,000	75⅝
	$133,000	75¾
	$20,000	75¼
	$40,000	75⅝
	$61,000	75⅜
	$109,000	75
	$121,000	74⅝
	$15,000	74⅞
	$92,000	74⅝
	$152,000	74½
	$95,000	74¼
Cont. col. 1sts.	$7,000	108⅝
	$8,000	108⅜
	$2,000	108⅜
	$10,000	107
	$5,000	107¾
Dist. Securities 5s.	$3,000	74¾
	$24,000	74
	$4,000	73⅞
Erie gen. lien 4s.	$1,000	89
	$50,000	89¼
	$16,000	89⅜
	$20,000	89⅝
Erie prior lien 4s.	$2,000	100
Erie-Penn. col. tr.	$25,000	93
Ft. W. and R. G. 1sts.	$1,000	84½
Ill. Central 4s, 1953.	$7,000	104
Japan 6s.	$107,000	99¼
	$8,000	99⅜
	$25,000	99⅛
K. C.-Ft. S. and M. 4s.	$24,000	85⅝
	$8,000	85½
K. C. Southern 3s.	$11,000	72
Kings Co. El. 4s.	$5,000	92⅞
	$1,000	93
Lackawanna Steel 5s.	$5,000	101¼
L. S. and M. S. 3½s.	$1,000	100⅞
	$2,000	100
L. S. and M. S. deb 4s.	$38,000	100
L. and N. col. tr. 4s.	$10,000	97⅜
	$5,000	97½
L. and N. unified 4s.	$14,000	102½
	$1,000	102⅝
	$2,000	102¾
Manhattan 4s.	$15,000	105½
Met. St. Ry. 5s.	$29,000	118⅛
Mex. Cen. 4s.	$4,000	74
Mex. Cen. con. 1st inc.	$66,000	22¼
	$28,000	22
	$64,000	22½
	$47,000	22⅜
	$30,000	23
	$43,000	22¾
Mex. Cen. 2d income.	$2,000	15½
	$10,000	15¼
	$11,000	15⅝
	$27,000	15⅞
	$5,000	16
	$111,000	16¼
	$10,000	16⅜
	$30,000	16½
	$30,000	16⅜
	$15,000	16⅞
	$20,000	17
	$7,000	17¾
	$12,000	17¼
M., K. and T. 4s.	$3,000	102
M., K. and T. 2d 4s.	$3,000	85⅝
	$10,000	85½
	$2,000	85⅜
M., K. and T. of T. 5s.	$2,000	106
M., K. and T. 1st ex. 5s.	$10,000	105¼
Nat. Ry. of Mexico.	$145,000	90
N. Y. C. and H. R. 3½s.	$18,000	100⅛
	$70,000	100½
N. Y. C.-L. S. col. tr. 3½s.	$5,000	90½
	$4,000	90⅜
	$4,000	90⅝
N. Y. C.-M. C. 3½s.	$2,000	88½
	$12,000	89
N. Y. C. and St. L. 4s.	$3,000	104
N. Y. Gas, El. L., H. and P. 4s.	$10,000	94⅝
	$2,000	94½
N. Y. S. and W. g. m. 5s.	$1,000	106
N. and W. 4s.	$10,000	101
N. and W. Pe. 4s.	$1,000	95
	$70,000	94¾
N. P. prior lien 4s.	$50,000	101⅝
O. S. L. 4s and partic'l.	$15,000	99¼
	$147,000	99½
	$42,000	99⅜
	$17,000	99⅝
	$221,000	100
	$31,000	100¼
	$1,000	100⅛
	$110,000	100⅝
	$10,000	100¾
	$50,000	101
	$28,000	101⅛
	$10,000	102
O. S. L. 5s.	$5,000	117½
	$20,000	118
	$10,000	118¼
O. S. L. 6s.	$5,000	125
Penn. convertible 3½s.	$10,000	108
Penn. G. and C.	$1,000	128
Reading gen. 4s.	$3,000	101½
	$1,000	101⅝
	$1,000	101½
Reading-N. J. col. tr. 4s.	$19,000	95⅞
Reading W. 4s.	$5,000	88⅝
St. L. and S. F. ref. 4s.	$43,000	85½
St. L. and S.W. con. 4s.	$10,000	79⅝
	$150,000	80
	$7,000	80⅛
	$2,000	80⅜
	$5,000	80⅝
	$27,000	81
Southern Railway 5s.	$2,000	118½
	$10,000	118⅝
S. R. and T. income.	$5,000	3½
T., St. L. and W. 4s.	$13,000	82
	$5,000	82¼
Union Pacific 4s.	$3,000	105¾
U. P. convertible 4s.	$192,000	109
	$25,000	108⅞
	$80,000	109⅛
	$55,000	109¼
	$50,000	108⅞
	$157,000	109¼
	$74,000	109⅛
	$233,000	110
	$128,000	110¼
	$202,000	110⅛
	$50,000	109⅞
	$90,000	110⅛
	$20,000	110½
United Rys. S. F. 4s.	$40,000	86⅜
	$1,000	87
U. S. Realty 5s.	$5,000	89¼
U. S. Steel s. f. 5s.	$31,000	87⅝
	$72,000	87¼
	$143,000	87½
	$304,000	87⅝
	$83,000	87⅜
Wabash deb. Bs.	$49,000	67
	$10,000	67½
	$30,000	67⅝
	$70,000	67¼
	$20,000	67⅜
Western Union 4½s.	$5,000	106
	$3,000	106¼
	$2,000	106½
W. and L. E. con. 4s.	$1,000	91¼

Total sales (par value) $8,231,000.

MOVEMENT LEADING ARTICLES

Louisville Board of Trade, Oct. 24, 1904.—Movement of leading articles by rail and river during the past twenty-four hours and corresponding time last year:

ARTICLES.	Rec'd 1904.	Ship'd 1904.	Rec'd 1903.	Ship'd 1903.
Ag'l impl'ts, lbs.	20,000	257,185	2,400	202,926
Bagging, lbs.	....	1,000	100	1,140
Boots and shoes, cases	381	449	462	599
Coffee, lbs.	51,300	34,635	74,605	29,520
Cotton, bales	33	5	67	3
Flour, bbls.	877	2,194	210	3,333
Furniture, lbs.	24,850	230,085	14,810	135,405
Barley, bush.	1,800	....	....	....
Corn, bush.	31,165	51,030	39,390	27,890
Malt, bush.	....	2,050	....	1,550
Oats, bush.	2,700	8,600	19,900	2,200
Rye, bush.	3,200	1,100	800	1,500
Wheat, bush.	12,220	3,900	37,930	2,800
Hardware, pkgs.	393	5,270	1,210	4,397
Hay, tons	340	10	231	22
Bacon, lbs.	76,135	149,325	....	137,605
Hams, lbs.	....	13,615	....	10,175
Lard, lbs.	24,000	92,190	1,650	64,300
Pig iron, tons	131	58	372	28
Leather, lbs.	400	20,355	4,940	18,070
Nails, kegs	1,018	539	648	476
Apples, gr., bbls.	921	1,006	1,631	419
Onions, bbls.	175	119	200	402
Potatoes, bbls.	800	378	435	275
Seed, grass and clover, lbs.	4,575	26,508	42,533	29,513
Soap, lbs.	55,340	95,515	2,010	155,710
Sugar, bbls.	960	440	800	465
Tobacco, leaf, hds.	99	315	57	121
Tobacco, mfd., lbs.	2,710	135,795	5,143	160,746
Whisky, bbls.	447	2,146	536	1,775
Wool, lbs.	....	26,650	32,680	11,471

LOCAL MARKETS.

(Unless otherwise specified, as in the case of produce, etc., handled by commission men or brokers without charge these quotations represent the prices charged by wholesale dealers of this city. Produce quotations represent the prices charged by shippers.)

BEANS—Northern hand-picked $1.90 per bu.; Indiana new beans $1.90 per bu.; Lima beans 5c per lb.; California pinks $2.30 per bu.; New York red kidneys $3.50 per bu.

CEMENT, LIME AND PLASTER—Portland cement $1.55@3.50 per bbl.; Louisville cement 13@87c per bbl.; lime 80c per bbl.; plaster Paris $1.55@2 per bbl.

CHEESE—New York cheddars 11c; Western cheddars 11c; full cream flats and twins 12c; full cream daisies 12½c; full cream, long horns 13c; skim goods 10@10½c.

COFFEE—Washed Guatemala 12½@13½c; Maracaibo 10½@12½c; Laguayra 10½@11½c; Mocha 19¾@23c; Java 24½@28c. Green Rios: Fancy 12½c; choice 11½c; prime 10½c; good 10c; roasting grades 10@12c; Santos 10½@15c.

FLOUR—Jobbing trade quotations are as follows: Minnesota spring patents $6.50@6.75 per bbl.; plain patents $6@6.50; straights $5.75@6; family $5; low grades $4.75; winter patents $6@6.25; winter straights $5.75@6; low grade $4@4.25; bolted meal $1.50 per 100 lbs.

FEATHERS—Prime white geese 48@49c per lb.; gray 35@39c; No. 1 old 35@38c; dark and mixed old goose 15@25c; white duck 38@40c; old and mixed duck 25@30c.

FOREIGN AND PACIFIC DRIED FRUITS—Currants, per lb. 7@8c; raisins, London layers, per box $1.50; Sultana raisins 12@13c per lb.; loose muscatels, in 50-lb. boxes 6@7c; prunes, California new 3@6½c; peaches 8@11c; pears 7@8c; figs, in layers 10@12c, in bags 7c per lb.; apricots 11@11½c; Persian dates 5c; Fard dates 8@9c; evaporated apples 6½c.

FIELD SEED—Selling prices from store. Choice timothy $1.30@1.40 per bu.; clover $7@7.50; orchard $1.30@1.45; bluegrass, fancy 75@80c; red top, fancy 5½@7c; rye 95c@$1; winter oats 60@65c. English bluegrass $1.40.

HAY—These quotations are for hay in car lots on track: Choice $14; clover hay $11@11.50; wheat straw $6@6.50; No. 1 $12.50@13; No. 2 $11.50@12. This is for baled hay; hay from store $1.50@2 per ton higher.

HIDES AND SKINS—These quotations are for Kentucky hides; Southern green hides ¼c lower. We quote assorted lots: Dry flint, No. 1 17½c; No. 2 15½c; dry salted, No. 1 14c; No. 2 13c; round lots of green salted beef hides 9c; round lots, dry 14@15c; dry kip and calf 15½c; green salted, No. 1 9¾c; No. 2 8¾c; kip and calf 8¾c; sheepskins, butchers' 75c@$1; country skins 40@80c; shearings 15@25c; shearings, dry 5@15c; lambskins 40@70c; horse hides, No. 1 large $3; No. 2 $2.

KRAUT—45-gallon casks $5; ½ bbl., 15 gallons, $2.25.

MILL OFFAL—In car lots: Bran $19.50@20; shorts $20.50@21. Prices are $1.50 per ton higher in bags.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS—Caramels 22c per gallon; New Orleans molasses, open kettle 38c; centrifugals 24@30c; sorghum 35@38c per gallon, according to quality.

NUTS—Dealers' prices as follows: Almonds 14c per lb.; filberts 10c; California walnuts 15¼c; French walnuts 12c; peanuts, fancy Virginia 6½c; choice Virginia 6c; Texas pecans 8@10c; home-grown pecans 10c; cocoanuts $3.25 per 100; mixed nuts 11c per lb.; Brazil nuts 10c; chestnuts 7@7½c.

OILS—Castor, No. 1 82c per gallon; No. 2 78c; linseed 40c for raw and 41c for boiled, 1c less in 5-bbl. lots; lard oil, winter strained 57c; extra No. 1 52c; No. 1 43c; No. 2 40c; gasoline, 87 degrees 19c; stove gasoline 12½c; benzine, 63 degrees 11½c; straits oil 35c; black oil 9@18c; golden machinery 12c; extra golden lubricator 25c; Corliss cylinder 35c; cotton-seed oil, refined 30c per gallon; coal oil, Kentucky test 11½c; Indiana 11½c; water white, 150 degrees 12½c; headlight, 175 test 13½c; turpentine 58c per gallon.

PAINTS AND COLORS—Strictly pure white and red lead 6½c per lb., less 2 per cent. discount for cash. Colors—Venetian red 1@1½c; yellow ochre ⅜c.

RICE—Louisiana, broken 3c per lb.; fancy 5¼c; Japan 4½c; Java 6c; Indian head 6¼c; Carolina head 5½c; fancy Patna 6c.

ROOTS—Clean ginseng, Kentucky $7@7.25 per lb.; Indiana $7@7.25; Southern ginseng $7@7.50; "Golden Seal" yellow root $1.15; Mayapple 4c; blood root 6c; Virginia snake root 30c; Seneca snake root 45c; pink root 12@13c; lady slipper 5c. Dealers do not want ginseng split, or strung, and washed before dried.

SALT—Delivered in dray load lots as follows: Ohio river 7-bu. bbl. $1.30; do 5-bu. bbl. $1.05; Michigan 7-bu. bbl. (medium) $1.30; do 5-bu. bbl. (medium) $1.04; do 5-bu. bbl. (fine) 97c; do 7-bu. bbl. $1.20; dairy salt $1.25@1.95 per bbl.; freezing salt, 200-lb. sack 65c.

TALLOW—No. 1 4½@4¾c; No. 2 3½@4c.

WINDOW GLASS—Discounts are now as follows from list October 1, 1903: First three bracket sizes 90 and 20 per cent.; all other sizes 90 and 15 per cent.

WOOL—Quotations are for Kentucky and Indiana wool. For Southern wool quotations are from 1c to 2c per lb. lower on grease wool: Burry 16@20c; clear grease 26@26½c; medium tub-washed 36@37c; coarse, dingy tub-washed 30@35c; black wool 23c.

REFINED SUGAR PRICES.

The following prices on refined sugars to retail merchants are believed to represent a fair range in the Louisville market:

Cyrstal dominos	6.90	8.10
Eagle tablets	6.85	7.10
Cut loaf	7.15	6.17
Crushed	7.20	....
Mould A	5.75	....
Cubes	5.70	7.72
XXXX powdered	6.60	5.72
Powdered	5.55	5.57
Fruit powdered	5.60	....
Standard granulated, bbls	5.40	5.25
Standard granulated, 100-lb. bags	5.40	....
Standard granulated, 2-lb. cartons	5.65	....
Standard granulated, 2-lb. bags	5.65	5.77
Diamond A	5.50	....
Confectioners' A	5.46	....
No. 1	5.10	5.22
No. 2	5.20	5.22
No. 3	5.20	5.22
No. 4	5.15	5.22
No. 5	5.15	5.17
No. 6	5.05	5.07
No. 7	4.98	5.02
No. 8	5.00	4.97
No. 9	4.90	4.92
No. 10	4.85	4.87
No. 11	4.80	4.82
No. 12	4.75	4.77
No. 13	4.70	4.72
No. 14	4.65	4.67

GRAIN.

WHEAT—	
No. 2 red and longberry	$1 18
No. 3 red and longberry	1 16
Rejected 2@8c less; on levee 1½c less.	
CORN—	
No. 3 white	58½
No. 3 mixed	57½
OATS—	
No. 3 white	36
No. 2 mixed	34½
RYE—	
No. 2 Western	88½
No. 2 Northwestern	82½

The prices for wheat are those paid by dealers; the quotations for corn, oats and rye are selling prices.

PROVISIONS.

MESS PORK—$11.

HAMS—Choice sugar-cured, light and special cure 12¼@13c; heavy to medium 11¼@12c.

BACON—Clear rib sides 10½c; regular clear sides 10¼c; breakfast bacon 14@16c; sugar-cured shoulders 8¼c; bacon, extra 10c; bellies, light 11c; heavy 11c.

LARD—Prime steam in tierces 7⅝c; choice leaf in tierces 8⅝c, in tubs 9c; pure leaf lard in tierces 9¼c, in tubs 9⅜c, in firkins 9⅝c.

BULK MEATS—Ribs 9c; regular clear 9c; extra short 9c.

DRIED BEEF—12½c.

IRON AND HARDWARE.

IRON BARS—$1.65@1.75 for base.

TOOL STEEL—8c to 15c for base.

SOFT STEEL—$2.20 for base.

STEEL ROOFING—Corrugated $2.10@2.15; V-crimped $2.25@2.30 per square.

BLACK SHEETS—No. 10 $2; No. 12 $2.10; No. 14 $2.25; No. 16 $2.35; Nos. 18 and 20 $2.50; Nos. 22 and 24 $2.70; No. 26 $2.80; No. 27 $2.75 per 100 lbs.

GALVANIZED SHEETS—70 and 10 per cent. discount.

CUT STEEL NAILS—$2.10 base.

WIRE NAILS—$1.95 base rate.

PLAIN BLACK WIRE—$1.90 for No. 9 per 100 lbs.

GALVANIZED WIRE—$2.25 for No. 9 per 100 lbs.

BARBED WIRE—Painted $2.10; galvanized $2.40 per 100 lbs.

HORSE SHOES—No. 2 and larger, Juniata $3.75 base; Perkins' $4 base; Burden $4.25 per keg.

HARROW TEETH—$3 per 100 lbs.

MACHINE BOLTS—70 per cent. discount.

CARRIAGE BOLTS—70 per cent. discount.

COTTON.

Middling 9 13-16c; strict middling 9 15-16c.

PRODUCE AND FRUITS.

These prices are wholesale.

BUTTER—Packing 11c per lb.; good country 14@15c; Elgin 23c in 60-lb. tubs, 23½c in 30-lb. tubs; Elgin lb. prints 24c.

EGGS—18c, loss off.

POULTRY—Hens 9c per lb.; spring chickens 11@11½c; ducks 11c; geese $5@5.25 per dozen; turkeys 10½@12½c per lb.

FRUIT—Home-grown apples $1@2 per bbl.; Northern apples $2.25@2.75 per bbl.; lemons $3.50@4 box; pineapples $3 case; bananas $1@1.75 per bunch; Northern grapes 17c per basket; California Tokay grapes $2.25@2.50 crate; California Malaga grapes $1.50 per crate; California Muscat grapes $1.50 per crate; California plums $1.50 per crate; Northern Niagara grapes 13c pony basket; Florida oranges $3.50 per box; crab apples $1 per bu.; pumpkins 10@20c.

VEGETABLES—New onions $1.50 per bag; leaf lettuce 60c per bu.; head lettuce $1; parsley 30c per dozen; egg plants 75c per dozen; hothouse cucumbers $1 per dozen; green beans $1 per bu.; home-grown beets 20c dozen; home-grown radishes 1[illegible]@15c per dozen; home-grown tomatoes 75c per bu.; Northern cabbage 60@75c per bbl.; home-grown potatoes $1.50@1.75 per bbl.; home-grown pepper 50@60c per bu.; Spanish onions $1.50 per crate; Michigan celery $2.50 per case, 40c per dozen.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Louisville.

(Reported by the Louisville Live Stock Exchange, Bourbon Stock Yards.)

Louisville, Oct. 24.—Cattle—The receipts of cattle to-day were 2,167 head, against 2,661 last Monday, 2,402 a year ago and 1,879 two years ago. There was a fairly good attendance of buyers on the yards to-day, but the general tone of the market was slow from start to finish. The bulk of the offerings to-day were of the common and medium kinds; not very many good cattle here. The market was steady to a shade lower than last Monday on choice well-finished butcher cattle, while on all other grades of butcher stock the market was about the same as the close of last week, or 10@15c lower than a week ago to-day; in fact, it was a sort of catch-as-catch-can market, with prices unevenly lower. There was a fair inquiry for the very best grades of heavy high-grade feeders, and the slopmen were buying good-weight sloppers at about the same prices as last week's close, while the plain rough feeders, lightweights and common, trashy stock cattle were a drug on the market, and when sales were made prices were made to suit the buyers, as the demand for such cattle was extremely light. The bull market ruled about steady; the canner trade was slow at last week's closing figures. Choice milch cows and fancy springers in good demand; others slow sale. The market was about steady on heavy cattle; not many here. At the close this evening a clearance had not been made; a great many common cattle carried over. The market closed very dull, and prospects are for a slow trade through the week.

Calves—Receipts of calves 126 head. Choice light veals in fair demand; best $5.50@6; other kinds slow sale.

Hogs—Receipts of hogs 5,050 head, against 7,897 last Monday, 4,086 a year ago and 4,508 two years ago. Under a good local and shipping demand the market opened early; heavy and medium hogs were 5c higher; lights steady; best pigs 10c higher, and roughs 5c higher. We quote: Choice, 165 pounds and up, $5.35; best lights $5.10; best pigs $4.85; light pigs $4.40; roughs $4.75 for the best. The pens were well cleared early in the day and the market closed steady. Not near enough good hogs here to supply the demand.

Sheep and Lambs—The receipts of sheep and lambs were light, 680 head. The market continues steady to firm on choice grades; best lambs $5@5.25; best fat sheep $3@3.25; common grades slow. No demand for stock sheep, as the season is over.

Quotations.

CATTLE.	
Extra good export steers	$4 40@4 65
Light shipping steers	4 00@4 40
Choice butcher steers	3 75@4 00
Fair to good butcher steers	3 00@3 [illegible]
Common to medium butcher steers	2 50@3 00
Choice butcher heifers	3 40@3 65
Fair to good butcher heifers	2 85@3 25
Common to medium butcher heifers	2 25@2 75
Choice butcher cows	3 00@3 50
Fair to good butcher cows	2 50@3 00
Common to medium butcher cows	2 00@2 50
Canners	75@1 75
Choice feeders	3 40@3 65
Medium to good feeders	2 75@3 25
Common and rough feeders	2 50@2 75
Good to extra stock steers	3 00@3 50
Fair to good stock steers	2 50@3 00
Common to medium stock steers	2 00@2 50
Good to extra stock heifers	2 40@2 75
Common to medium stock heifers	1 75@2 25
Good to extra oxen	3 50@4 00
Common to medium oxen	2 00@3 00
Good to extra bulls	2 40@2 60
Fair to good bulls	2 00@2 40
Choice veal calves	5 50@6 00
Common to medium veal calves	3 50@4 25
Coarse, heavy calves	2 50@3 25
Choice to fancy milch cows	35 00@40 00
Medium to good milch cows	20 00@30 00
Plain common milch cows	15 00@20 00
HOGS.	
Choice pack. & butch., 200 to 300 lbs.	5 35
Medium packers, 165 to 200 lbs.	5 35
Light shippers, 120 to 165 lbs.	5 10
Choice pigs, 90 to 120 lbs.	4 85
Light pigs, 50 to 90 lbs.	4 25@4 40
Roughs, 150 to 400 lbs.	4 00@4 75
SHEEP AND LAMBS.	
Good to choice fat sheep	3 00@3 25
Fair to good sheep	2 25@2 50
Common sheep	1 25@2 00
Bucks	1 25@2 25
Choice shipping lambs	5 00@5 25
Seconds	4 00@4 50
Good butcher lambs	4 00@4 50
Culls and tail-ends	3 00@4 00

(Reported by the Central Live Stock Exchange, Central Stock Yards.)

Louisville, Oct. 24.—Cattle—Receipts 531 head. The offerings to-day consisted of all grades from trashy common stuff to good heavy cattle. There was a good attendance of buyers on the yards to-day, but they wanted to buy at a shade lower prices on all classes except the strictly good butcher stuff, that class selling fully steady. The common half-fat cattle almost unsalable; it is more a question of buyers than price on that grade. There were not many heavy cattle on sale to-day, though the offerings were sold at steady to strong prices. There is a good demand for choice high-grade dehorned feeders at strong prices, while the common rough feeders are hard to sell at anything like satisfactory prices. There is no material change in the bull market; all that were on sale to-day were sold about steady. Choice large milch cows continue to sell readily at steady to strong prices. Thin, small cows are hard to sell at any price. At the close the pens were fairly well cleared, but prospects look bad on anything but strictly good stuff.

Calves—Receipts 39 head. The market is good on choice light calves, that class selling readily at $5.75@6.25; fair to good calves $1.25@5.25; common, coarse calves are slow sellers.

Hogs—Receipts 1,273 head. Both local and foreign packers were well represented, and everything was sold early at 5@10c higher on all grades; best, 200 pounds and up, $5.40; 160 to 200 pounds $5.35; 120 to 160 pounds $5.15; heavy pigs $4.80; light pigs $4@4.50; roughs $4@4.75. There were not enough hogs here to-day to supply the demand, and several orders were unfilled. Market closed strong.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts light. The market was strong on good butcher lambs and steady on all other grades; best fat sheep $2.75@3.25; fair to good $2@2.50; common $1@2; bucks $1.50@2.50; choice shipping lambs $5@5.50; best butcher lambs $4.25@4.75; fair to good butcher lambs $3.75@4.25; tail-ends $3.50@3.75.

New York.

New York, Oct. 24.—Beeves—Receipts 5,268; good steers 10c off; others demoralized and 25@40c lower; bulls steady to 15c lower; thin cows steady; others 15@25c lower; steers $3@5.50; oxen $2.75@3.75; bulls $2.25@3.75; cows $1.25@3.20; cables quoted live cattle selling at 8¼@12¼c per lb., dressed weight; sheep at 10@11c; lambs 13@13½c, dressed weight; shipments to-morrow 850 cattle, 1,075 sheep and 4,200 quarters of beef. Calves—Receipts 3,705; veals steady; grassers 25c lower; Westerns lower; veals $4.50@8.50; grassers $2.75@3; feeders $3.25@3.50; Western $2.72½@4.25; dressed calves steady. Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 15,014; sheep firm; lambs firm and generally 10@15c higher; some sales 25c higher; sheep $2.75@4.50; culls $2@2.50; lambs $5@6.25; culls $4@4.75; Canada lambs $5.50@5.75. Hogs—Receipts 9,345; market 25@35c higher; State and Pennsylvania hogs $5.60@5.95.

Kansas City.

Kansas City, Oct. 24.—Cattle—Receipts 18,700, including 850 Southerns; market steady to strong; choice export and dressed beef steers $5.25@6.40; fair to good $3.75@5.25; Western fed steers $3.75@5.75; stockers and feeders $2.25@4.25; Southern steers $2.50@3.75; do cows $1.50@2.75; native cows $1.50@3.50; do heifers $2.50@4.50; bulls $1.75@3.25; calves $2.50@6. Hogs—Receipts 3,600; market 5@7½c higher; close weak; top prime $5.42½; bulk of sales at $5.10@5.35; heavy $5.30@5.42½; packers $5.25@5.40; pigs and lights $4.95@5.30. Sheep—Receipts 8,000; market strong to 10c higher; native lambs $4.25@5.60; native wethers $3.25@4; native ewes $3@3.65; Western lambs $4.25@5.60; Western yearlings $3.75@5.15; Western sheep $3.25@3.90; stockers and feeders $2.50@3.75; Utah ewes, 108 lbs., $3.60; do yearlings, 96 lbs., $4.10.

Chicago.

Chicago, Oct. 24.—Cattle—Receipts 27,000, including 7,000 Westerns; market strong; good to prime steers $5.50@6.95; poor to medium $3.50@5.50; stockers and feeders $2@4; cows $1.50@4.50; heifers $2@5; canners $1.25@2.10; bulls $2@4.25; calves $3@6.50; Western steers $3.25@4.75; Texas-fed steers $4.50@5.60. Hogs—Receipts 22,000, estimated for to-morrow 18,000; market 10c higher; mixed and butchers' $5@5.60; good to choice heavy $5.30@5.60; rough heavy $4.85@5.25; light $5@5.40; bulk of sales at $5@5.30. Sheep—Receipts 30,000; sheep and lambs 10c higher; good to choice wethers $3.75@4.40; fair to choice mixed $3@3.60; Western sheep $3@4.40; native lambs $3.50@6; Western lambs $4@5.85.

Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, Oct. 24.—Hogs active and 10@15c higher; butchers $5.50@5.55; common $4.40@4.90. Cattle 10c higher; fair to good shippers $4.10@4.75; common $2@2.25. Sheep steady at $1@3.50; lambs easy at $3@5.90.

CHICAGO GRAIN.

Chicago, Oct. 24.—Possibility of war between Great Britain and Russia had considerable influence in causing a strong wheat market here to-day. Continued active milling demand was a factor of almost equal importance. At the close both December and May wheat were up ⅞c. Corn shows a gain of ⅝@¼c. Oats are a shade higher. Provisions are unchanged.

Shorts were active bidders for both the December and May options, when trading began in the wheat pit. As a result of the urgent demand initial quotations showed a material advance, May being up ⅛@⅝c at $1.14@1.14½. December was a shade lower to ⅝@¾c higher at $1.15@1.15⅝. The anxiety of shorts was due to a variety of reasons, in addition to the continued bullishness of the cash situation and possible world-wide complications resulting from the Russian Baltic fleet incident. Important factors were decreases both in Northwest-ern receipts and in the world's shipments. The fact that foreign grain markets showed gains had considerable effect on the market here. At the start offerings were comparatively light. In consequence prices rose rapidly, December quickly selling up to $1.16 and May to $1.15⅛. Realizing sales checked the advance and loaded the market with enough wheat to cause a temporary loss of the greater part of the early improvement. The market soon recovered from the setback, however, as a result of active support from a leader of the bull crowd. A sharp advance in prices at Minneapolis also contributed strength to the situation here. The Southwest furnished an additional large volume of bullish news, complaints from Missouri regarding damage by Hessian flies being quite numerous. The high point on December for the day was reached at $1.16⅝. May again sold up to $1.15⅛. Some realizing developed late in the session, but the market closed strong, with December at $1.15¾. Final quotations on May were at $1.14⅝. Clearances of wheat and flour were equal to 22,000 bushels. The amount on passage decreased 1,408,000 bushels, while the visible supply increased 1,236,000 bushels. Primary receipts were 1,362,400 bushels, compared with 1,367,100 a year ago. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 858 cars, against 1,067 last week and 1,090 a year ago.

Strength of wheat held the corn market firm, notwithstanding favorable weather from the maturing of the crop. Trading was quiet, the greater part of the business being of a scalping character. December opened ⅛@⅝c higher at 48½@48⅝c, sold between 48¼c and 48⅝c and closed at 48⅝c. Local receipts were 101 cars, with 4 of contract grade.

Under the influence of the strength of other grains the oats market held steady, in spite of considerable selling by cash houses. Trading was almost entirely local. After opening ¼c higher at 29c December ranged between 28⅞@28⅝c and 29c and closed at 28⅞@28⅝c. Local receipts were 162 cars.

A firm undertone pervaded the provisions market, the strengthening factors being the bullish hog market and higher prices of grains. Shorts were the principal buyers. At the close the January products were unchanged from last night, final figures on pork being at $12.55, Lard closed at $7.27½ and ribs at $6.55.

Estimated receipts for to-morrow: Wheat 107 cars; corn 137; oats 186; hogs 18,000 head.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

Articles.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
WHEAT—				
Oct.	....	....	....	$1 14⅝
Dec.	$1 15	$1 16⅝	$1 15	1 15¾
May.	1 14	1 15⅛	1 14	1 14⅝
July.	99⅛	99⅝	99⅛	99⅝
CORN—				
Oct.	....	....	....	52½
Dec.	48½	48⅝	48¼	48⅝
May.	45½	45⅝	45¼	45⅝
OATS—				
Oct.	....	....	....	29⅞
Dec.	29	29	28⅞	28⅞
May.	31	31⅛	30⅞	31
PORK—				
Oct.	....	....	....	10 92½
Jan.	12 60	12 65	12 55	12 55
May.	12 57½	12 57½	12 50	12 50
LARD—				
Oct.	7 32½	7 35	7 32½	7 32½
Jan.	7 30	7 32½	7 27½	7 27½
May.	7 37½	7 40	7 32½	7 35
RIBS—				
Oct.	7 15	7 15	7 15	7 15
Jan.	6 60	6 62½	6 55	6 55
May.	6 72½	6 75	6 67½	6 70

Cash quotations were as follows:

Flour—Winter patents $5.30@5.40; straights $4.90@5.20; spring patents $5.35@5.80; straights $4.60@5.30; bakers' $3.30@4. Market firm.

Grain—No. 2 spring wheat $1.14@1.17; No. 3 do $1.05@1.15; No. 2 red $1.18@1.19⅝; No. 2 corn 53⅝c; No. 2 yellow do 55⅝c; No. 2 white oats 31⅝@32c; No. 3 white do 29½@30½c; No. 2 rye 79c; good feeding barley 37½c; fair to choice malting do 41@52c; No. 1 flax seed $1.09½; No. 1 Northwestern do $1.15¼; prime timothy seed $2.60; clover, contract grade $12.15.

Provisions—Mess pork $10.95@11 per bbl.; lard $7.32½@7.35 per 100 lbs.; short rib sides, loose $7.25@7.37½; short clear sides, boxed $7.37½@7.62½.

Whisky—Distillers' finished good, on basis of high wines, $1.25.

On the Produce Exchange to-day the butter market was steady; creamery 15@21½c; dairy 13@18c. Eggs steady at mark; cases included 16½@18½c; firsts 18½c; prime firsts 20½c; extras 23c. Cheese easy at 10¼@10½c.

Receipts—Flour 16,900 bbls.; wheat 71,200 bu.; corn 72,600; oats 179,500; rye 6,200; barley 89,000. Shipments—Flour 27,100 bbls.; wheat 102,800 bu.; corn 152,200; oats 441,500; rye 8,000; barley 76,100.

GENERAL MARKETS.

New York.

New York, Oct. 24.—Butter firm; street price, extra creamery 21½@21¾c; official prices creamery, common to extra 13@21½c; do held, extras 20@20½c; State dairy, common to extra 13@20c. Cheese quiet; State full cream, small fancy, colored and white, September 10c; do choice October 9¾c; do good to prime 9¼@9½c; do poor to fair 7½@9c; large colored, fancy September 9½c; do choice October 9¼c; do good to prime 8¾@9c; large white, fancy September 9¼c; do choice October 9c; do good to prime 8½@8¾c; do poor to fair 7@8¼c; skims, full to light 2@8½c. Eggs irregular; State, Pennsylvania and nearby fancy selected, extra 30c; do choice 27@29c; Western firsts selected 21½@24c; average best 22½@23c; Southern 17@20c. Sugar—Raw steady; fair refining 3⅝c; centrifugal 96 test 4¼c; molasses sugar 3½c; refined quiet; crushed 5.65c; powdered 5.05c; granulated 4.95c.

Flour—Receipts 24,958 bbls.; exports 3,431; sales 2,100 packages; market dull, but firmly held; winter straights $5.45@5.65. Rye flour firm; sales 275 bbls.; choice to fancy $4.60@5. Buckwheat flour quiet; $2.05@2.25 per 100 lbs. Corn meal steady. Rye nominal. Barley steady.

Wheat—Receipts 1,000 bu.; sales 4,500,000 bu. futures; spot market steady; No. 2 red $1.22⅝ f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 Northern Duluth $1.30⅝ f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 hard Manitoba $1.07⅝ f. o. b. afloat. Corn—Receipts 67,250 bu.; sales 25,000 bu. futures; spot market steady; No. 2 58¼c in elevator and 58¼c f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 yellow 61⅝c; No. 2 white 58⅝c. Oats—Receipts 140,100 bu.; exports 19,977; spot market dull; mixed oats, 26 to 32 lbs., 34¼@35¼c; natural white, 30 to 32 lbs., 35@36½c; clipped white, 36 to 40 lbs., 37¼@39½c.

Feed irregular; spring bran $20; middling $20. Hay dull. Hops firm. Hides quiet. Leather and wool firm. Beef steady; family $10.50@11.50; mess $8.50@9.50; beef hams $23@24.50. Cut meats dull; pickled shoulders 7¼c. Lard steady; Western steamed $7.80; October closed at $7.80, nominal; refined steady; continent $8. Pork steady; family $15.50@16. Tallow steady. Cotton-seed oil barely steady; prime crude nominal; do yellow 27@27½c. Petroleum and rosin steady. Turpentine quiet. Rice and molasses firm.

Metals—Tin was lower in London, spot being quoted at £130 12s 6d and futures at £129 12s 6d. Locally the market was quiet, but showed a pretty steady tone at the slightly lower level. Spot is quoted at $28.50@28.85. Copper was firm, spot closing at £60 11s 3d in London and at £60 16s 1d for futures. Locally copper is said to be meeting with a better demand and rules firm, with lake quoted at 13⅛@13⅜c, electrolytic at 13¼@13⅜c and casting at 13@13¼c. Lead was also higher in London, closing at £12 7s 6d. Locally quotations have a very wide range. The Metal Exchange quotes spot at $4.35@4.37½, while some of the larger dealers are still quoting $4.25. Spelter was reported firm locally at $5.30@5.35. London closed at £23 5s. Iron closed at 50s 6d in Glasgow and at 43s 10½d in Middlesboro. Locally iron was unchanged; No. 1 foundry Northern $15.75@16.25; No. 2 do $14.25@14.75; No. 1 foundry Southern and No. 1 do soft $14.50@15.

St. Louis.

St. Louis, Oct. 24.—Wheat higher; No. 2 red cash in elevator $1.15⅛, on track $1.17½@1.18¼; December $1.15¾; May $1.15⅝@1.15¾; No. 3 hard $1.12@1.14. Corn firm; No. 2 cash 50½c, on track 51½@52c; December 44⅝c; May 43⅝c. Oats firm; No. 2 cash 29½c, on track 30@31c; December 30c; May 31⅝c; No. 2 white 32c. Lead firm at $4.20. Spelter firm at $5.20. Eggs quiet at 18c per dozen, case count. Flour quiet; domestic sales only; red winter patents $5.50@5.60; special brands higher; extra fancy and straight $5@5.35; clear $4.25@4.50. Timothy seed steady at $2.55@2.85. Corn meal steady at $2.75. Bran dull and easy; sacked on east track 82@87c. Hay dull and heavy; timothy $8@12.50; prairie $5@9.50. Whisky steady at $1.25. Iron cotton ties 95c. Bagging 7½@7¾c. Hemp twine 7c. Pork higher; jobbing $11.17½. Lard steady; prime steam $7.05. Bacon steady; boxed, extra shorts $8.75; clear ribs $9; short clear $9.25.

New Orleans.

New Orleans, Oct. 24.—Hog products quiet. Pork—Standard mess $13. Lard—Refined tierce 5⅝c; pure lard 8½c. Boxed Meats—Dry salt shoulders 8¼c; sides 8⅝c. Bacon—Clear rib sides 9¼c. Hams—Choice sugar-cured 13¾@14¼c. Coffee firm; Rio, 8s to 4s 8½@9¼c. Rice steady; screenings 1½@2c; head 3@4¼c; extra fancy 4⅝@5c. Flour—Extra fancy $5.50; patent $6. Corn meal steady at $2.60. Bran quiet at 95c. Hay—Prime $13.50@14; choice $15. Corn—No. 2 bulk white 56c; mixed 55c; yellow 57c. Oats—No. 2 bulk 38c. Sugar irregular; open kettle (new) 4 3-16@4 5-16c; open kettle centrifugal (new) 4¼c; centrifugal whites (new) 4⅝c; yellows (new) 4 1-16@4½c; seconds 2⅝@3⅝c. Molasses firm; open kettle (new) 33c; new centrifugal 14@28c. Syrup (new) 27@35c.

Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, Oct. 24.—Whisky—Distillers' finished goods steady on basis of $1.25. Eggs firm at 19c. Butter steady. Poultry steady; hens 10c; springs 10@11c; turkeys 14c. Cheese firm; Ohio flats 11c. Flour steady; fancy $5.25@5.45; family $4.45@4.70. Wheat firm; No. 2 red $1.22@1.23. Corn firm; No. 2 mixed 58½c. Oats dull and lower; No. 2 mixed 31½c. Rye firm; No. 2 86@87c. Lard steady at $7.50. Bulk meats quiet at $7.75. Bacon firm at $9. Sugar easy; hard refined 4.53@6.08c.

Kansas City.

Kansas City, Oct. 24.—Wheat—December $1.05⅜; May $1.06; cash: No. 2 hard $1.11@1.12; No. 3 $1.07@1.10; No. 2 red $1.2@1.15; No. 3 $1.07@1.11. Corn steady; December 41⅛@41⅝c; May 41⅝c; cash: No. 2 mixed 48@49c; No. 2 white 49c; No. 3 48c@49c; No. 3 mixed 48@48⅛c. Oats—No. 2 white 30@30½c; No. 2 mixed 29½@30c.

Duluth.

Duluth, Oct. 24.—Wheat—To arrive: No. 1 hard $1.23⅛; No. 1 Northern $1.21½; No. 2 Northern $1.14¼; on track: No. 1 Northern $1.21½; No. 2 Northern $1.14½; December $1.18⅛; May $1.17½. Oats—To arrive and on track 28⅝c.

Toledo.

Toledo, Oct. 24.—Clover-seed—Cash and October $7.35; December $7.37½; March $7.47½; prime alsike $7.75; prime timothy $1.25.

Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, Oct. 24.—Wheat—December $1.19⅝; May $1.19⅝; July 95½c.

Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, Oct. 24.—Barley steady; No. 2 55c; sample 36@53½c.

New York Dry Goods.

New York, Oct. 24.—The dry goods market remains firm, but with comparatively little increase in business, although buyers are taking more interest, especially in those lines which are scarce, and the number of those is constantly growing greater. The prospect of firmness, if not an advance, seems very general, although buyers are not anxious over the future.

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OF REPUBLICANS STRICKEN FROM REGISTRATION BOOKS.

Evidences of Effort To Record Negroes Illegally Continues To Assert Themselves.

So far in the registration purgation, which has been in progress for more than a week in the County Court, the names of 102 persons registered as Republicans have been marked doubtful or struck off the poll books on information furnished by Democratic workers. Of the total number passed upon, sixty have been marked doubtful and forty-two stricken from the books.

The Democrats have still a long list of complaints to make against names which they feel satisfied have been registered fraudulently or without legal right. But ten original cases were tried yesterday, four names being struck off and three marked doubtful. The list of twenty-six names agreed upon by the Republican and Democratic attorneys in a conference Saturday as ones to be marked doubtful were all submitted to Judge Gregory yesterday. Ten of these, it was shown, have removed from their precincts after registration. Under the circumstances the election officers will have to pass upon their cases when they present themselves to vote.

Charles McCoy, colored, of 420 Twelfth street, whose registration had been questioned, explained his absence during the summer by showing that he had been to "Camp Kaintuck," in Canada, as a cook with the Louisville party who spent a month there. Will Slaughter, a colored ex-convict, produced a pardon signed by Gov. Bradley, and his name was not disturbed. The name of William Fishback, registered from 1325 West Walnut street, was struck off when it was shown that his home was on Belgravia avenue.

The following were stricken off for having registered in the wrong precincts: W. S. Coots, 800 Twenty-third; John Taylor, 810 East Jefferson; G. A. Brucher, 432 East Chestnut. The following were marked doubtful: T. T. Savage, 2007 Seventh; Albert Seebolt, 1644 Twenty-third; Jacob Meyer, 1604 Maiden Lane. Motion to strike off the name of Pat Sheehy, of 1450 Story avenue, was overruled. His registration was questioned because he ate on one side of a precinct boundary and slept on the other. L. R. Holliday, of 1714 West Jefferson street, was struck off. He had registered in the wrong precinct.

NEW MAIL SERVICE WITH BOWLING GREEN.

Better Facilities Arranged For Stations—Railway Clerks Named and Assigned.

Beginning yesterday train No. 10 on the Louisville and Nashville railroad between Louisville and Bowling Green was made a mail train. Mail service was installed on account of strong pressure from citizens of both Louisville and stations between Louisville and Bowling Green. No. 10 leaves Bowling Green at 6:10 o'clock a. m., reaching Louisville at 10:20 o'clock, thus giving an opportunity for answering mail sent to Louisville the same day. The new arrangement finds special favor with the people down the Louisville and Nashville to Bowling Green.

The local railway mail service office announced the appointment yesterday of George E. Crosby, of O'Fallon, Ill., and Ernest E. Evans, Louisville, as railway mail clerks. Mr. Crosby was assigned to the Southern railroad between Louisville and St. Louis, and Mr. Evans to the Louisville and Nashville between Louisville and Norton, Va.

A NIGHT TRIP TO ST. LOUIS.

Leave 11 p. m. via B. and O. S. W.
Sleepers (open 9 p. m.).
Free chair car 9:45 p. m.
Diner on for breakfast 6 a. m.
Arrives St. Louis 7:58 a. m.
Fastest night train via any line.
Stops at Washington avenue.
Get the best. Office Fourth and Main.
Day train leaves 9:10 a. m.

Marriage Licenses.

Marriage licenses were issued yesterday to the following: Luke Connealy and Nora Hanley, John Reed Williams and Elizabeth Watson Lindsey, Eugene J. Heuckey and Anna R. Kelly, George E. Gutenkunst and Lizzie Augusta Detzel, Dennis Keating and Sallie Sullivan, Theodore J. Ising and Carrie Seyller, Charles P. Lenhart and Amelia Ott, Henry A. Bender and Friedericks Toberer, Tom P. Peyton and Stella M. Wilson, Robert Chenault and Josephine Curl, Antone Wagner and Mary Bleuel, Charles Leo Borst and Cecelia Wittenauer, Albert L. Hallenburg and Leone Ward Staut.

DIVORCE

Suit Filed Against Paul E. Will.

HIS WIFE CHARGES CRUELTY.

CASE TO RECOVER DRAUDT'S SHORTAGE ON TRIAL.

HEADLEY'S ACTION DISMISSED

Unreasonable jealousy is ascribed as the disturbing cause in a suit for divorce from bed and board brought yesterday by May Bradley Will against Paul E. Will, who have only been married since June 22. The defendant is secretary of the J. P. Will Lumber Company and well known in a business and social way in the western part of the city.

The plaintiff, who was formerly Miss Bradley, has a wide circle of friends. Before marriage she was employed as a stenographer by Joseph McWilliams & Co. Charges of cruelty and abandonment are both set up in the petition. It is alleged that her husband left her August 1 and has refused to live with her since. The cruel and inhuman treatment, it is averred, consists in his circulating slanderous reports concerning her, charging her with improper conduct. The plaintiff says that she was formerly able to earn $50 a month as a stenographer, but that on account of her husband's alleged slanderous stories she has been greatly humiliated and prevented from securing employment at her occupation, and declares that since her husband's abandonment she has no other means of support. She asks for final judgment granting her $5,000 lump alimony and $15 a week pending the result of the action. The defendant's total fortune is placed at $15,000 in the petition. It states that he has $10,000 worth of stock in the Will Lumber Company besides holdings in the Portland Building and Loan Association and real estate. Judge Kirby granted an order restraining the defendant from disposing of his property while the suit is in litigation.

Recalls Draudt's Shortage.

Trial of the case of the Western Bank against the Fidelity and Casualty Company of New York was taken up in Judge Gordon's court yesterday. The plaintiff is suing to recover $4,046.62 from the bonding company which is the amount of Henry J. Draudt's shortage for the year beginning March, 1902. Draudt was the individual bookkeeper and the bond supplied by the company was for $5,000. Draudt's total shortage, which extended over a period of several years, was about $15,000. The bonding company refused to make good the bank's loss upon the claim that Draudt was short in his accounts before they had issued the bond, and that the bank had not exercised ordinary care to ascertain this fact. An effort is being made by the bonding company to show that while he had been bonded as individual bookkeeper he was really acting teller at the time. Draudt later pleaded guilty and was sent to the penitentiary for two years. After serving most of his sentence he was paroled.

Headley's Suit Dismissed.

The $20,000 damage suit of John W. Headley, Jr., against the Illinois Central Railroad Company for alleged false arrest and prosecution as a suspected felon was dismissed in Judge Field's court without prejudice. The defendant was arrested at Seventh-street depot, though when presented in the Police Court was dismissed. When his case was called he did not make his appearance, and his attorneys stated that he had been unable to locate or communicate with him.

Two Wills Probated.

The will of Magdalena Weisenberger, dated October 7, 1904, and probated yesterday provides that twenty-five masses be said for the repose of her soul. After these are paid for the rest of her estate goes to her brother, Joseph Seefried, and sister, Anna Suter. Joseph Seefried is named executor.

Margaret Conde by her will dated November 6, 1900, and probated yesterday, gives all her estate to her daughter, Anna F. Conde. No executor is named.

Report of the Grand Jury.

The following indictments were returned yesterday by the grand jury:

Malicious Cutting—Strother Hazel.

Housebreaking—Fred Hocker.

Unlawfully Putting Out the Eye of Another—John Bark. The defendant struck Neville Boland in the eye with a brick.

Louis Nevin, charged with malicious cutting; Sam Jennings, charged with malicious shooting and George Payne, charged with housebreaking, were dismissed.

Court Paragraphs.

—Alexander Johnson sued Bettie Johnson for divorce, alleging abandonment and improper conduct. They were married nine years ago, and the husband asks custody of their children.

—Jacob Gast and G. W. Gosnell sued W. T. Pitt for $62.82 on an apportionment warrant for the improvement of a part of Woodland avenue.

—John Ash sued Mattie E. Conn, executrix of G. W. Conn and others to enforce a mortgage for $350 on certain real estate.

—L. A. Brown sued Caleb Beck for $5,000 damages. The plaintiff fell into a cistern of the defendant, her landlord, and broke her leg.

—Fannie Cain, in the name of her father, D. L. Cain, sued Mrs. J. B. Browning, landlady of the plaintiffs for $500. Fannie Cain, who is a minor, fell into an alleged defective vault on the plaintiff's premises.

—The case of Pete Nicholson against E. D. Stair, owner of the Avenue Theater for $5,000 damages for alleged wrongful ejection, was dismissed in Judge Field's court. The plaintiff failed to put in his appearance and his lawyer had been unable to locate him.

—William A. Moore sued Mary Moore for divorce, charging improper conduct. They were married August 15, 1904, and lived together a month.

—Isaac J. Collins sued the W. E. Caldwell Company for $10,000 damages. While employed at the defendant's plant he lost three fingers.

Court of Appeals Decisions.

Illinois Central Railroad Company vs. Robert McMann's Administrator.—Filed October 13, 1904.—(To be reported.) Appeal from McCracken Circuit Court. Opinion by Chief Justice Burnam, affirming.

First—Witness — Disqualification — Convicted of Burglary—Instructions.—Where a witness who had been convicted of burglary testified in a case, it was error in the court to instruct the jury that "the unsupported testimony of an infamous witness was not sufficient upon which to found a verdict." A conviction of one for burglary does not disqualify him as a witness, and, while it was competent to prove the fact of his conviction for the purpose of discrediting him, the jury were the sole judges of the weight to which his testimony was entitled.

Second—Two New Trials—Verdict Not Sustained by the Evidence.—Under Civil Code, Section 341, prohibiting the granting of more than two new trials on the ground that the verdict is not sustained by the evidence, this being the third trial and verdict for appellee, we feel constrained to affirm the judgment, and it is so ordered.

Wheeler & Hughes, Pirtle, Trabue, Doolan & Cox for appellant; J. W. Wooten for appellee.

Edward Hely, etc., vs. Fred Hoertz & Co., etc.—Filed October 12, 1904.—(Not to be reported.) Appeal from Jefferson Circuit Court (Chancery, Second division). Opinion by Judge Burnam, Chief Justice, reversing.

First—In this action by appellant Hely against appellees for work done by appellant for appellees on the "Clear Water reservoir and filter house," the appellant claims as follows:

1. For work performed under contact $455.22.

2. Extra work in removing from the basin earth which had slid over the foundation for the retaining walls, $2,109.34.

3. Extra rock excavations, $171.13.

The appellees admitted the first item and denied the second and third items, and pleaded as a counter-claim as follows:

1. Amount paid out for cleaning basin, removing debris, muck, rock, etc., caused by appellee, which he contracted to do but failed to do, $3,131.94.

2. For 980.95 cubic yards of concrete placed in bottom of reservoir, caused by failure of appellant to comply with contract at $3.20 per cubic yard, $3,010.40.

3. For 71.62 cubic yards concrete curbing placed and used as pedestals for columns, by failure of appellant to comply with contract, at $3.20 per yard, $911.05.

4. For 854.78 cubic yards of concrete placed in division wall of reservoir by failure of appellant to comply with contract, at $3.20 per cubic yard, $2,671.37.

5. For 45.73 cubic yards of concrete placed in retaining walls of reservoir by failure of appellant to comply with contract, at $3.20 per cubic yard, $146.30.

Evidence considered, and

Held—That items Nos. 2 and 3 of appellant's claim are not supported by the evidence. Item No. 1, for $455.22, is admitted.

Of appellees' counter-claim, items Nos. 1, 2 and 3 are disallowed. Items Nos. 4 and 5 are allowed, but the price for the work done should be $2.93 per cubic yard, instead of $3.20, claimed.

Second—The trial court properly refused to transfer this case to the common law docket as any verdict which might have been rendered thereon by a jury would, on account of the complicated nature of the accounts between the parties, have been mere guesswork.

Thomas W. Bullitt, Samuel Kirby for appellant; Dodd & Dodd, Burnett & Burnett, Forcht & Field for appellees.

Commonwealth vs. Illinois Central Railroad Company.—Filed Oct. 12, 1904.—(To be reported). Appeal from Carlisle Circuit Court. Opinion by Judge Hobson, reversing.

First—Indictment — Nuisance—Obstructing Street.—The Circuit Court sustained a demurrer to an indictment which alleges that in the county of Carlisle and in the town of Bardwell, "at the time of committing the nuisance hereinafter complained of, there was and yet is a certain public street, same being a common highway in said town, called Jennings street, and which is the first public street in said town which crosses the Illinois Central Railroad Company's railroad tracks on the north side of the passenger depot of said company in said town * * * and that said railroad company on February 20, 1904, before the finding of this indictment and on divers other days and times within twelve months last past, unlawfully and injuriously did put and place its freight cars in and across said street, and did then and on other days and times there unlawfully and injuriously permit and suffer the said freight cars to be and to remain in and upon said public street and common highway at said crossing of said railroad tracks for an unnecessary and unreasonable length of time, towit: for the space of half an hour on each of the days aforesaid, whereby the public street and common highway aforesaid for and during the whole time aforesaid was wholly obstructed, so that the citizens of this Commonwealth were prevented from passing and using said street * * * to the great injury of and common nuisance of all the citizens of the Commonwealth," etc.

Held—That the indictment is good, and that although the charge in the indictment is general, the Commonwealth must on the trial be required to elect to prosecute for the obstruction on a certain occasion, and that it cannot prove a number of obstructions on different days, and submit them all to the jury. The indictment is certain that the offense was committed on Jennings street at a certain point, and by the placing of freight cars across said street.

Second—Election—When to Be Made.—The rule seems to be that the election should be made before the defendant opens his defense. If the defendant is surprised on the trial, or if before the trial opens he is unable to know what he is to meet, the court in the exercise of its discretion can require the election to be made in advance, so that no injustice may be done and a fair trial had on the merits of the case.

W. H. Hester, N. B. Hays, L. Mix for appellant; Pirtle & Trabue, Robbins, Thomas & Bridgewater for appellee.

Transferred To Galveston.

Ferdinand Waltz, well known in Louisville, who for several years has been an inspector located in Chicago, has been transferred to Galveston. Mr. Waltz married Miss Ella Bell Hayes, daughter of Edward Hayes, of this city. Mr. and Mrs. Waltz are expected to visit Louisville before they go to Galveston.

LEAPS IN RIVER TO SAVE HIMSELF FROM BURNING.

William Boes Went To Sleep Near Fire—Fishing Party Terminates Seriously.

A party of three young men members of the East End Hunting and Fishing Club, made an excursion to the island known as Willow Bar early yesterday morning, and although game was scarce, the young men found an amount of exciting adventures to amply repay them for their trip although the number of ducks found would hardly offset the cost of the clothing William Boes lost in a desperate battle with fire.

The party was made up of William Boes, George Zeiler, and Edward Trout. They left Louisville early in the morning hoping to bag a large number of ducks and return to their homes in time for dinner. After several hours spent in tramping up and down the sandy stretches of the island with luck which varied only as it became worse, they decided that a fire should be built. A heavy wind had been blowing all morning and its temperature was about as far from that of the balmy breezes of Florida as the North Pole is from the South. At least it felt that way to the discouraged gunners and a fire made of driftwood was soon crackling on the beach, throwing off a cheery blaze.

After spending several moments warming their chilled fingers and toes, Zeiler and Trout left the fire and wandered up the island, to spend their time searching for tiny shells. Boes would have none of this sport, and decided that a little refreshing slumber would aid him in the long tramp home. Piling the logs a little higher on the fire, he stretched himself out on the sand and the sound of his slumbers soon mingled with the crackling logs. One mistake was made by the sleeper, however, and this was realized when he was suddenly awakened by a tiny flame, which was creeping up the leg of his trousers. He shouted to his companions for aid. Trying to extinguish the flames with his hands for an instant, he found that his efforts would be futile and as his friends came dashing up, he turned and with a half dozen leaps reached the river nearly fifty yards away. Throwing himself into the water, the flames were soon extinguished, but in his haste to reach the river he had failed to notice that he was jumping into a "step-off," and in an instant, he was splashing and spluttering in an effort to attract the attention of his friends.

The latter were almost paralyzed with laughter at his predicament, and the young man was nearly drowned before they could reach him and drag him to shore. Home was reached late in the afternoon, and when Boes' wounds were examined it was found that they were not serious, but he will be laid up for several days.

JUPITER IN PERIHELION A STUDY FOR ASTRONOMERS.

Maj. Hersey Besieged, Questioners Varying In Opinion As To "New Light In Heavens."

Jupiter, the most beautiful and interesting of the planetary system, is just now coming in for an unusual share of interest, both by amateur and professional astronomers. It is in the perihelion now, and hence nearer the earth than it has been for twelve years, or will be again in that length of time. Six years hence it will have reached the alphelion, or the opposite end of its oblong orbit about the sun, and will be farthest from the earth.

Jupiter and Venus are both evening stars this month, and both are unusually brilliant from this planet. Especially is this true of Jupiter, which of late has attracted unusual attention on account of its size and brilliancy. It may be seen nightly rising in the east, and between 11 o'clock and midnight is almost directly overhead. Louisville astronomers are taking advantage of its close proximity to the earth and are studying from convenient points of vantage. Through an ordinary size telescope, or even a strong field glass, it may be seen and studied with advantage. Through such instruments its four moons are visible simultaneously.

"I have been asked a thousand questions about Jupiter this month," said Maj. H. B. Hersey, of the local weather bureau, yesterday. "These questions have come from amateur astronomers and from the 'laity,' and some of them are amusing as well as puzzling. I was called to-day by some one who asked: 'Can you tell me what kind of light that is we see about the middle of the heavens every night? We have a bet up and want you to settle it. One of us thinks it is a new star, and the other thinks it is an electrical experiment attached to a kite. Please tell us what it is.'

"I tried to explain that it is Jupiter, and to prove to him why it appears unusually brilliant, but the questioner listened attentively throughout, when he grunted and hung up the receiver. Judging from that grunt, he did not 'catch the idea.' I have been asked if it is a light attached to a kite sent up from Lexington by some military crack who is trying to locate the position of Kuropatkin's army."

Maj. Hersey says he was called up by telephone a few nights ago and informed by some local star-gazer that he had discovered, through an ordinary telescope, that there is a light on Jupiter that is not a reflection, but is giving off a brilliant glare from its own body. This question has been raised by eminent astronomers, but it seems that the real discovery of the Jupiter light has fallen to a local amateur.

Jupiter is thirteen times larger than the earth and hence the volume of its illumination.

SHARPENS RAZOR,

DECLARING INTENTION TO MURDER THE WHOLE FAMILY.

Tom Alles, When Arrested, Gleefully Tells of His Plan.

Coolly sharpening a razor, with which he claimed he intended to cut the throats of his mother and sister, Tom Alles was arrested at his home at 1068 Mary street by Patrolmen Reese and Spinner at 8 o'clock yesterday morning. The arrest was made after Alles' sister had run to the Fifth district police station, four blocks from her home and appealed to Capt. Schneider for aid, saying that her brother was about to murder the entire family. Alles was charged with lunacy.

Alles lives with his father, J. L. Alles, who is an invalid and only able to walk with the aid of crutches. He has been attracting the attention of his friends for several weeks by his peculiar actions, and after the family had left the breakfast table yesterday morning, they were much surprised to hear him announce that he was going to cut their throats. His mother, who is nearly sixty years of age, laughed at his statement, but when she looked at her son, she was terrified by the gleam, which she saw in his eyes. Alles stepped to his mother's side and placing his arm about her neck, said:

"I have a nice sharp razor in my room, and I am going to put a keener edge on it, and cut all your throats."

The insane man's father, who was in the next room, heard the threat of his son and shouted to him to take care. Securing his crutches, he made an effort to enter the other room to prevent any harm his son might contemplate. Hearing his father rising, Alles went to his room and rudely pushed him back in his chair, pulling his crutches out of his way.

Returning to the kitchen, the young man grabbed his sister, who is about twenty years of age, by the shoulder and told her that she would have to go with the rest of the family. Shrieking in terror, the young woman broke from his grasp and ran into the street. Breathless and scarcely able to speak from fright, she staggered into the station a few moments later and begged for an officer to come to her aid. "Brother has gone crazy," she said, "and is going to cut all our throats. We want an officer right away."

Capt. Schneider detailed Patrolmen Reese and Skinner to the duty and they reached the house as soon as possible. Young Alles was found in his room. In his lap was held a razor strap, on which he was busily engaged in whetting a razor, which already had an almost perfect edge. The maniac did not seem surprised at the entrance of the officers, and holding up the weapon, he said with a peculiar, gurgling laugh: "Ain't that a pretty razor? I'm going to cut all their throats with that."

Alles made no effort to escape arrest and was much surprised when the officers took him to jail. His sister, Miss Lula Alles, swore out a warrant late yesterday afternoon for the arrest of the young man on a charge of lunacy.

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